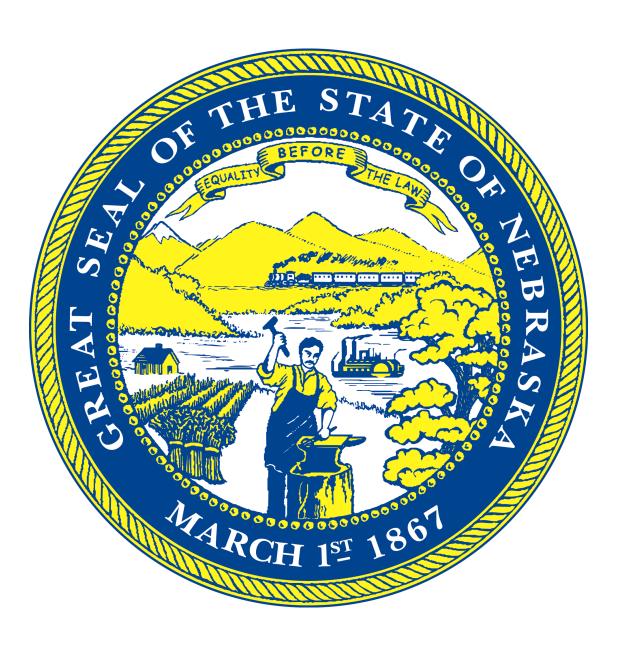
State of Nebraska

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



State of Nebraska

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2016



Pete Ricketts

Governor

Administrative Services

Byron Diamond

Director

Jerry Broz

State Accounting Administrator

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

State of Nebraska

SELECTED STATE OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2016

EXECUTIVE

Pete Ricketts

Governor

Mike Foley

Lieutenant Governor

Doug Peterson

Attorney General

Charlie Janssen

Auditor of Public Accounts

John A. Gale

Secretary of State

Don Stenberg

State Treasurer

JUDICIAL

Supreme Court of Nebraska

Michael G. Heavican, Chief Justice William B. Cassel, Justice Jeffrey J. Funke, Justice Max J. Kelch, Justice Lindsey Miller-Lerman, Justice Stephanie F. Stacy, Justice John F. Wright, Justice

LEGISLATIVE

Galen Hadley

Speaker of the Legislature Nebraska Unicameral (49 Senators)



Pete Ricketts, Governor

December 15, 2016

The Honorable Pete Ricketts, Governor Members of the Legislature Citizens of the State of Nebraska

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Nebraska (the "State") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This report is the primary means of reporting the State government's financial activities. The State of Nebraska's financial statements have been audited by the State of Nebraska Auditor of Public Accounts. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the State for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the State's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are fairly presented in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the State was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the State's separately issued Single Audit Report.

The CAFR has been prepared in conformance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements 34 and 35, and other related statements. This reporting model's objective is to provide a clear picture of the government as a single, unified entity as well as providing traditional fund based financial statements.

The CAFR is presented in three sections. (1) The Introductory Section contains this letter of transmittal and some information about the State and its operations. (2) The Financial Section contains Management's Discussion and Analysis, Government Wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements for Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and Combining Statements for Major Component Units. The Financial Section also includes the Notes to the Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information and various combining statements. (3) The Statistical Section contains selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the State of Nebraska. The State Accounting Division of Administrative Services assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the State has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the State's financial statements in conformity with GAAP for governments. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the State's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The State was admitted to the Union as the thirty-seventh state in 1867. Nebraska's government is divided into three branches: legislative, executive and judicial. Nebraska is the only state with a Unicameral Legislature, which has 49 members elected on a non-partisan ballot. The chief executive is the governor, who is elected for a four-year term. Within the executive branch are various departments and agencies that perform a variety of functions. Since Nebraska's Constitution generally allows no indebtedness, government expenses of such departments and agencies must be met on a pay-as-you-go basis. The State provides a full range of services including: the construction and maintenance of highways and infrastructure, education, social and health services, public safety, conservation of natural resources, economic development, and recreation facilities and development. An organizational chart of the State is shown on page 9.

The State reporting entity reflected in this CAFR is described more fully in Note 1.B. to the financial statements. It should be noted that the reporting entity includes the familiar government activities plus two component units, the University of Nebraska and the State College System.

Budgetary control of state expenditures is maintained chiefly by three processes. First, a budget is required to be adopted through passage of appropriation bills by the Legislature. Second, the appropriated funds are allocated by program and fund type and are controlled by the executive branch through an allotment process. The Legislature may also enact a supplemental appropriation bill and other appropriation bills as it deems necessary. Finally, the State's accounting system checks each expenditure to ensure the appropriation and allotment are not exceeded.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this CAFR for various categories of General Fund revenues and appropriated annual budgets. This comparison is presented on page 78 as part of the Required Supplementary Information to the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. Budget-to-actual comparisons for Cash Funds, Construction Funds, Federal Funds, and Revolving Funds are also presented as Required Supplementary Information on pages 79 through 82.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

In order to better understand the information presented in the basic financial statements, such information should be considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the State operates.

Current Revenue Outlook

The General Fund operations of the State are almost entirely dependent upon the income and sales taxes the State receives each year. Such taxes represent 94 percent of all General Fund revenues. Net revenue from income taxes and sales taxes from all funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 decreased \$64 million from the prior year, indicating that the Nebraska economy may be in correction.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 the State's General Fund ended the fiscal year with a cash and investments balance of \$1,336 million. The balance had exceeded \$800 million dollars for the prior eight years.

The current forecast for fiscal year 2017 anticipates net receipts in the General Fund to increase about \$87 million, a 2.0% increase over fiscal year 2016. No significant changes in revenue are anticipated in the other funds.

Economy of the State

The University of Nebraska-Lincoln Bureau of Business Research and the Nebraska Business Forecast Council remain cautious in forecasting Nebraska's economic future. The Council is projecting moderate growth for both the national economy and for Nebraska. The Council's June 2016 State forecast is shown on the following chart. The agriculture sector is a major force in the Nebraska economy. Farm income reached near record levels in 2013, and then dropped significantly in 2014 and 2015 along with commodity prices. Livestock prices also began to fall in mid-2015 driving a continued decline in farm income into 2016. However, Nebraska farm income is projected to adjust to normalizing commodity prices by the end of 2016, begin to grow in 2017, and then fall back slightly in 2018. Annual nonfarm income is projected to grow in the 4% range for 2016 through 2018 while employment continues to grow in the 1.2% to 1.3% range as population growth remains modest. Growth in vehicle sales and non-motor vehicle taxable sales is expected to produce growth in overall net taxable sales through 2018.

| | 1 | ACTUAL PROJECTED | | | | |
|--|---------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Nonfarm Employment: | | | | | | |
| Annual Totals | 980,400 | 992,900 | 1,006,300 | 1,018,300 | 1,031,500 | 1,044,000 |
| Growth Rates | 1.2% | 1.3% | 1.3% | 1.2% | 1.3% | 1.2% |
| Nonfarm Personal Income: | | | | | | |
| Annual Totals (in millions \$) | 79,566 | 83,152 | 87,002 | 90,506 | 94,438 | 98,393 |
| Growth Rates | -0.5% | 4.5% | 4.6% | 4.0% | 4.3% | 4.2% |
| Net Taxable Retail Sales Growth Rates: | | | | | | |
| Total | 5.1% | 3.2% | 1.3% | 2.2% | 3.3% | 3.8% |
| Motor Vehicle Sales | 4.1% | 4.7% | 3.8% | 3.9% | 4.2% | 4.1% |
| Non-motor Vehicles Sales | 5.3% | 3.0% | 1.0% | 2.0% | 3.2% | 3.8% |

Long-term Financial Planning

The State always is looking at least four years out in its analysis of the financial condition of the State in preparing the State's budgets. Currently, we have a working model of the biennium budget for fiscal years 2018 and 2019. In our analysis, we use forecasting models to forecast revenue and then examine major expenditures, especially those that have a trend of outpacing revenues. Revenues for fiscal years 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 are projected to increase by 2.0%, 3.3%, 4.2% and 6.3%, respectively. Note that the 2.0% projected growth for fiscal year 2017 comes after a 0.07% growth in fiscal year 2016.

Higher than projected tax receipts have historically boosted the state revenue forecast, the recently completed fiscal year 2016 being an exception. By operation of law, any revenue above the certified forecast is used to rebuild the cash reserve, which is intended to supplement weak revenue during recessionary periods. The potential for relatively large annual growth in expenditures for school aid and Medicaid presents a challenge in preparing a budget that keeps expenses within projected revenue. In addition, the growth in recent years in the prison inmate population presents an additional challenge due to increased operating costs and possible capital asset improvements. To ensure we do have a balanced budget, the State exerts considerable time and effort in reviewing the trends of future revenues and expenditures.

Major Initiatives

Major initiatives are to grow Nebraska by creating opportunity through more effective, more efficient, and customer focused state government. Priorities include efficiency and effectiveness, customer service, growth, public safety and reduced regulatory burden.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the State has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the State published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This report continues our commitment to comprehensive disclosure of the State's financial condition. We are committed to issuing reports that are informative and meet governmental accounting standards. Reports that meet these standards provide the reader with an opportunity to make more informed judgments about the government's financial position and results of operations.

The 2016 CAFR represents the continuous effort on our part to fulfill this commitment. We wish to express our appreciation to the accounting staff of the State Accounting Division of Administrative Services and the budget and accounting staff throughout State government for their assistance in the preparation of this report.

Questions or requests for additional information related to this report can be directed to the State Accounting office at (402) 471-2581.

Respectfully submitted,

Byron L. Diamond

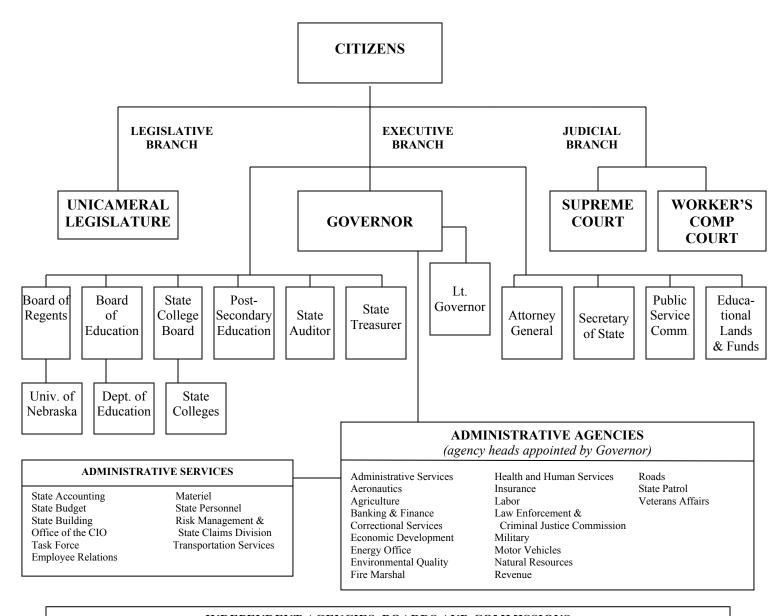
Director, Administrative Services

Gerald E. Broz

State Accounting Administrator

Guald E. Thon

Nebraska State Government Organization Chart



INDEPENDENT AGENCIES, BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

(agency heads not appointed by Governor)

Abstracters Board of Examiners

Accountability & Disclosure Commission

Arts Council

Barber Examiners Board

Blind & Visually Impaired Commission

Board of Examiners for Land

Surveyors

Board of Geologists

Board of Landscape Architects

Brand Committee

Corn Development, Utilization,

& Marketing Board

Dairy Industry Development Board

Deaf & Hard of Hearing Commission

Dry Bean Commission

Electrical Board

Engineers and Architects Board Equal Opportunity Commission

Educational Telecommunications Commission

Ethanol Board

Foster Care Review Board Game and Parks Commission Grain Sorghum Development, Utilization & Marketing Board

Historical Society

Indian Affairs Commission Industrial Relations Commission

Investment Council

Latino-American Commission

Library Commission

Liquor Control Commission

Motor Vehicle Industry

Licensing Board

Oil and Gas Conservation Commission

Parole Board

Power Review Board Public Accountancy Board Public Advocacy Commission Public Employees Retirement Board

Racing Commission

Real Property Appraiser Board

Real Estate Commission

Tax Equalization & Review Commission

Tourism Commission Wheat Board



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Nebraska

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



NEBRASKA AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Charlie Janssen
State Auditor

Charlie.Janssen@nebraska.gov
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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Governor, Members of the Legislature and Citizens of the State of Nebraska:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Nebraska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of Nebraska's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the University of Nebraska Foundation, the University of Nebraska Facilities Corporation, the UNMC Physicians, the University Technology Development Corporation, the University Dental Associates, the UNeHealth, the UNMC Science Research Fund, the Nebraska Utility Corporation, the activity relating to the Members of the Obligated Group Under the Master Trust Indenture, the Nebraska State College System Foundations, the activity of the Nebraska State College System Revenue and Refunding Bond Program, and the Nebraska State Colleges Facilities Corporation, which represent 44%, 36%, and 22%, respectively, of the assets, net position or fund balances, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of the College Savings Plan which represents 20%, 21%, and 17% of the assets, net position or fund balances, and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it

relates to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information for the College Savings Plan is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the University of Nebraska Foundation, the University of Nebraska Facilities Corporation, the UNMC Physicians, the University Dental Associates, the UNeHealth, the UNMC Science Research Fund, the Nebraska Utility Corporation, the Nebraska State College System Revenue and Refunding Bond Program, and the Nebraska State Colleges Facilities Corporation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the State of Nebraska's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Nebraska's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Nebraska as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 15 through 28, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 78 through 82, the Information About Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach on page 84, and the Information About Pension Plans on pages 85 through 101, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance

with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Nebraska's basic financial statements. The combining statements and introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2016, on our consideration of the State of Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the State's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the State of Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lincoln, Nebraska December 15, 2016 Philip J. Olsen, CPA, CISA

Phing. Ohn

Audit Manager

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of the State of Nebraska provides the following discussion and analysis of the State of Nebraska's financial performance, as reflected in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal at the front of this report, and with the State's basic financial statements. Numerical years refer to fiscal years with a June 30 year-end, unless otherwise noted.

The State of Nebraska (State) implemented one new standard in 2016 required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that had an impact on the June 30, 2016 financial statements. Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, enhances financial reporting by requiring measurement of fair value using a consistent and detailed definition and accepted valuation techniques with disclosures of the impact of fair value measurements on financial position. There was no restatement of prior year amounts as a result of implementing this statement. The State also implemented the following three new standards in 2016 that had no impact on the June 30, 2016 financial statements. Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, improves the usefulness and reporting of information about pension plans. Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, provides guidance on the hierarchy of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements. Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, establishes criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool may elect to use an amortized cost-based fair value measurement.

A comparative analysis of government-wide data for the last two years is presented in this analysis. Additionally, we are presenting an analysis of activity in the State's funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 along with an analysis of the State's capital assets and long-term debt related to capital assets.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

The assets and deferred outflows of the State exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2016 by \$12.9 billion (presented as "net position" in the CAFR). The majority of the net position is represented by the investment in the State's infrastructure and other capital assets, which cannot be used to fund ongoing activities of the State. Of the net position, unrestricted net position was reported as \$1.1 billion, most of which is available to be used to fund future needs of the State. The primary government's net expenses exceeded net general revenues, contributions and transfers for 2016 resulting in a decrease in net position of \$28 million. This decrease in net position follows an increase in 2015 of \$300 million

Fund Level:

General Fund revenues for 2016 were \$166 million below the original budgeted amount and below the final budget by \$112 million. Expenditures were \$420 million less than the original budgeted amount and below the final budget by \$314 million. On a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis, the General Fund had \$24 million in excess revenues prior to a legislatively mandated property tax relief transfer of \$202 million in addition to other financing sources causing a decrease in fund balances of \$216 million, and thereby decreasing the fund balance on June 30, 2016 to \$1,128 million. Other governmental funds expenditures exceeded revenues by \$27 million, chiefly due to market changes. In addition to these operating changes, other governmental funds received \$89 million in net other financing sources. This \$62 million net increase resulted in raising such fund balances at June 30, 2016 to \$2,698 million.

The \$488 million of net position of the Unemployment Insurance Fund represents 83% of the enterprise funds. Such fund had a \$24 million increase in net position for 2016 compared to a \$5 million increase in 2015, an increase in growth of \$19 million. Business assessment fees collected from employers exceeded the unemployment insurance claims in 2016. Business assessment fees from employers, net of unemployment insurance claims was up 33% over 2015.

Long-term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities shown on the government-wide financial statements totaled \$813 million at June 30, 2016, which is a \$95 million increase from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in net accrued pension liability. The remaining liabilities consist of claims payable for workers' compensation, medical excess liability, capital lease obligations, unemployment insurance, employee health insurance, and Medicaid, in addition to the calculated amount for accrued vacation and vested sick leave due to employees when they retire. After a retired employee reaches the age of 65, the State has no further obligation for other post-employment benefits, except for a very small number of employees.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the State's financial statements. The State's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This CAFR also contains other supplementary information (e.g., budgetary schedules and combining financial statements) in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide Financial Statements

These statements provide a broad view of the State's operations in a manner similar to the private sector, providing both a short-term and a long-term view of the State's financial position. The statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This means all revenues and expenses related to the fiscal year are recorded in the statements, even if cash has not been received or paid. If taxes are owed to the State but not yet received, such transaction is recorded as an asset (a receivable) and revenue to the State. Likewise, if the State owes for vacation time, but has not yet paid the worker for such vacation earned, then the liability and payroll expense is recorded. The government-wide financial statements include two statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* (page 31) presents all the State's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as "net position." Changes in net position over time may indicate the relative health of the State and this statement will assist users in assessing whether or not the State's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* (pages 32 and 33) presents information showing how the State's net position changed during the reported year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the changes occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows, using the accrual basis of accounting discussed earlier.

Both of these statements have separate sections for three different types of State programs or activities. These sections are Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and Discretely Presented Component Units. Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities are combined to report on what is termed Primary Government activities, which is separate and distinct from the activity of the component units. Fiduciary Funds, which include the Pension Trust Funds, are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Primary Government

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – Activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and federal grants. All General Fund activity is included here. Governmental activities represent 95% of all activity of the primary government. It includes general government; education; health and social services; public safety; transportation; regulatory services; and economic development and assistance.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES – Functions reported in this section include those activities whereby the State charges fees and other charges to external users of the State's services and purchasers of State's goods in order to recover all or a significant portion of the State's operating costs related to these activities, much like a private business. Such activities are unemployment insurance services, lottery tickets, premium surcharges for excess liability coverage, and the sales and services provided by Cornhusker State Industries.

Component Units

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS – These are separate entities for which the State has financial accountability (in which the State provides over one-fifth of their funding) but such organizations have independent qualities as well. The University of Nebraska and the Nebraska State College System are the State's only two discretely presented component units. While presented in this report, each of these two units has separate audited financial statements and such audited reports can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

This is the second set of financial statements presented in the CAFR. These statements are different from the government-wide statements in that some of these statements use a different accounting approach and focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of the State's operations. As previously noted, these Statements are commonly referred to as GAAP Fund Statements, as they are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Fund Financial Statements (which begin on page 34) provide detailed information about the State's major funds. A fund is a method of accounting that uses a set of accounts to maintain accountability and control over specific sources of funding and spending for a particular activity or objective. The State's funds are divided into three categories – Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds. It is important to note that each of these three fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be analyzed differently.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements – Most of the basic services provided by the State are reported in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the governmental funds financial statements use modified accrual accounting, which limits assets to cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. This is different from the governmental activities recorded in the government-wide financial statements that use full accrual accounting. These fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's finances that assist the reader in determining whether or not there will be adequate financial resources to meet the current needs of the State.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader can better understand the long-term impact of the State's near-term financing decisions. To aid the reader in such analysis, reconciliations are provided between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements (see pages 35 and 37).

The State of Nebraska's governmental funds include five major funds: the General Fund, the Highway Fund, the Federal Fund, the Health and Social Services Fund and the Permanent School Fund. Non-major special revenue, capital project and other permanent funds are also included in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements – These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Thus, when the State charges for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds consist of both Enterprise Funds (services provided to outside customers) and Internal Service Funds (services provided to other State agencies). Proprietary funds utilize accrual accounting, the same method used by private businesses. Therefore, the net position reported in these statements as Enterprise Funds will be identical to the net position reported in the net position for business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, because the Internal Service Funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements – Whenever the State receives funds on behalf of others, it is acting in a fiduciary capacity or trustee of those funds belonging to others. Thus, assets in these funds are restricted as to use and do not represent discretionary assets that the State could use to finance its operations. They are presented in these statements only for the purpose to indicate that the State has responsibility for these assets. For that reason, such assets are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The State's principal fiduciary fund is the Pension Trust Fund, which contains retirement contributions held by the State for state employees, county employees and public school employees (see Note 13 to the financial statements). There are also Private-Purpose Trust Funds whereby the State has control of unclaimed property and contributions from State participants received by the College Savings Plan. The State also has Agency Funds whereby the State holds funds earmarked as aid for other political subdivisions.

Component Units Financial Statements

As mentioned in the discussion of the government-wide financial statements, the State has included the net position and activities of the University of Nebraska and the Nebraska State College System in a single column of such statements, labeling them as discretely presented component units. We have provided separate component unit statements to allow the reader to analyze each of these two units separately beginning on page 44.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in all of the basic financial statements. The notes can be found immediately following the component units' financial statements beginning on page 46.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto, is additional Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in such financial statements. The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules reconciling statutory fund balances used for budgetary purposes to the fund balances determined by GAAP used in the Fund Financial Statements for the General Fund, Cash Funds, Construction Funds, Federal Funds, and Revolving Funds. Other information included is the condition and maintenance data regarding certain aspects of the State's infrastructure, and certain pension plan actuarial information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes the combining statements for non-major governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. These funds are summarized by fund type and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements, but are not reported individually, as with major funds, on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Also presented is a statistical section providing State data.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The State's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$15,118 million at June 30, 2016 as compared to \$15,089 million at June 30, 2015, as restated. As total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources only totaled \$2,253 million, net position amounted to \$12,865 million as of June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2015, these amounts were \$2,196 million and \$12,893 million, respectively, as restated. By far the largest portion of the State of Nebraska's net position (68 percent) reflects the State's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure – highways, bridges, dams, etc.). The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; thus, these assets are not available for future spending.

Restricted net position is subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how it can be used. It is also not available for future general government spending.

For Governmental Activities other than capital assets, the majority of the restricted net position consists of the Permanent School Trust, the Tobacco Settlement Trust, the Intergovernmental Trust and the loans to political subdivisions for drinking water and clean water projects.

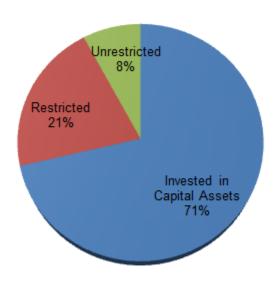
The net position for business-type activities chiefly represents cash set aside for future unemployment insurance benefits.

STATE OF NEBRASKA Net Position as of June 30

(in millions of dollars)

| | | Goveri Acti | nment vities | al | Busine Acti | ess-typ vities | oe | Total Primary Government | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------------|-----------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|------|-----------------------------|--------|----|--------|--|--|
| | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | |
| Current and Other | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| Non-current Assets | \$ | 5,450 | \$ | 5,701 | \$ 644 | \$ | 628 | \$ | 6,094 | \$ | 6,329 | | |
| Capital Assets | | 8,792 | | 8,689 | 7 | | 7 | | 8,799 | | 8,696 | | |
| Total Assets | | 14,242 | | 14,390 | 651 | | 635 | | 14,893 | | 15,025 | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 225 | | 64 | | | | | 225 | | 64 | | |
| Non-current Liabilities | | 788 | | 691 | 25 | | 27 | | 813 | | 718 | | |
| Other Liabilities | | 1,225 | | 1,248 | 41 | | 47 | | 1,266 | | 1,295 | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 2,013 | | 1,939 | 66 | | 74 | | 2,079 | | 2,013 | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 174 | | 183 | _ | | | | 174 | | 183 | | |
| Net position: | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | 8,758 | | 8,674 | 7 | | 7 | | 8,765 | | 8,681 | | |
| Restricted | | 2,553 | | 2,501 | 490 | | 466 | | 3,043 | | 2,967 | | |
| Unrestricted | _ | 969 | | 1,157 | 88 | | 88 | | 1,057 | | 1,245 | | |
| Total Net Position(as restated) | \$ | 12,280 | \$ | 12,332 | \$ 585 | \$ | 561 | \$ | 12,865 | \$ | 12,893 | | |

Governmental Activities Net Postion - Total \$12,280 million



Approximately 76% of the State's non-capital assets consist of cash and investments. It should be noted that \$95 million in 2016 and \$139 million in 2015 of such assets represent "Securities Lending Collateral," an amount established in accordance with GASB guidelines to record a lending transaction. Since the asset is offset by a corresponding equal liability, the effect on net position is zero and thus the asset cannot be spent. (For more detail, see Note 2 to the financial statements.) Receivables, chiefly from taxes and the federal government, represent 17% of the non-capital assets.

Liabilities largely reflect three groupings which represent 96% of total State liabilities, not including the obligations under securities lending explained in the above paragraph. These are operational payables, which consist of accounts payable

and accrued liabilities totaling \$684 million in 2016 (\$703 million in 2015); tax refunds payable of \$399 million (\$381 million in 2015); and long-term payables, discussed in the following paragraph.

Since the State's Constitution generally prohibits the State from incurring debt, the Statement of Net Position presents few long-term liabilities (shown as noncurrent liabilities), which total \$813 million in 2016 (\$718 million in 2015). The majority of such liabilities are for claims payable for workers' compensation, medical excess liability, capital lease obligations, unemployment insurance, and employee health insurance totaling \$99 million in 2016 (\$105 million in 2015), Medicaid claims for \$209 million in 2016 (\$176 million in 2015), the State's liability for pension funds of \$337 million in 2016 (\$289 million in 2015), and the calculated amount for vested sick leave due to employees when they retire and accrued vacation of \$132 million in 2016 (\$132 million for 2015). Another minor amount of long-term liabilities consists of capital lease obligations (See Note 8 to the Financial Statements), which totaled \$35 million at June 30, 2016, compared to \$15 million at June 30, 2016.

The \$52 million decrease in net position of Governmental Activities for 2016, was due to a \$84 million increase in the net investment in capital assets, a \$52 million increase in restricted net position, and a \$188 million decrease in unrestricted net position. The major source of the decrease was a \$15 million decrease in taxes collected.

At the end of June 30, 2016, the State reported a positive balance in all of the three categories of net position.

Changes in Net Position

The condensed financial information on the following page was derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net position changed during the year. Following that table is management's analysis of the changes in net position for 2016, analyzing both the governmental activities and the business-type activities.

STATE OF NEBRASKA CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

(in millions of dollars)

| | Governmental Business-type Total Prima Activities Activities Government | | | | \$ 91 2,71 4,96 16 8,75 63 14 | | | | | | |
|---|---|----|-----------|----|-------------------------------|----|------|----|--------|----|--------------|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2015 |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 617 | \$ | 612 | \$ | 295 | \$ | 284 | \$ | 912 | \$ | 896 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 2,719 | | 2,648 | | - | | - | | 2,719 | | 2,648 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | - | | 3 | | - | | - | | - | | 3 |
| General Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | 4,961 | | 4,976 | | - | | - | | , | | 4,976 |
| Unrestricted Investment Earnings | 145 | | 89 | | 16 | | 12 | | | | 101 |
| Miscellaneous | 2 | | 1 | | - 011 | _ | - | _ | 2 | _ | 0.005 |
| Total Revenues | 8,444 | | 8,329 | | 311 | _ | 296 | _ | 8,755 | _ | 8,625 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 632 | | 548 | | - | | - | | 632 | | 548 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 144 | | 150 | | - | | - | | | | 150 |
| Culture - Recreation | 37 100 | | 32 108 | | - | | - | | 37 | | 32 |
| Economic Development and Assistance Education | 1,800 | | 1,724 | | - | | - | | | | 108 1,724 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and Universities | 676 | | 651 | | - | | - | | 676 | | 651 |
| Health and Social Services | 3,478 | | 3,350 | | _ | | _ | | 3,478 | | 3,350 |
| Public Safety | 409 | | 408 | | _ | | _ | | 409 | | 408 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 118 | | 125 | | _ | | _ | | 118 | | 125 |
| Transportation | 1,096 | | 982 | | _ | | _ | | 1,096 | | 982 |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | | | 1 | | _ | | _ | | | | 1 |
| Net Pension Expense | 80 | | 29 | | _ | | _ | | 80 | | 29 |
| Unemployment Insurance | _ | | - | | 79 | | 94 | | 79 | | 94 |
| Lottery | - | | - | | 136 | | 123 | | 136 | | 123 |
| Excess Liability | - | | - | | 9 | | 6 | | 9 | | 6 |
| Cornhusker State Industries | | | | | 14 | | 13 | | 14 | | 13 |
| Total Expenses | 8,570 | | 8,108 | | 238 | | 236 | | 8,808 | | 8,344 |
| Excess/(Deficiency) Before Transfers and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions: Permanent Fund Principal | (126) | | 221 | | 73 | | 60 | | (53) | | 281 |
| Net Transfers In (Out) | 49 | | 56 | | (49) | | (56) | | _ | | - |
| Contributions: Permanent Fund Principal | 25 | | 19 | | <u> </u> | | | | 25 | | 19 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position | (52) | | 296 | | 24 | | 4 | | (28) | | 300 |
| Net Position - Beginning (as restated) | 12,332 | | 12,036 | | 561 | | 557 | | 12,893 | _ | 12,593 |
| Net Position - Ending | \$ 12,280 | \$ | 12,332 | \$ | 585 | \$ | 561 | \$ | 12,865 | \$ | 12,893 |

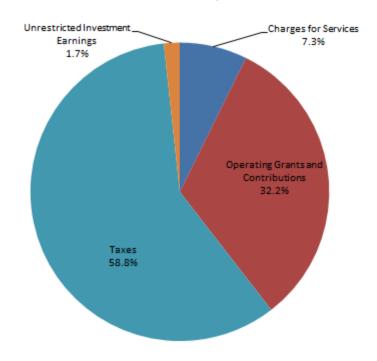
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the State's net position by \$52 million in 2016 (\$296 million increase in 2015) and represent 96% of all primary government revenues. Program revenues from governmental activities were \$3,336 million and were used to partially offset program expenses of \$8,570 million, leaving net expenses of \$5,234 million. Only 7% of total expenses were incurred for general government services. General revenues from taxes, investment earnings, and miscellaneous sources, plus contributions to the permanent fund principal, and transfers, totaling \$5,182 million, were \$52 million less than the remaining costs of the governmental activities' programs as shown below.

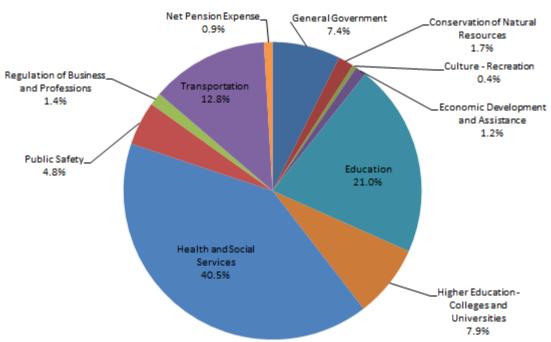
Tax revenues were down \$15 million, over 2015, compared to an increase of \$212 million in 2015 over 2014. Program revenues increased 2% from 2015, chiefly due to income from operating grants being up \$71 million. Increases in general government, education, health and social services and transportation expenses contributed to the \$462 million increase in program expenses. The change in Net Position decreased \$348 million from 2015 to 2016 compared to the \$228 million decrease from 2014 to 2015. While the General Fund has more investments than other programs, it maintains safer investments and actually showed an increase in investment income in 2016 over 2015 of \$33 million, which was a smaller change than the \$56 million increase for governmental activities as investment gains started decreasing during 2015.

STATE OF NEBRASKA Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2016

Revenues - Total \$8,444 million



Expenses - Total \$8,570 million



Four functional areas of the State comprise 82% of the expenses of all Governmental Activities: Education, Higher Education, Health and Social Services and Transportation. Education expenses were up \$76 million, Health and Social Services was up \$128 million, Higher Education was up \$25 million, and Transportation expenses were up \$114 million. All the other functional areas had small variances in net expenses.

Program expenses, net of revenue, increased by \$389 million in 2016, over 2015, as shown below:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(in millions of dollars)

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Program Expenses, Net of Revenue | | |
| General Government | \$ (532) | \$ (424) |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | (46) | (44) |
| Culture - Recreation | (7) | (6) |
| Economic Development and Assistance | (48) | (63) |
| Education | (1,375) | (1,323) |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University | (677) | (651) |
| Health and Social Services | (1,579) | (1,501) |
| Public Safety | (291) | (281) |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 14 | 17 |
| Transportation | (613) | (539) |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | - | (1) |
| Net Pension Expense | (80) | (29) |
| Subtotal | (5,234) | (4,845) |
| General Revenues | | |
| Taxes | 4,961 | 4,976 |
| Unrestricted Investment Earnings | 145 | 89 |
| Miscellaneous | 2 | 1 |
| Transfers | 49 | 56 |
| Contributions: Permanent Fund Principal | 25 | 19 |
| Increase(Decrease) in Net Position(as restated) | \$ (52) | \$ 296 |

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities increased the State's net position by \$24 million for 2016, which was net of a \$49 million transfer to governmental activities. Most of the \$295 million of business-type activities' program revenues were related to the business assessment fees in the Unemployment Insurance Fund and Lottery Fund revenues. The Unemployment Insurance Fund had operating income of \$19 million in 2016. This gain, when combined with transfers and \$11 million in investment income, produced a \$24 million increase in net position for the Unemployment Insurance Fund. Lottery revenues of \$179 million generated operating income of \$44 million, which was offset by a \$43 million transfer to Governmental Activities. The lottery transfer was used primarily for education and environmental studies.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the State's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and the availability of spendable resources. At June 30, 2016, the State's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,827 million. Of this amount, \$557 million is nonspendable, either due to its form or legal constraints, and \$1,983 million is restricted for specific programs by external constraints, constitutional provisions, or contractual obligations. Revenue restricted by enabling legislation, and public school land lease revenues are included in restricted fund balance. An additional \$844 million of total fund balance has been committed to specific purposes. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless approved by the Legislature. An additional \$46 million of total fund balance has been assigned to specific purposes, as expressed by legislative intent. The remaining \$397 million is unassigned and available for appropriations.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. The major General Fund liability is the estimated tax refunds payable of \$388 million. However, such refunds payable are \$29 million less than the expected taxes owed the State. Other assets of the General Fund available to pay non tax-refund liabilities exceed such liabilities by \$1,139 million.

On June 30, 2015, the General Fund had a positive fund balance of \$1,344 million. For 2016, expenditures increased \$246 million from 2015 and revenues decreased by \$31 million. The revenues were \$178 million less than expenditures for 2016 while revenues were \$98 million more than expenditures in 2015. The General Fund balance in 2016 decreased by \$216 million, after adjusting for transfers in and out of the General Fund, ending with a fund balance of \$1,128 million on June 30, 2016.

Revenues began decreasing during mid 2016 finishing \$31 million down from 2015. This decrease was chiefly due to a decrease in income tax revenue of \$59 million (a 2% decrease) from 2015, a decrease in sales and use tax revenue of \$22 million (a 1% decrease) from 2015, and increase in business and franchise taxes of \$24 million (a 40% increase) and investment income of \$33 million (a 127% increase) over 2015. Expenditures were less than budgeted due to continued efforts by agency heads to be conservative in spending. A net increase in expenditures was caused chiefly in five areas. Education expenditures increased \$50 million and Higher Education – Colleges and University expenditures increased \$23 million due to increased payroll costs. Health and Social Services expenditures increased \$92 million due to increased aid; General Government expenditures increased \$76 million mainly due to an increase in payments for property tax credits; and Public Safety expenditures increased \$15 million, mainly due to an increase in payroll for public safety personnel.

To compensate for any downturns in revenues, the State has maintained a budgetary basis Cash Reserve Fund. While this Cash Reserve Fund is commingled with General Fund cash in the General Fund financial statements, it is separate and distinct in that, by State Statute, it can only be used (1) when the cash balance of the General Fund is insufficient to meet General Fund current obligations and (2) for legislatively mandated transfers to other funds. Any money transferred in accordance with item one above must be repaid as soon as there is sufficient cash in the General Fund cash account to do so. No such need existed in 2016.

The Cash Reserve Fund balance was \$719 million at the beginning of 2015. In 2015, there was a net statutory transfer from the Fund to the General Fund of \$68 million and other net transfers in of \$77 million, leaving a Cash Reserve Fund balance at June 30, 2015 of \$728 million. In 2016, there was a statutory transfer to the Fund from the General Fund of \$85 million and other transfers out of \$82 million leaving a Fund balance of \$731 million at June 30, 2016. The Cash Reserve Fund is reflected as committed to economic stabilization on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental fund balances totaled \$2,698 million at June 30, 2016. Of this amount, \$556 million is nonspendable, either due to its form or legal constraints, and \$1,983 million is restricted for specific programs by external constraints, constitutional provisions, or contractual obligations. An additional \$113 million of total fund balance has been committed to specific purposes. The remaining \$46 million of total fund balance has been assigned to specific purposes, as expressed by legislative intent.

The three major funds presented as special revenue funds are the Highway Fund, the Federal Fund and the Health and Social Services Fund, with total fund balances of \$744 million. The non-major special revenue fund balances totaled \$1,000 million.

Governmental funds other than the General Fund saw an increase in fund balances of \$62 million. The fund balances of the following funds increased: the Permanent School Fund (\$30 million) and the other Nonmajor Funds (\$95 million). The fund balances of the following funds decreased: the Highway Fund (\$55 million), and the Health and Social Service Fund (\$8 million).

The Highway Fund had a \$13 million increase in sales and use taxes, a \$24 million increase in federal grants revenue and a \$85 million increase in operating expenses. These changes are mainly why the Highway Fund had a \$55 million decrease in its fund balance in 2016 as opposed to a \$27 million decrease in 2015.

The activity in the Federal Fund represents federal funds received, and each year's spending should generally approximate grant funds received. In 2016, there was an increase in federal grants and contracts revenue of \$26 million and investment income increased \$2 million. Expenditures in 2016 increased by \$16 million for Education, decreased \$3 million for Conservation of Natural Resources, decreased \$9 million for Economic Development and Assistance, increased \$35 million for Health and Social Services, and decreased \$12 million for Public Safety. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$13 million before transfers. Transfers out decreased \$14 million in 2016 compared to an increase of \$18 million in 2015. At the end of 2016 there was a slight increase in the fund, compared to a \$4 million decrease in 2015.

The Health and Social Services Fund consists of the Intergovernmental Trust Fund and the Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund, in addition to various cash funds. Such cash funds receive transfers from such trust funds, income from charges for services and some tax revenue, among other income. The funds had an \$8 million decrease in investment income in 2016 (chiefly due to changes in the market value of investments) compared to a \$48 million decrease in 2015. There was an \$8 million decrease in fund balance in 2016, as opposed to a \$8 million decrease in 2015.

The Permanent School Fund had an \$11 million increase in revenue, chiefly due to a \$3 million increase in investment income caused by changes in the market value of investments in 2016, compared to a \$67 million investment income decrease in 2015 (when compared to 2014). Expenditures increased \$4 million in 2016. There was a \$30 million increase in fund balance in 2016, as opposed to a \$23 million increase in 2015, a change of \$7 million.

The Nonmajor Funds revenues increased \$49 million compared to 2015. Expenditures increased \$8 million in Conservation of Natural Resources, \$3 million in Culture-Recreation, and \$14 million in Transportation. Regulation of Business and Professions decreased \$6 million. There were \$111 million in net transfers in for the Nonmajor Funds in 2016 versus \$95 million in net transfers in for 2015. As a result, the fund balances increased \$95 million in 2016 as opposed to a \$51 million increase in 2015.

Proprietary Funds

The State's proprietary funds provide the same type of information discussed earlier in the government-wide financial statements under Business-type Activities, but in more detail. The State's one major proprietary fund, the Unemployment Insurance Fund, reported net position of \$488 million at the end of 2016. This fund's net position increased \$24 million in 2016, because business assessment fees exceeded unemployment claims paid out by \$17 million, investment earnings of

\$11 million and other changes. Other proprietary or enterprise funds, the Lottery Fund, the Excess Liability Fund (the fund established to provide limited liability for physicians working in Nebraska) and Cornhusker State Industries (an operation that utilizes incarcerated persons to manufacture and sell items) had combined income of \$43 million prior to a \$43 million transfer from the Lottery's net income to governmental funds. Such transfer was used primarily for education and environmental studies. The Excess Liability Fund had an operating loss of \$5 million and earned \$4 million in investment earnings for a net position decrease of \$1 million.

Fiduciary Funds

The Pension Trust Funds represent the majority of the fiduciary funds. Such Pension Trust Fund's net position decreased \$12 million to \$12,931 million in 2016 mainly due to a decrease in the fair value of investments in 2016. Interest and dividend income in 2016 was \$162 million versus \$152 million in 2015. Benefits, refunds and related administrative expenses exceeded the contributions to the plans by \$185 million. In another trust fund recorded in the Private Purpose Trust Funds, contributions from State participants received by the College Savings Plan totaled \$381 million. The total net position in the College Savings Plan now totals almost four billion dollars.

ANALYSIS OF GENERAL FUND BUDGET VARIATIONS

Even though there is a relatively stable economy in the Midwest, in 2016 the State continued to rebound from the effects of the national recession. Forecasted revenues, upon which the State's budgeted General Fund expenditures are based, were anticipated to increase in 2016 by \$158 million over 2015 net tax revenue of \$4,190 million. Because revenues continued to show a decreasing trend during 2016, the State's Forecasting Board made two new forecasts throughout the year. At the end, the forecasted net tax revenues were \$54 million below the original forecast. However, that decreased forecast was still more than actual tax revenues of \$4,182 million by \$112 million, leaving the State with actual tax revenues, net of refunds, of \$166 million below the original budget on a budgetary basis. Agencies continued to watch their General Fund expenditures and spent \$314 million less than the final appropriated amount. This reduction, when coupled with the increased tax revenues, caused the State to finish 2016 with General Fund revenues of \$44 million more than expenditures on a budgetary basis, prior to net transfers out. There was a net \$239 million transferred out for specific purposes. The fund balance on a budgetary basis decreased from \$1,455 million at the beginning of the fiscal year to \$1,261 million at June 30, 2016.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the State had invested \$8.8 billion, net of accumulated depreciation, in capital assets as reported in the Statement of Net Position and summarized in the table below. Depreciation expense for 2016 totaled \$50 million, compared to \$48 million for 2015.

CAPITAL ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30 (net of depreciation in millions of dollars)

Governmental **Business-type Total Primary** Activities **Activities** Government 2016 2016 2015 2015 2016 2015 585 \$ \$ 585 Land 579 579 7 7 **Buildings and Equipment** 483 458 490 465 Infrastructure 7,458 7,330 7,458 7,330 Subtotal 8,367 8,374 8,526 8,533 Construction in Progress 266 322 266 322 7 Total 8,792 8,689 8,799 8,696

Infrastructure (roads, bridges, dams, etc.) is by far the largest group of assets owned by the State. GASB Statement No. 34 requires the State to select one of two methods to account for its infrastructure assets. One process is to record depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. The State has adopted an alternative method, referred to as the

modified approach. Under this method, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not record any depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include approximately 10,000 miles of roads that the State is responsible to maintain.

In assessing the condition of State roads, the State's goal is to maintain at least an overall system rating of 72 or above using the Nebraska Serviceability Index. The most recent condition assessment, completed for calendar year 2015, indicated an overall system rating of 84, a rating that has been very consistent over the past seven years.

For 2016, it was estimated that the State needed to spend \$306 million to preserve and maintain the roads at the above-mentioned level. The State actually spent \$441 million on roads in 2016, compared to \$348 million in 2015. For 2017, it is estimated that the State needs to spend \$317 million, a decrease from actual 2016 and a decrease from the average of the previous five years.

The State also spent \$133 million on capitalized infrastructure and land purchases relating to roads in 2016 (\$88 million in 2015), most notably reconstructing (a) Highway 77, Wahoo Bypass, (b) Highway 77, Fremont South Bridge, and (c) Highway 77, Broad Street in Fremont. Major land purchases included land purchased near five State highways. At June 30, 2016, the State had contractual commitments of \$761 million for various highway and building projects. Most of the related expenditures will be expensed and not capitalized. (See Notes 1.J and 4 to the financial statements.) These commitments are \$49 million more than at June 30, 2015 as a result of new highway construction and repair work being funded directly by the State.

During 2016, the State added \$77 million of new depreciable capital assets, both buildings and equipment. A more detailed analysis of capital assets is shown in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt related to capital assets is minimal for reasons previously stated. For further detail and analysis of long-term debt, see Notes 8 and 14 to the financial statements.

CERTAIN LONG-TERM DEBT AS OF JUNE 30

(in millions of dollars)

| | GOVERNMEN | 2016 <u>2016</u> 201 | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | | | | | | |
| Capitalized Leases: | \$ 35 | \$ | 15 | | | | | | |

There were no new bonds issued or outstanding in 2016 or 2015. Three new capitalized leases were added in 2016 (two leases were added in 2015). Bonds and Certificates of Participation for leases issued on behalf of the State maintain an Aa2 rating from Moody's. Standard and Poor's has issued an AAA rating for the State as a whole.

FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

Although state and national economies continue to improve, moderate growth in tax receipts is forecasted. Net General Fund tax revenues for fiscal year 2016 decreased 1.3% over 2015 and fell short of projections. Tax revenues for 2017 are currently projected to exceed actual 2016 revenues by \$87 million on a nominal basis. The State has a low unemployment rate and has borrowed no money from the federal government for the State's Unemployment Insurance Fund. The Legislature has responded to the market effect on defined benefit retirement plans by enacting legislation that improves both the short-term and long-term funding outlook for these plans.

The State does face a number of challenges in the coming years. National healthcare policy, including the potential for increased participation in the Medicaid program and the ongoing increase in healthcare costs present challenges to the State. In addition, the growth in recent years in the prison inmate population presents an additional challenge due to increased operating costs and possible capital asset improvements. There is also a need for continuous monitoring of the school finance formula to ensure sustainable growth in aid to education for K-12 schools, easily the largest General Fund financial commitment annually.

To help offset any future economic downturns, as previously explained, the State maintains a Cash Reserve Fund. As of June 30, 2016, this Fund had a \$731 million balance. The statutorily required transfer from the General Fund to the Cash Reserve Fund in July 2016 will not be made because the state fiscal year 2015-16 revenues did not exceed the certified forecast. However, other transfers since the end of the last fiscal year have resulted in a Cash Reserve Fund balance of \$681 million at November 30, 2016. Future significant statutory disbursements from this fund include transfers of \$43 million to the Nebraska Capital Construction Fund.

CONTACTING THE STATE ACCOUNTING OFFICE

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the State Accounting Division of Administrative Services, 1526 K Street, Suite 240, Lincoln, NE 68508, (402) 471-2581.

The State's component units issue their own separately issued audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component units or by going online to their websites. For the University of Nebraska, contact the University of Nebraska, Director of University Accounting, 3835 Holdrege, Lincoln, NE 68583, (402) 472-2111 or online at http://www.nebraska.edu/administration/business-and-finance/accounting-and-finance.html. For the State College System, contact the Nebraska State College System, Fiscal and Facilities Management, Box 94605, Lincoln, NE 68509-4605, (402) 471-2505 or online at http://www.nscs.edu/.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





State of Nebraska

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------|----|------------------------|--|--|
| | | OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES | TOTALS | | | COMPONENT UNITS | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 279,599 | \$ | 457,592 | \$ | 737,191 | \$ | 675,751 | | |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | 475 540 | | | | 475 540 | | | | |
| Taxes Due from Federal Government | | 475,542 316,717 | | - | | 475,542 316,717 | | - | | |
| Other | | 221,591 | | 42,254 | | 263,845 | | 480,693 | | |
| Internal Balances | | (909) | | 909 | | 200,040 | | | | |
| Investments | | 3,669,511 | | 132,306 | | 3,801,817 | | 2,142,646 | | |
| Loans Receivable | | 345,493 | | - | | 345,493 | | 37,311 | | |
| Investment in Joint Venture | | - | | - | | - | | 385,080 | | |
| Net Pension Asset | | 6,153 | | - | | 6,153 | | - | | |
| Other Assets | | 36,219 | | 5,646 | | 41,865 | | 28,988 | | |
| Restricted Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 8,563 | | - 250 | | 8,563 | | 585,724 | | |
| Other Securities Lending Collateral | | 91,309 | | 2,350 3,216 | | 2,350 94,525 | | 17,260 | | |
| Capital assets: | | 91,309 | | 3,210 | | 94,525 | | - | | |
| Land | | 584,777 | | 315 | | 585,092 | | 141,702 | | |
| Infrastructure | | 7,458,524 | | - | | 7,458,524 | | 141,702 | | |
| Construction in Progress | | 265,771 | | _ | | 265,771 | | 452,930 | | |
| Land Improvements | | | | _ | | , | | 281,826 | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 1,201,817 | | 14,415 | | 1,216,232 | | 3,156,852 | | |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (718,577) | | (7,860) | | (726,437) | | (1,173,395) | | |
| Total Capital Assets | | 8,792,312 | | 6,870 | | 8,799,182 | | 2,859,915 | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 14,242,100 | \$ | 651,143 | \$ | 14,893,243 | \$ | 7,213,368 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | <u>*</u> | ,, | <u> </u> | 30.,0 | <u> </u> | ,000,2 .0 | Ť | .,,,,,,, | | |
| Deferred Outflow related to pensions | \$ | 224,590 | Ф | | \$ | 224,590 | Ф | | | |
| Deferred loss on bond refunding | Φ | 224,590 | φ | _ | Ф | 224,390 | Φ | - 7,674 | | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 224,590 | Φ. | | \$ | 224,590 | Φ | 7,674 | | |
| | Ψ | 224,390 | Ψ | | Ψ | 224,330 | Ψ | 7,074 | | |
| LIABILITIES Associate Develope and Associated Liabilities | œ | 640 400 | r. | 25 112 | ¢. | 604 202 | æ | 200 540 | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Tax Refunds Payable | \$ | 649,190 399,235 | Ф | 35,112 | Ф | 684,302 399,235 | Ф | 280,540 | | |
| Deposits | | 16,903 | | _ | | 16,903 | | - 14,021 | | |
| Unearned Revenue | | 66,896 | | 3,110 | | 70,006 | | 120,595 | | |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | 91,309 | | 3,216 | | 94,525 | | - | | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | - 1, | | -, | | , | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 260,057 | | 14,602 | | 274,659 | | 155,175 | | |
| Due in more than one year | | 190,972 | | 10,064 | | 201,036 | | 944,720 | | |
| Net Pension Liability | | 337,411 | | _ | | 337,411 | _ | | | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 2,011,973 | \$ | 66,104 | \$ | 2,078,077 | \$ | 1,515,051 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflow related to pensions | \$ | 174,221 | \$ | - | \$ | 174,221 | \$ | - | | |
| Deferred service concession arrangement receipts | | | | - | | - | | 14,523 | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 174,221 | \$ | - | \$ | 174,221 | \$ | 14,523 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ | 8,757,532 | \$ | 6,870 | \$ | 8,764,402 | \$ | 2,112,269 | | |
| Restricted for: | · | -, - , | · | -,- | • | -, - , - | , | , , , | | |
| Education | | 25,929 | | _ | | 25,929 | | 2,098,977 | | |
| Health and Social Services | | 546,819 | | | | 546,819 | | 2,000,011 | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | 629,420 | | _ | | • | | _ | | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | - | | 629,420 | | - | | |
| Transportation | | 214,898 | | - | | 214,898 | | - | | |
| Licensing and Regulation | | 109,736 | | - | | 109,736 | | | | |
| Other Purposes | | 186,818 | | 2,350 | | 189,168 | | 316,819 | | |
| Unemployment Insurance Benefits | | - | | 488,058 | | 488,058 | | - | | |
| Debt Service and Construction | | - | | - | | - | | 395,195 | | |
| Permanent Trusts: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonexpendable | | 552,285 | | - | | 552,285 | | - | | |
| Expendable | | 288,544 | | - | | 288,544 | | - | | |
| Unrestricted | | 968,515 | | 87,761 | | 1,056,276 | | 768,208 | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 12,280,496 | \$ | 585,039 | \$ | 12,865,535 | ¢ | 5,691,468 | | |
| TOTAL FIGURE | φ | 12,200,430 | Ψ | 303,039 | Ψ | 12,000,000 | Ψ | J,UJ1, 4 00 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

State of Nebraska

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Dollars in Thousands)

| | | | | | PR | OGRAM REVENUES | | |
|--|----------|-----------|----|----------------------|--|----------------|----|--|
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS | EXPENSES | | | CHARGES FOR SERVICES | OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS | | | CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ | 631,739 | \$ | 95,871 | \$ | 3,575 | \$ | - |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | 144,326 | | 39,476 | | 58,666 | | 189 |
| Culture – Recreation | | 37,118 | | 25,725 | | 4,207 | | 25 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | 99,611 | | 1,065 | | 50,331 | | - |
| Education | | 1,799,893 | | 51,790 | | 372,628 | | 470 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University | | 676,456 | | - | | - | | - |
| Health and Social Services | | 3,477,627 | | 124,134 | | 1,775,293 | | - |
| Public Safety | | 409,403 | | 37,731 | | 80,225 | | 262 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | | 118,005 | | 129,750 | | 2,494 | | - |
| Transportation | | 1,096,243 | | 110,984 | | 371,947 | | - |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | | 192 | | - | | - | | - |
| Net Pension Expense | | 79,670 | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u> </u> |
| Total governmental activities | | 8,570,283 | | 616,526 | | 2,719,366 | | 946 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Unemployment Insurance | | 78,747 | | 97,748 | | - | | - |
| Lottery | | 135,819 | | 179,473 | | - | | - |
| Excess Liability | | 9,010 | | 3,928 | | - | | - |
| Cornhusker State Industries | | 13,830 | | 13,505 | | | | <u>-</u> |
| Total business-type activities | | 237,406 | | 294,654 | | | | |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 8,807,689 | \$ | 911,180 | \$ | 2,719,366 | \$ | 946 |
| COMPONENT UNITS: | | | | | | | | |
| University of Nebraska | \$ | 2,211,066 | \$ | 1,062,379 | \$ | 373,267 | \$ | 6,514 |
| State Colleges | | 122,316 | | 49,702 | _ | 14,315 | _ | 2,153 |
| Total Component Units | \$ | 2,333,382 | \$ | 1,112,081 | \$ | 387,582 | \$ | 8,667 |

General revenues:

Income Taxes

Sales and Use Taxes

Petroleum Taxes

Excise Taxes

Business and Franchise Taxes

Other Taxes

Unrestricted Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Payments from the State of Nebraska

Contributions: Permanent Fund Principal

Total General Revenues, Contributions and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning (as restated)

Net Position - Ending

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| GOVERNMENTAL | PRIMARY GOVERNMENT BUSINESS-TYPE | | COMPONENT |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| ACTIVITIES | ACTIVITIES | UNITS | |
| | | TOTAL | |
| (532,293) | \$ - | \$ (532,293) | \$ |
| (45,995) | _ | (45,995) | • |
| (7,161) | _ | (7,161) | |
| (48,215) | _ | (48,215) | |
| (1,375,005) | _ | (1,375,005) | |
| (676,456) | _ | (676,456) | |
| (1,578,200) | - | (1,578,200) | |
| • • • • | - | | |
| (291,185) | - | (291,185) | |
| 14,239 | - | 14,239 | |
| (613,312) | - | (613,312) | |
| (192) | - | (192) | |
| (79,670) | | (79,670) | |
| (5,233,445) | - | (5,233,445) | |
| _ | 19,001 | 19,001 | |
| _ | 43,654 | 43,654 | |
| | (5,082) | (5,082) | |
| _ | (325) | (325) | |
| | 57,248 | 57,248 | |
| (5,233,445) | \$ 57,248 | \$(5,176,197) | |
| (3,233,443) | φ <u> 37,240</u> | (3,170,197) | Φ |
| - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (768,90 |
| | | | (56,14 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$(825,05 |
| | | | |
| 2,520,240 | - | 2,520,240 | |
| 1,827,206 | - | 1,827,206 | |
| 363,824 | - | 363,824 | |
| 133,620 | - | 133,620 | |
| 109,649 | - | 109,649 | |
| 6,404 | - | 6,404 | |
| 144,734 | 15,882 | 160,616 | 64,23 |
| 2,159 | 20 | 2,179 | 284,01 |
| - | - | , <u>-</u> | 676,44 |
| 24,712 | - | 24,712 | , |
| 49,414 | (49,414) | , <u>_</u> | |
| 5,181,962 | (33,512) | 5,148,450 | 1,024,70 |
| (51,483) | 23,736 | (27,747) | 199,65 |
| 12,331,979 | 561,303 | 12,893,282 | 5,491,81 |
| 12,280,496 | \$ 585,039 | \$ 12,865,535 | \$ 5,691,46 |

State of Nebraska

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | OFNERAL | | 010444 | FEDERAL | HEALT | | PERMANENT | NONMARIOS | |
|--|----|-----------------|----|----------------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| | | GENERAL FUND | | IGHWAY FUND | FEDERAL FUND | AND SO | | SCHOOL FUND | NONMAJOR FUNDS | TOTALS |
| Assets | | . 0.12 | | | . 0.1.2 | 02 | | . 0.112 | | 1017120 |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 82,659 | \$ | 12,503 \$ | 7,730 | \$ 5 | ,740 \$ | 2,480 | \$ 56,939 \$ | 168,051 |
| Cash on Deposit with Fiscal Agents | | - | | - | - | | - | - | 8,563 | 8,563 |
| Investments | | 1,253,670 | | 205,267 | 63,457 | 517 | ,671 | 813,666 | 815,780 | 3,669,511 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | 30,688 | | 5,025 | 1,484 | 13 | ,392 | 20,697 | 20,023 | 91,309 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | 416,623 | | 58,120 | - | | - | - | 799 | 475,542 |
| Due from Federal Government | | 3 | | 35,109 | 279,953 | | - | - | 1,652 | 316,717 |
| Loans | | - | | - | 16,513 | | 178 | - | 328,802 | 345,493 |
| Other | | 44,203 | | 8,512 | 40,684 | | ,520 | 75,036 | 18,757 | 219,712 |
| Due from Other Funds | | 60,060 | | 275 | 197 | 2 | ,820 | - | 1,986 | 65,338 |
| Inventories | | 618 | | 2,755 | 124 | | 102 | - | 237 | 3,836 |
| Prepaid Items | | 469 | | - | 22 | | - | - | 195 | 686 |
| Other | | 540 | | | | | | 25,842 | 3,341 | 29,723 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 1,889,533 | \$ | 327,566 \$ | 410,164 | \$ 572 | ,423 \$ | 937,721 | \$ 1,257,074 \$ | 5,394,481 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 131,396 | \$ | 97,327 \$ | 178,122 | \$ 11 | ,229 \$ | 124,412 | \$ 45,734 \$ | 588,220 |
| Tax Refunds Payable | | 387,722 | | 11,513 | - | | - | - | - | 399,235 |
| Deposits | | 541 | | 1,659 | 10,069 | | 676 | 229 | 3,729 | 16,903 |
| Due to Other Funds | | 63,405 | | 4,177 | 70,010 | | 355 | 18 | 14,347 | 152,312 |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | 30,688 | | 5,025 | 1,484 | 13 | ,392 | 20,697 | 20,023 | 91,309 |
| Claims Payable | | 104,060 | | - | 90,959 | | - | - | - | 195,019 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 3,621 | | <u>-</u> | 51,212 | | 26 | 11,369 | - | 66,228 |
| Total Liabilities | _ | 721,433 | | 119,701 | 401,856 | 25 | ,678 | 156,725 | 83,833 | 1,509,226 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues not yet available | _ | 39,689 | | - | - | 18 | ,766 | - | - | 58,455 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inventories and Prepaid Items | | 1,087 | | 2,755 | 146 | | 102 | - | 432 | 4,522 |
| Endowment Principal | | - | | - | - | | - | 532,770 | 19,515 | 552,285 |
| Restricted | | - | | 205,110 | 8,162 | 527 | ,322 | 248,226 | 994,578 | 1,983,398 |
| Committed | | 730,655 | | - | - | | - | - | 113,034 | 843,689 |
| Assigned | | - | | - | - | | 555 | - | 45,682 | 46,237 |
| Unassigned | _ | 396,669 | | | | | | - | | 396,669 |
| Total Fund Balances | _ | 1,128,411 | | 207,865 | 8,308 | 527 | ,979 | 780,996 | 1,173,241 | 3,826,800 |
| Tatal I falsifitias Defended before of December | _ | | _ | | · | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource | 5 | | | | | | | | | |

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

(Dollars in Thousands)

| Total fund balances for governmental funds | | \$ 3,826,800 |
|---|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of: | | |
| Land Infrastructure Construction in progress Other capital assets | 584,777 7,458,524 265,771 1,091,890 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (642,454) | 8,758,508 |
| Certain tax revenues and charges are earned but not available and therefore are unearned in the funds. | | 58,455 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. | | 59,303 |
| Deferred Inflows and Outflows related to Pension, they are not related to governmental funds. These Deferred Inflows & Outflows consist of: | | |
| Deferred Inflows related to Pension | (174,221) | |
| Deferred Outflows related to Pension | 224,590 | 50,369 |
| Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of: | | |
| Capital leases Compensated absences Net pension liability/asset Claims and judgments | (460) (126,930) (331,258) (14,291) | (472,939) |
| - | (11,201) | (112,000) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 12,280,496 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | HEALTH | PERMANENT | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | GENERAL FUND | HIGHWAY FUND | FEDERAL FUND | AND SOCIAL SERVICES | SCHOOL FUND | NONMAJOR FUNDS | TOTALS |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$ 2,513,438 \$ | - \$ | - | \$ 4,099 | \$ - | \$ - \$ | 2,517,537 |
| Sales and Use Taxes | 1,526,973 | 283,111 | - | - | - | 18,381 | 1,828,465 |
| Petroleum Taxes | - | 350,424 | - | - | 1,872 | 13,399 | 365,695 |
| Excise Taxes | 70,340 | - | - | 9,208 | - | 54,072 | 133,620 |
| Business and Franchise Taxes | 82,870 | _ | _ | - | _ | 26,779 | 109,649 |
| Other Taxes | (433) | 2,602 | _ | _ | _ | 4,235 | 6,404 |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | `624 [´] | 343,377 | 2,331,589 | 103 | _ | 44,565 | 2,720,258 |
| Licenses, Fees and Permits | 19,380 | 90,473 | 640 | 57,107 | 855 | 154,281 | 322,736 |
| Charges for Services | 2,863 | 18,241 | 4,640 | 27,859 | _ | 59,381 | 112.984 |
| Investment Income | 59,389 | 8,593 | 3,242 | 10,054 | 24,700 | 35,919 | 141,897 |
| Rental Income | 2 | 477 | 3 | 407 | 48,937 | 25,115 | 74,941 |
| Surcharge | - | | - | - | - | 43,099 | 43,099 |
| Other | 3,110 | 2,738 | 3,482 | 12,609 | 22,823 | 23,418 | 68,180 |
| Total Revenues | 4,278,556 | 1,100,036 | 2.343.596 | 121.446 | 99,187 | 502,644 | 8,445,465 |
| Total Neverlace | 4,210,000 | 1,100,000 | 2,040,000 | 121,440 | 00,107 | 002,044 | 0,110,100 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Current: | E44.400 | | 0.000 | | | 70.004 | 000 000 |
| General Government | 544,163 | - | 2,939 | - | - | 76,291 | 623,393 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 34,022 | - | 31,195 | - | - | 80,001 | 145,218 |
| Culture – Recreation | 10,001 | - | 3,364 | - | - | 30,948 | 44,313 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 13,904 | - | 51,967 | - | | 34,136 | 100,007 |
| Education | 1,381,365 | - | 372,838 | - | 69,500 | 19,071 | 1,842,774 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University | 635,009 | - | 7 | | - | 41,440 | 676,456 |
| Health and Social Services | 1,541,615 | - | 1,787,149 | 128,857 | - | 19,453 | 3,477,074 |
| Public Safety | 292,976 | - | 79,101 | - | - | 45,708 | 417,785 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 3,670 | - | 2,197 | - | - | 112,027 | 117,894 |
| Transportation | - | 1,144,453 | - | - | - | 31,379 | 1,175,832 |
| Capital Projects | - | - | - | - | - | 28,174 | 28,174 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | - | - | - | 1,425 | 1,425 |
| Interest | | <u> </u> | - | | | 7 | 7 |
| Total Expenditures | 4,456,725 | 1,144,453 | 2,330,757 | 128,857 | 69,500 | 520,060 | 8,650,352 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (178,169) | (44,417) | 12,839 | (7,411) | 29,687 | (17,416) | (204,887) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | 67,228 | _ | 705 | 1,013 | _ | 180,815 | 249,761 |
| Transfers Out | (104,826) | (10,805) | (13,436) | , | - | (69,936) | (200,347) |
| Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements | , , | (10,003) | (10,400) | (1,544) | 64 | 1,428 | 1,492 |
| 3 3 | (37,598) | (10,805) | (12,731) | (331) | 64 | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (37,598) | (10,805) | (12,731) | (331) | 64 | 112,307 | 50,906 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (215,767) | (55,222) | 108 | (7,742) | 29,751 | 94,891 | (153,981) |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 (as restated) | 1,344,178 | 263,087 | 8,200 | 535,721 | 751,245 | 1,078,350 | 3,980,781 |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ 1,128,411 \$ | 207,865 \$ | 8,308 | \$ 527,979 | \$ 780,996 | \$ 1,173,241 \$ | 3,826,800 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Dollars in Thousands)

| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | | \$ (153,981) |
|---|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Sales of capital assets are reported as revenues. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: | | |
| Capital outlay Capital assets sold Depreciation expense | 132,951 (1,739) (38,240) | 92,972 |
| Bond proceeds and other financing arrangements provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current period, proceeds were received from: | | |
| Other financing arrangements | (1,425) | (1,425) |
| Repayment of long-term debt and other financing arrangements is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year these amounts consisted of: | | |
| Other financing arrangement payments Capital lease payments | 1,425 85 | 1,510 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. | | (8,794) |
| Because some revenues will not be collected in the next year, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources increased by this amount this year. | | 1,489 |
| Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: | | |
| Increase in compensated absences Decrease in net pension liability/asset Increase in deferred inflows related to pension Increase in deferred outflows related to pension Increase in claims and judgments | (420) (149,607) 8,489 160,749 (2,465) | 16,746 |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ (51,483) |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | JSINESS-TYPE | FUNDS | GOVERNMENTA | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|----------|--|
| | | MPLOYMENT ISURANCE | EN. | ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUNDS | 7 | TOTALS | ll ll | CTIVITIES - NTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 419,514 | \$ | 38,078 | \$ | 457,592 | \$ | 112,217 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | 21,493 | | 20,761 | | 42,254 | | 1,768 |
| Due from Other Funds | | - | | 1,013 | | 1,013 | | 39,803 |
| Inventories | | - | | 5,219 | | 5,219 | | 467 |
| Prepaid Items | | - | | 10 | | 10 | | 1,507 |
| Other | | | | 417 | | 417 | | _ |
| Total Current Assets | | 441,007 | | 65,498 | | 506,505 | | 155,762 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted Long-Term Deposits | | - | | 2,350 | | 2,350 | | - |
| Long-Term Investments | | 56,380 | | 75,926 | | 132,306 | | - |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | 1,380 | | 1,836 | | 3,216 | | _ |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | | - | | 315 | | 315 | | - |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 246 | | 14,169 | | 14,415 | | 109,927 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (246) | | (7,614) | | (7,860) | | (76,123) |
| Total Capital Assets | | _ | | 6,870 | | 6,870 | | 33,804 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | | 57,760 | | 86,982 | | 144,742 | | 33,804 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 498,767 | \$ | 152,480 | \$ | 651,247 | \$ | 189,566 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 2,984 | \$ | 32,128 | \$ | 35,112 | \$ | 14,336 |
| Due to Other Funds | Ψ | 2,504 | Ψ | 104 | Ψ | 104 | Ψ | 930 |
| Capital Lease Obligations | | _ | | - | | - | | 9,735 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | | 6,345 | | 8,257 | | 14,602 | | 43,794 |
| Unearned Revenue | | - | | 3,110 | | 3,110 | | 668 |
| Total Current Liabilities | _ | 9,329 | _ | 43,599 | _ | 52,928 | _ | 69,463 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | _ | 3,323 | _ | +0,000 | _ | 32,320 | _ | 00,400 |
| Capital Lease Obligations | | | | | | | | 24,585 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | | - | | 10,064 | | 10,064 | | 36,215 |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | 1,380 | | 1,836 | | 3,216 | | 50,215 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | | 1,380 | - | 11,900 | | 13,280 | | 60,800 |
| | <u>e</u> | | <u>r</u> | | <u> </u> | | <u>e</u> | |
| otal Liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 10,709 | \$ | 55,499 | <u>\$</u> | 66,208 | <u>Φ</u> | 130,263 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: | | - | | 6,870 | | 6,870 | | (516) |
| Lottery Prizes | | _ | | 2,350 | | 2,350 | | _ |
| Unemployment Insurance Benefits | | 488,058 | | - | | 488,058 | | _ |
| Unrestricted | | , | | 87,761 | | 87,761 | | 59,819 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 488,058 | \$ | 96,981 | \$ | 585,039 | \$ | 59,303 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUSINESS-T | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | UNEMPLOYME Insurance | | TOTALS | ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS | | | | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ 95,92 | 5 \$ 196,906 | \$ 292,831 | \$ 387,143 | | | | |
| Federal | 1,21 | 2 - | 1,212 | - | | | | |
| Other | 61 | <u> </u> | 611 | 1,557 | | | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | 97,74 | 196,906 | 294,654 | 388,700 | | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| Personal Services | | - 6,667 | 6,667 | 38,131 | | | | |
| Services and Supplies | 1: | 2 38,428 | 38,440 | 138,121 | | | | |
| Lottery Prizes | | - 104,645 | 104,645 | - | | | | |
| Unemployment Claims | 78,73 | 5 - | 78,735 | - | | | | |
| Insurance Claims | | - 8,417 | 8,417 | 212,957 | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 502 | 502 | 11,311 | | | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | 78,74 | 7 158,659 | 237,406 | 400,520 | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 19,00 | 1 38,247 | 57,248 | (11,820) | | | | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | 11,36 | 7 4,515 | 15,882 | 2,837 | | | | |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets | | - 20 | 20 | 366 | | | | |
| Other | | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | (177) | | | | |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | 11,36 | 7 4,535 | 15,902 | 3,026 | | | | |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | 30,36 | 8 42,782 | 73,150 | (8,794) | | | | |
| Transfers Out | (6,63 | 1) (42,783) | (49,414) | <u>-</u> _ | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | 23,73 | 7 (1) | 23,736 | (8,794) | | | | |
| NET POSITION, JULY 1 | 464,32 | 1 96,982 | 561,303 | 68,097 | | | | |
| NET POSITION, JUNE 30 | \$ 488,05 | <u>\$ 96,981</u> | \$ 585,039 | \$ 59,303 | | | | |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUSINESS-TYPE A | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE | NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS | TOTALS | ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$ 98,475 | 187,180 \$ | 285,655 | \$ 26,335 | | | |
| Cash Received from Interfund Charges | - | 10,397 | 10,397 | 352,269 | | | |
| Cash Received from Federal Government | 1,212 | - | 1,212 | - | | | |
| Cash Paid to Employees | - | (6,626) | (6,626) | (37,680) | | | |
| Cash Paid to Suppliers | 924 | (17,216) | (16,292) | (126,605) | | | |
| Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes | - | (104,906) | (104,906) | ` - | | | |
| Cash Paid for Insurance Claims | (80,141) | (9,750) | (89,891) | (219,755) | | | |
| Cash Paid for Interfund Services | (144) | (999) | (1,143) | (9,227) | | | |
| Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities | 20,326 | 58,080 | 78,406 | (14,663) | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , | | | |
| Transfers Out | (6,631) | (42,783) | (49,414) | | | | |
| Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities | (6,631) | (42,783) | (49,414) | - | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | - | (348) | (348) | 3,448 | | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets | - | 26 | 26 | 1,138 | | | |
| Principal Paid on Capital Leases | - | - | - | (6,090 | | | |
| Interest Paid on Capital Leases | | | <u> </u> | (177 | | | |
| Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities | - | (322) | (322) | (1,681) | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | , | | | |
| Purchase of Investment Securities | - | (219,886) | (219,886) | - | | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities | (20) | 198,167 | 198,147 | - | | | |
| Interest and Dividend Income | 11,337 | 2,875 | 14,212 | 2,773 | | | |
| Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities | 11,317 | (18,844) | (7,527) | 2,773 | | | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash | | . , | · | · | | | |
| and Cash Equivalents | 25,012 | (3,869) | 21,143 | (13,571) | | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1 | 394,502 | 41,947 | 436,449 | 125,788 | | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 | \$ 419,514 | 38,078 \$ | 457,592 | \$ 112,217 | | | |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS | | | | | | G | OVERNMENTAL |
|---|---|---------|----|---------------------------------|----|---------|----|--|
| | | LOYMENT | | NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS | | TOTALS | | ACTIVITIES - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH | | | | | | | | |
| FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ | 19,001 | \$ | 38,247 | \$ | 57,248 | \$ | (11,820) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | | | | |
| net cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | - | | 502 | | 502 | | 11,311 |
| Change in Assets and Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Receivables | | 1,826 | | (36) | | 1,790 | | 51 |
| (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds | | - | | 58 | | 58 | | (10,516) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Inventories | | - | | (2,450) | | (2,450) | | (59) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items | | - | | (10) | | (10) | | (8) |
| (Increase) Decrease in Long-Term Deposits | | - | | 70 | | 70 | | - |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable | | | | | | | | |
| and Accrued Liabilities | | 1,057 | | 22,368 | | 23,425 | | 2,858 |
| Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds | | (144) | | 15 | | (129) | | (51) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable | | (1,414) | | (1,333) | | (2,747) | | (6,798) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue | | | _ | 649 | | 649 | _ | 369 |
| Total Adjustments | | 1,325 | | 19,833 | | 21,158 | | (2,843) |
| NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ | 20,326 | \$ | 58,080 | \$ | 78,406 | \$ | (14,663) |
| NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: | | | | | | | | |
| Noncash transactions are investing and financing activities that affect | | | | | | | | |
| assets and liabilities but do not result in cash receipts or payments. | | | | | | | | |
| The following noncash transactions occurred during the year: | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets acquired through Capital Leases | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 25,480 |
| Change in Fair Value of Investments | | | _ | 1,649 | | 1,649 | | _ |
| Total Noncash Transactions | \$ | | \$ | 1,649 | \$ | 1,649 | \$ | 25,480 |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | PENSION | | PRIVATE PURPOSE | | |
|--|----------|------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | TRUST | | TRUST | | AGENCY |
| ASSETS Cook and Cook Equivalents | ¢ | E 004 | c | 22.404 | c | 100 500 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments: | \$ | 5,804 | \$ | 22,481 | \$ | 108,598 |
| | | E20 202 | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds | | 520,282 | | - | | - |
| U.S. Treasury Bills | | 87 | | - | | - |
| Government Agency Securities | | 16,505 | | - | | - |
| Corporate Bonds | | 707,529 | | - | | - |
| International Bonds | | 166,320 | | - | | - |
| Equity Securities | | 1,733,839 | | - | | - |
| Private Equity | | 794,471 | | - | | - |
| Options | | (19) | | - | | - |
| Mortgages | | 566,809 | | - | | - |
| Private Real Estate | | 390,942 | | - | | - |
| Adr's, GDRs & Trust | | 3,633 | | - | | - |
| Asset Backed Securities | | 109,354 | | - | | - |
| Bank Loans | | 278,605 | | - | | - |
| Municipal Bonds | | 17,461 | | - | | - |
| Commingled Funds | | 7,658,880 | | 3,848,458 | | - |
| Short Term Investments | | 192,911 | | - | | _ |
| Total Investments | | 13,157,609 | | 3,848,458 | | _ |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | 262,953 | | - | | _ |
| Receivables: | | 202,000 | | | | |
| Contributions | | 29,223 | | | | _ |
| Interest and Dividends | | 16,234 | | 643 | | 499 |
| | | | | 043 | | |
| Other | | 668,077 | | | | 597 |
| Total Receivables | | 713,534 | | 643 | | 1,096 |
| Due from Other Funds | | 47,303 | | - | | - |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 6,592 | | - | | - |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (6,587) | | | | _ |
| Total Capital Assets | | 5 | | - | | - |
| Other Assets | | _ | | 2,172 | | - |
| Total Assets | \$ | 14,187,208 | \$ | 3,873,754 | \$ | 109,694 |
| | <u> </u> | 11,101,200 | Ψ | 0,010,101 | Ψ | 100,001 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 986,477 | \$ | 5,023 | \$ | 20,066 |
| Due to Other Governments | | 6,671 | | - | | 69,065 |
| Deposits | | - | | 2,389 | | - |
| Due to Other Funds | | 104 | | 7 | | - |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | 262,953 | | - | | - |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 407 | | - | | - |
| Other Liabilities | | - | | - | | 20,563 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 1,256,612 | \$ | 7,419 | \$ | 109,694 |
| Total Labilities | <u> </u> | 1,200,012 | Ψ | 7,410 | Ψ | 100,004 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Pensions | \$ | 12,930,596 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| College Savings Plan | | - | | 3,849,971 | | - |
| Other Purposes | | - | | 16,364 | | - |
| · | <u> </u> | 10 000 500 | <u> </u> | <u>.</u> | <u> </u> | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 12,930,596 | \$ | 3,866,335 | <u>\$</u> | <u> </u> |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|--|--|
| , | PENSION | PRIVATE PURPOSE | | |
| | TRUST | TRUST | | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | |
| Participant Contributions | \$ 244,350 | \$ 381,280 | | |
| Client Contributions | - | 11 | | |
| State Contributions | 125,520 | - | | |
| Political Subdivision Contributions | 179,609 | - | | |
| Court Fees | 3,459_ | | | |
| Total Contributions | 552,938 | 381,291 | | |
| Investment Income: | | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in | | | | |
| Fair Value of Investments | 58,763 | (3,245) | | |
| Interest and Dividend Income | 161,688 | 4,381 | | |
| Securities Lending Income | 2,613 | <u>-</u> _ | | |
| Total Investment Income | 223,064 | 1,136 | | |
| Investment Expenses | 41,121 | 18,491 | | |
| Securities Lending Expenses | 856 | - | | |
| Total Investment Expense | 41,977 | 18,491 | | |
| Net Investment Income | 181,087 | (17,355) | | |
| Escheat Revenue | | 4,335 | | |
| Other Additions | 184 | 1,243 | | |
| Total Additions | 734,209 | 369,514 | | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | |
| Benefits | 716,337 | 272,427 | | |
| Refunds | 15,890 | , | | |
| Amounts Distributed to Outside Parties | - | 20,649 | | |
| Administrative Expenses | 5,651 | 1,165 | | |
| Other Deductions | 8,615 | - | | |
| Total Deductions | 746,493 | 294,241 | | |
| Change in Net Position Restricted for: | | | | |
| Pensions | (12,284) | _ | | |
| College Savings Plan | (12,204) | 91,251 | | |
| Other Purposes | - | (15,978) | | |
| NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR | 12,942,880 | 3,791,062 | | |
| NET POSITION-END OF YEAR | \$ 12,930,596 | \$ 3,866,335 | | |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2016

| ACCETO | UN | IVERSITY OF | | STATE | | |
|--|----------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| | | | _ | - | | T07410 |
| | | IEBRASKA | | OLLEGES | | TOTALS |
| ASSETS | • | 0.40.000 | • | 05.405 | • | 075 754 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 640,266 | \$ | 35,485 | \$ | 675,751 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | 00.400 | | | | a= a |
| Loans | | 36,168 | | 1,143 | | 37,311 |
| Other | | 476,335 | | 4,358 | | 480,693 |
| Investments | | 2,088,871 | | 53,775 | | 2,142,646 |
| Investment in Joint Venture | | 385,080 | | - | | 385,080 |
| Other Assets | | 27,708 | | 1,280 | | 28,988 |
| Restricted Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 534,550 | | 51,174 | | 585,724 |
| Investments Held by Trustee | | 17,260 | | - | | 17,260 |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | |
| Land | | 140,349 | | 1,353 | | 141,702 |
| Land Improvements | | 251,580 | | 30,246 | | 281,826 |
| Construction in Progress | | 426,895 | | 26,035 | | 452,930 |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 2,908,978 | | 247,874 | | 3,156,852 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (1,072,685) | | (100,710) | | (1,173,395) |
| Total Capital Assets | | 2,655,117 | | 204,798 | | 2,859,915 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 6,861,355 | \$ | 352,013 | \$ | 7,213,368 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Deferred loss on bond refunding | \$ | 7,630 | \$ | 44 | \$ | 7,674 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 7,630 | \$ | 44 | \$ | 7,674 |
| Total Bolonoa Gathone of Noodalooc | <u> </u> | 1,000 | <u> </u> | <u></u> | <u> </u> | 1,011 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 267,991 | \$ | 12,549 | \$ | 280,540 |
| Deposits | | 13,750 | | 271 | | 14,021 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 119,233 | | 1,362 | | 120,595 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Due within one year | | 149,500 | | 5,675 | | 155,175 |
| Due in more than one year | | 877,918 | | 66,802 | | 944,720 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 1,428,392 | \$ | 86,659 | \$ | 1,515,051 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Deferred service concession arrangement receipts | \$ | 14,523 | \$ | | \$ | 14,523 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 14,523 | \$ | - | \$ | 14,523 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ | 1,953,065 | \$ | 159,204 | \$ | 2,112,269 |
| Restricted for: | Ψ | 1,000,000 | Ψ | 100,207 | Ψ | 2,112,200 |
| Education | | 2,098,977 | | _ | | 2,098,977 |
| Other Purposes | | 250,591 | | 66,228 | | 316,819 |
| Construction and Debt Service | | 388,084 | | 7,111 | | 395,195 |
| Unrestricted | | 735,353 | | 32,855 | | 768,208 |
| | | | - | · | | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 5,426,070 | \$ | 265,398 | \$ | 5,691,468 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

COMPONENT UNITS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA | STATE COLLEGES | TOTALS |
| | NEBRASKA | COLLEGES | IUIALS |
| Expenses: | 4 004 005 | | A 4.50.054 |
| Compensation and benefits | \$ 1,391,225 | \$ 68,726 | \$ 1,459,951 |
| Supplies and materials Contractual services | 308,716 | 12,126 | 320,842 |
| | 209,248 69.270 | 5,205 4.142 | 214,453 73.412 |
| Repairs and maintenance Utilities | 32,595 | 4,142 4,441 | 37.036 |
| Communications | 11,044 | 446 | 11,490 |
| Depreciation | 117,998 | 8.141 | 126,139 |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 64,924 | 4,507 | 69,431 |
| Other | 6,046 | 14,582 | 20,628 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 2,211,066 | 122,316 | 2,333,382 |
| Program Revenues: | | | |
| Charges for Services | 1,062,379 | 49,702 | 1,112,081 |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | 373,267 | 14,315 | 387,582 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 6,514 | 2,153_ | 8,667 |
| Total Program Revenues | 1,442,160 | 66,170 | 1,508,330 |
| Net (Expense) Revenue | (768,906) | (56,146) | (825,052) |
| General Revenues: | | | |
| Interest and investment earnings | 61,797 | 2,442 | 64,239 |
| Miscellaneous | 278,182 | 5,837 | 284,019 |
| Payments from the State of Nebraska | 621,432 | 55,017 | 676,449 |
| Total General Revenues | 961,411 | 63,296 | 1,024,707 |
| Change in Net Position | 192,505 | 7,150 | 199,655 |
| Net Position - Beginning (as restated) | 5,233,565 | 258,248 | 5,491,813 |
| Net Position - Ending | \$ 5,426,070 | \$ 265,398 | \$ 5,691,468 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(dollars expressed in thousands)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation. The accompanying financial statements of the State of Nebraska (the "State") and its component units have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The financial statements have been prepared primarily from accounts maintained by the State Accounting Administrator of Administrative Services. Additional data has been derived from audited financial statements of certain entities and from reports prescribed by the State Accounting Administrator and prepared by various State agencies and departments based on independent or subsidiary accounting systems maintained by them.

B. Reporting Entity. In determining its financial reporting entity, the State has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations which are fiscally dependent on the State, or the significance of their relationship with the State are such that exclusion would be misleading or incomplete. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the State to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the State.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the State and its component units. The component units are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the State. Complete financial statements of the individual component units that issue separate financial statements, as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The following component units are entities that are legally separate from the State, but are financially accountable to the State, or their relationships with the State are such that their exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading. These component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Nebraska State College System. The Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges governs Chadron State College, Peru State College and Wayne State College. The Board of Trustees is also the Board of Directors of the Nebraska State Colleges Facilities Corporation, a nonprofit corporation incorporated in 1983 to finance the repair or construction of buildings or the acquisition of equipment for use by the State Colleges. The Board of Trustees consists of the Commissioner of Education and six members appointed by the Governor. Chadron State, Peru State and Wayne State Foundations are tax-exempt nonprofit corporations whose purpose is to provide financial support for the Nebraska State College System. Audit reports may be found on the <u>State Colleges</u>' website under <u>Audit Reports</u>.

University of Nebraska. The University of Nebraska consists of the following campuses: University of Nebraska – Lincoln, University of Nebraska at Omaha, University of Nebraska at Kearney, and University of Nebraska Medical Center. The University of Nebraska is governed by an elected eight-member Board of Regents. The University's financial reporting entity also consists of the following units: the University of Nebraska Facilities Corporation, a nonprofit corporation organized to finance the construction and repair of buildings and hold them in trust for the University of Nebraska; the UNMC Physicians, organized for the purpose of billing medical service fees generated by university clinicians; the University Dental Associates, organized for the purpose of billing dental service fees generated by university dentists; the Nebraska Utility Corporation, formed to purchase, lease, construct and finance activities relating to energy requirements of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln; the University Technology Development Center, formed for the purpose of supporting the research mission of the University and advance technology transfer globally; and the University of Nebraska Foundation, a tax-exempt nonprofit corporation whose purpose is to provide financial support for the University of Nebraska. The University of Nebraska is included as a component unit because it is fiscally dependent on the State, since the Nebraska Legislature controls the budget of the University. Audit reports may be found on the University's Accounting and Finance website.

The university and colleges are funded chiefly through State appropriations, tuition, federal grants, private donations and grants, and auxiliary operations.

Related Organizations. The State's officials are responsible for appointing members of boards of other organizations, but the State's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. The Governor appoints the

boards of the following organizations: Nebraska Educational, Health, and Social Services Finance Authority, Nebraska Investment Finance Authority, and Wyuka Cemetery.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The reporting model based on the GASB Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* focuses on the State as a whole in the government-wide financial statements and major individual funds in the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets. This category reflects the portion of net position associated with capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding bonds and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position. This category results when constraints are externally imposed on net position use by creditors, grantors or contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

It is the policy of the State to spend restricted net position only when unrestricted net position is insufficient or unavailable.

The Statement of Net Position reports \$3,044,857 of restricted net position, of which \$1,689,580 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position. This category represents net position that does not meet the definition of the preceding two categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but those constraints can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Indirect expenses are reflected in the general government function. Administrative overhead charges of internal service funds are included in direct expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment; and 3) investment earnings of permanent funds that are legally restricted for a specific program. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with nonmajor funds being combined into a single column.

D. Basis of Accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except agency funds. With the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and related receivables are recognized as they become susceptible to accrual; generally when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State generally considers taxes and other revenues available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year end, except for federal reimbursement grants which use a one year availability period. Revenues are generally considered to be susceptible to accrual when the underlying activity takes place or when eligibility requirements are met. Major revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include sales taxes, income taxes, other taxpayer-assessed tax revenues, unemployment insurance taxes, federal grants and contracts, charges for services, and investment income. All other revenue items, including estate taxes, are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the State. Receivables not expected to be collected in the next 60 days (or 12 months in the case of federal reimbursement grants) are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due and payable.

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the State's primary operating fund. It reflects transactions related to resources received and used for those services traditionally provided by a state government, which are not accounted for in any other fund.

Highway Fund. This fund accounts for the maintenance and preservation of State highways financed with sales tax on motor vehicles, gas taxes, federal aid and other highway user fees.

Federal Fund. This fund accounts for substantially all federal monies received by the State, except those received by the Highway Fund and Airport Development Fund.

Health and Social Services Fund. This fund accounts for activities of agencies, boards, and commissions providing health care and social services financed primarily by user fees and tobacco settlement proceeds.

Permanent School Fund. This fund receives proceeds from any sale of the school lands held in trust for public education; payments for easements and rights-of-way over these lands; royalties and severance taxes paid on oil, gas and minerals produced from these lands; escheats; unclaimed property and other items provided by law. Net appreciation on investments is not available for expenditure. Income is distributed to public schools.

The State reports the following major enterprise fund:

Unemployment Insurance Fund. This fund accounts for the State's unemployment insurance benefits. Revenues consist of taxes assessed on employers to pay benefits to qualified unemployed persons.

The State also reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds. Reflect transactions related to resources received and used for restricted or specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund. Reflects transactions related to resources received and used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Permanent Funds. Reflect transactions related to resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizens, such as veterans, state airports and others.

Proprietary Fund Types:

Enterprise Funds. Reflect transactions used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing body has decided that the determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Internal Service Funds. These funds account for fleet management, facilities management, accounting, risk management, communication, information technology, printing, purchasing, and postal services provided to other funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Pension Trust Funds. These funds account for State Employee Retirement System, County Employee Retirement System, School Retirement System, Judges Retirement System, State Patrol Retirement System and Deferred Compensation pension benefits.

Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds account for Unclaimed Property and Nebraska College Savings Plan activity held for private individuals.

Agency Funds. These funds account for assets held by the State pending distribution to other governments and individuals.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents. In addition to bank accounts and petty cash, this classification includes all short-term investments such as certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. treasury bills having original maturities

(remaining time to maturity at acquisition) of three months or less. These investments are stated at cost, which at June 30, 2016, approximates fair value due to their short-term nature. Banks pledge collateral, as required by law, to guarantee State funds held in time and demand deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents are under the control of the State Treasurer or other administrative bodies as determined by law. All cash deposited with the State Treasurer is initially maintained in a pooled cash account. On a daily basis, the State Treasurer invests cash not needed for current operations with the State's Investment Council that maintains an operating investment pool for such investments. Interest earned on these investments is allocated to funds based on their percentage of the investment pool.

- **F. Investments.** Investments as reported in the basic financial statements include long-term investments. Law or legal instruments may restrict these investments. All investments of the State and its component units are recorded at fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income. The State's valuation methodologies are generally based on quoted markets prices. These valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. For investments where no readily ascertainable fair value exists, management has received an estimate of fair value from the investment fund manager based, in part, on real estate appraisals. The State Treasurer is the custodian of all funds for the State; however, investments are under the responsibility of the Nebraska Investment Council or other administrative bodies determined by law.
- **G. Receivables.** Receivables are stated net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts, which are determined based upon past collection experience and current economic conditions.
- **H. Inventories.** Inventories of materials and supplies are determined by both physical counts and through perpetual inventory systems. Significant inventories of governmental funds are valued using weighted average cost. Proprietary Funds' valuation method is primarily at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Expenditures (governmental funds) and expenses (proprietary funds) are recognized using the consumption method (i.e., when used or sold).
 - Commodities on hand at fiscal year end are reflected as inventories, offset by a like amount of unearned revenue, in the Federal Fund. Commodities are reported at fair values established by the federal government at the date received.
- I. Restricted Assets. Assets held by the trustee for the Master Lease Purchase Program are classified as restricted position on the Statement of Net Position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable lease covenants. These assets are reflected as cash on deposit with fiscal agents in the fund financial statements. The nonmajor enterprise funds reflect long-term deposits with the Multi-State Lottery as restricted assets.
- **J. Capital Assets.** Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The State possesses certain assets that have not been capitalized and depreciated, because the assets cannot be reasonably valued and/or the assets have inexhaustible useful lives. These collection items are not capitalized by the State because they are (1) held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain, (2) protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved, and (3) subject to an agency policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for collections. These assets include works of art and historical treasures, such as statues; historical documents; paintings; rare library books; and miscellaneous capitol-related artifacts and furnishings.

Generally, equipment that has a cost in excess of \$5 at the date of acquisition and has an expected useful life of more than one year is capitalized. Substantially all initial building costs, land, land improvements, and software costing in excess of \$100 are capitalized. Building improvements and renovations in excess of \$100 are capitalized if a substantial portion of the life of the asset has expired and if the useful life of the asset has been extended as a result of the renovation or improvement. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

Buildings 40 years Equipment 3-20 years

The State has elected to use the "modified approach" to account for certain infrastructure assets, as provided in GASB Statement No. 34. Under this process, the State does not record depreciation expense nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements to these assets, unless the improvements expand the capacity or efficiency of an asset. Utilization of this approach requires the State to: commit to maintaining and preserving affected assets at or above a condition level established by the State; maintain an inventory of the assets and perform periodic condition assessments to ensure that the condition level is being maintained; and make annual estimates of the amounts that must be expended to maintain and preserve assets at the predetermined condition levels. Roads and bridges maintained by the Department of Roads are accounted for using the modified approach. Infrastructure acquired prior to June 30, 1980, is reported.

K. Compensated Employee Absences. All permanent employees earn sick and vacation leave. Temporary and intermittent employees and Board and Commission members are not eligible for paid leave. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method in which leave amounts, for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination, are included.

State employees accrue vested vacation leave at a variable rate based on years of service. Generally, accrued vacation leave cannot exceed 35 days at the end of a calendar year. Employees accrue sick leave at a variable rate based on years of service. In general, accrued sick leave cannot exceed 240 days (180 days for non-union employees). Sick leave is not vested except upon death or upon reaching the age of 55, at which time, the State is liable for 25 percent of the employee's accumulated sick leave. In addition, some State agencies permit employees to accumulate compensatory leave rather than paying overtime.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements recognize the expense and accrued liability when vacation and compensatory leave is earned or when sick leave is expected to be paid as termination payments.

L. Fund Balance. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned). Restricted represents those portions of fund balance where constraints placed on the resources are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balance represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Legislature (the highest level of decision making authority for the State by passing a legislative bill), such as an appropriation or legislation. Assigned fund balance is constrained by the Legislature's intent to be used for specific purposes, by directive of the Executive Committee of the Legislature or in some cases by legislation. Unrestricted balances are used in the order listed above when expenditures are made which could be used from any of those categories. The State considers restricted balances to have been spent when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

The State maintains a stabilization fund reported as committed fund balance. The Cash Reserve Fund is part of the General Fund and was established by State Statute to be used as a reserve when the cash balance of the General Fund is insufficient to meet General Fund current obligations and for legislatively mandated transfers to other funds. Additions to the fund are made when actual General Fund revenues exceed certified projections for a fiscal year.

M. Interfund Activities. Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses in the funds involved. Activities that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund activities are reported as transfers.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

N. Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits and Investments Portfolio

Listed below is a summary of the deposit and investment portfolio that comprises the Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments on the June 30, 2016 basic financial statements. All securities purchased or held must either be in the custody of the State or deposited with an agent in the State's name.

Deposits. At June 30, 2016, the carrying amounts of the State's deposits were \$42,538 and the bank balances were \$101,099. All bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the State's agent in the State's name.

State Statutes require that the aggregate amount of collateral securities deposited by a bank with the State Treasurer shall be at least one hundred two percent of the amount of public funds deposited in that bank, less the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The State Treasurer had compensating balance agreements with various banks totaling \$21,954 at June 30, 2016.

Investments. State Statute Section 72-1239.01 authorizes the appointed members of the Nebraska Investment Council to act with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims by diversifying the investments of the State. Certain State entities are also allowed by statute to invest in real estate and other investments.

Following are two different presentations of the primary government's investments, by investment type, at June 30, 2016. The first table below presents all investments stated at fair value using valuation techniques to measure fair value, followed by a table presenting investments at fair value for financial statement purposes, with debt securities presented with effective duration stated in years.

The State utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the State has the ability to access
 at the measurement date. Instruments categorized in Level 1 primarily consist of a broadly traded range of equity and
 debt securities.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly
 or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset.

Fair value is based on actively quoted market prices, if available. In the absence of actively quoted market prices, price information for external sources, including broker quotes and industry publications, is used. If pricing information from external sources is not available or if observable pricing is not indicative of fair value, judgment is required to develop the estimates of fair value using discounted cash flows and other income valuation approaches.

For financial statement purposes, the investment amounts for some funds presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements reflect balances per audited financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2015. The underlying investments for these funds as of June 30, 2016 are included in the fair value measurement calculations and investment risk disclosures presented below for fiduciary funds.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT INVESTMENTS AT JUNE 30, 2016 AT FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS USING:

| | _ | Fair Value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|----------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Debt Securities | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds | \$ | 1,432,054 \$ | - \$ | 1,432,054 \$ | - |
| Government Agency Securities | | 1,107,045 | - | 1,107,045 | - |
| Corporate Bonds | | 2,347,318 | - | 2,344,950 | 2,368 |
| International Bonds | | 170,868 | - | 170,868 | - |
| Mortgages | | 639,095 | 258 | 638,471 | 366 |
| Asset Backed Securities | | 114,373 | - | 111,739 | 2,634 |
| Bank Loans | | 282,679 | - | 282,679 | - |
| Commingled Funds | | 935,511 | 935,511 | - | - |
| Municipal Bonds | | 19,373 | - | 19,373 | - |
| Short Term Investments | _ | 367,467 | 40,750 | 326,717 | |
| | | 7,415,783 | 976,519 | 6,433,896 | 5,368 |
| Other Investments | | | | | |
| Adr's, GDRs & Trust | | 4,639 | 4,639 | - | - |
| Equity Securities | | 1,809,023 | 1,809,019 | 4 | - |
| Private Equity | | 17,182 | 17,142 | 39 | - |
| Commingled Funds | | 7,307,371 | 3,175,151 | 4,132,221 | - |
| Options | | (21) | (30) | 9 | - |
| U.S. Treasury Investment Pool | _ | 415,345 | <u> </u> | 415,345 | |
| Total Investments | \$_ | 16,969,322 \$ | 5,982,440 \$ | 10,981,514 \$ | 5,368 |
| Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV): | | _ | Unfunded Commitments | Redemption Frequency | Redemption Notice period |
| Real Estate Funds: | | | | | |
| Core | \$ | 576,800 \$ | - | Quarterly | 90 Days |
| Non-Core | | 227,048 | 170,497 | | |
| Private Equity Funds | | 591,881 | 484,858 | | |
| Short Term Investment Funds | | 266,582 | - | | |
| Opportunistic Credit Funds | | 103,198 | - | | |
| Other - Distressed Securities | _ | 149_ | | | |
| Total invetments measured at net asset value | \$_ | 1,765,658 \$ | 655,355 | | |
| Total | | 18,734,980 | | | |
| Other Investments not classified Component unit investment in State investment pool | | 399,113 (910,400) | | | |
| Other fair value measurements | | 3,781,768 | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Total Investments at fair value | \$ | 22,005,461 | | | |

Debt securities and other investments classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities and other investments classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds, Government Agency Securities, and Short Term Investments: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Corporate, International, Municipal Bonds, and Equity Securities: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets;
- Asset Backed Securities, Bank Loans, and Mortgages: matrix pricing, based on accepted modeling and pricing conventions, of the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices;
- Commingled Funds: published fair value per share (unit) for each fund.

Debt securities and other investments including Asset Backed Securities, Corporate Bonds, and Mortgages, classified in Level 3 are valued using unobservable inputs, such as reviews, recommendations and adjustments made by portfolio management; or, the use of internal data to develop unobservable inputs if there is no objective information available without incurring undue cost and effort.

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts at NAV presented in the above table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amount presented in the consolidated statements of financial position. Investments valued using the net asset value per share are considered "alternative investments" and, unlike more traditional investments, generally do not have readily obtainable market values and take the form of limited partnerships. The State values these investments based on the partnerships' audited financial statements. If June 30 statements are available, those values are used preferentially. However, some partnerships have fiscal years ending at other than June 30. If June 30 valuations are not available, the value is progressed from the most recently available valuation taking into account subsequent calls and distributions. The NAV table also presents the unfunded commitments, redemption frequency (if currently eligible), and the redemption notice period for the State's alternative investments.

Other investments not classified. The following investments with fair value for financial statement purposes at June 30, 2016 were not classified for fair value measurement purposes: Securities Lending Short-term Collateral Investment Pool Investments in the amount of \$357,478 loaned to broker-dealers and banks under the securities lending program; Other Investments in the amount of \$33,072 presented as Commingled Funds held by a custodian for certain member accounts of the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement Systems Deferred Compensation Plan; and, Debt Securities in the amount of \$8,563 presented as Short Term Investments held by a trustee representing the balance of unexpended funds received from the issuance of capital lease obligations.

Other fair value measurements. The fair value of certain Other Investment amounts presented as Commingled Funds for the Nebraska Educational Savings Plan Trust (Trust) were measured on December 31, 2015. These investments were not re-valued on June 30, 2016. Following is a summary of the fair value measurement and related input level as presented in the Trust's December 31, 2015 audited financial statements: Fair Value \$3,848,458; Input Levels: 1 - \$2,537,675; 2 - \$1,310,783; 3 - \$0. Additional information regarding these assets and related measurement details can be found in the Trust's audited financial statement located on the Nebraska State Treasurer's Office web site at treasurer.nebraska.gov.

The fair value of investments for the State and County Employees' Retirement Plans are reported for financial statement purposes as of December 31, 2015. The investment balances on June 30, 2016 were re-valued for fair value measurement purposes, resulting in a decrease in fair value of \$66,690.

The primary government's investments at June 30, 2016 are presented below. All investments are presented by investment type and debt securities are presented with effective duration presented in years.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT INVESTMENTS AT JUNE 30, 2016 FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PURPOSES

| | | GOVERNME | NTAL AND | | | |
|--|-----|---------------|--------------------|----|---------------|--------------------|
| | | BUSINESS-TYF | PE ACTIVITIES | | FIDUCIARY | FUNDS |
| Debt Securities | | FAIR VALUE | EFFECTIVE DURATION | | FAIR VALUE | EFFECTIVE DURATION |
| U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds | s — | 899,916 | 3.67 | \$ | 520,282 | 8.23 |
| U.S. Treasury Bills | | , - | - | | 87 | - |
| Government Agency Securities | | 1,089,208 | 3.58 | | 16,505 | 6.80 |
| Corporate Bonds | | 1,635,640 | 4.19 | | 707,529 | 5.89 |
| International Bonds | | 1,516 | 3.83 | | 166,320 | 8.58 |
| Mortgages | | 78,571 | 2.31 | | 566,809 | 2.44 |
| Asset Backed Securities | | 7,554 | 1.00 | | 109,354 | 1.54 |
| Bank Loans | | 400 | - | | 278,605 | 0.15 |
| Commingled Funds | | 218,556 | 5.19 | | 710,526 | 5.17 |
| Municipal Bonds | | 2,413 | 10.50 | | 17,461 | 10.50 |
| Short Term Investments | | 263,754 | 0.48 | | 192,911 | 0.12 |
| | | 4,197,528 | | | 3,286,389 | |
| Other Investments | | | | | | |
| Adr's, GDRs & Trust | | 381 | | | 3,633 | |
| Equity Securities | | 72,265 | | | 1,733,839 | |
| Private Equity | | 101,268 | | | 794,471 | |
| Commingled Funds | | 738,702 | | | 10,796,812 | |
| Options | | (4) | | | (19) | |
| Private Real Estate | | 26,831 | | | 390,942 | |
| U.S. Treasury Investment Pool | | 415,345 | | | - | |
| Less: Component Unit Investment | | | | | | |
| in State Investment Pool | | (910,400) | | _ | | |
| Total Investments | | 4,641,916 | | | 17,006,067 | |
| Securities Lending Short-term Collateral | | | | | | |
| Investment Pool | _ | 94,525 | | _ | 262,953 | |
| Total | \$ | 4,736,441 | | \$ | 17,269,020 | |

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changes in interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investments full price.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The State has contracts with investment managers that set minimum average quality ratings for its core fixed income accounts at an A. The maximum exposure to any single investment grade issuer excluding the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities or government sponsored entities is 5 percent and the maximum exposure to a single issuer below investment grade is 3 percent. The primary government's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

| | FAIR | QUALITY RATINGS | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| | VALUE | AAA | AA | Α | BBB | ВВ | В | UNRATED |
| Govt Agency Securities | \$ 1,089,207 \$ | - \$ | 1,064,660 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | 24,547 |
| Corporate Bonds | 1,635,639 | 170,565 | 426,957 | 843,595 | 176,900 | 10,028 | 5,003 | 2,591 |
| International Bonds | 1,516 | - | 515 | 309 | - | 15 | 568 | 109 |
| Mortgages | 78,571 | 3,599 | 4,047 | 14 | 1,003 | - | 273 | 69,635 |
| Asset Backed Securities | 7,554 | 1,576 | 884 | 111 | 909 | 266 | 2,889 | 919 |
| Commingled Funds | 218,556 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 218,556 |
| Short Term Investments | 263,754 | - | - | 3,179 | - | - | - | 260,575 |
| Municipal Bonds | 2,413 | 1,531 | 882 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bank Loans | 400 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 400 |

FIDUCIARY FUND INVESTMENTS AT JUNE 30, 2016

| | FAIR | | | QUA | LITY RATINGS | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|---------|--------------|--------|----------|---------|
| | VALUE | AAA | AA | Α | BBB | ВВ | В | UNRATED |
| Govt Agency Securities | \$ 17,838 \$ | - \$ | 14,940 \$ | 327 \$ | - \$ | 309 \$ | 1,535 \$ | 727 |
| Bank Loans | 282,279 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 282,279 |
| Corporate Bonds | 711,678 | 12,886 | 24,791 | 138,790 | 392,198 | 84,680 | 39,614 | 18,719 |
| International Bonds | 169,352 | 20,023 | 35,082 | 66,437 | 29,680 | 3,264 | 5,237 | 9,629 |
| Mortgages | 560,524 | 51,656 | 23,051 | 3,248 | 7,411 | 2,765 | 3,033 | 469,360 |
| Asset Backed Securities | 106,819 | 43,356 | 10,120 | 16,406 | 7,444 | 1,359 | 15,044 | 13,090 |
| Commingled Funds | 716,954 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 716,954 |
| Short Term Investments | 188,071 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 188,071 |
| Municipal Bonds | 16,960 | 3,948 | 11,603 | 1,098 | - | 311 | - | - |

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The State has contracts with investment managers that limit the maximum amount for an issuer, excluding U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agency, mortgages and non-U.S. sovereign issuers, to 5 percent of the total account.

At June 30, 2016, the primary government, except fiduciary funds, had debt securities investments with more than 5 percent of total investments in Federal Farm Credit Bank (11 percent) and Federal Home Loan Bank (9 percent). At June 30, 2016, fiduciary funds had no investments that exceeded 5 percent or more of total investments.

Securities Lending Transactions. The State participates in securities lending transactions, where securities are loaned to broker-dealers and banks with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The State's primary custodial bank administers the securities lending program and receives collateral in the form of cash, United States government or government agency obligations, sovereign debt rated A or better, or convertible bonds at least equal in value to the market value of the loaned securities. Securities on loan at year end consisted of United States government obligations, equity securities, corporate bonds, and non-US fixed income. At year-end, the State had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the State owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the State. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the State unless the borrower defaults. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned, and there were no losses resulting from borrower default during the year. Either the State or the borrowers can terminate all securities loans on demand. Cash collateral is invested in one of the lending agent's short-term investment pools that had average durations from 25 to 45 days. Because loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. The custodian indemnifies the State against default by the borrower of securities, but does not indemnify against the default by an issuer of a security held in the short term investment funds where cash collateral is invested.

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The State does not have a formal policy to limit foreign currency risk. Primary Government exposure to foreign currency risk is presented on the following tables.

GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES FOREIGN CURRENCY AT JUNE 30, 2016

| Currency | RT TERM STMENTS | EQUITY SECURITIES | DEBT SECURITIES |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Australian Dollar | \$ (2) | \$ 570 | \$ - |
| Brazilian Real | 3 | 125 | 116 |
| Canadian Dollar | (22) | 1,534 | - |
| Columbian Peso | - | - | 273 |
| Czech Koruna | - | 173 | - |
| Danish Krone | 14 | 311 | - |
| Euro Currency | 19 | 7,216 | 2,134 |
| Hong Kong Dollar | 4 | 583 | - |
| Indian Rupee | - | - | 432 |
| Indonesian Rupiah | 2 | 53 | - |
| Japanese Yen | 30 | 3,091 | 384 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 5 | 358 | - |
| Mexican Peso | 127 | 252 | 717 |
| New Israeli Sheqel | - | 58 | - |
| New Zealand Dollar | - | 13 | - |
| Norwegian Krone | 1 | 174 | - |
| Philippine Peso | - | 42 | - |
| Polish Zloty | 19 | 58 | - |
| Pound Sterling | 17 | 3,736 | 1,001 |
| Singapore Dollar | 6 | 1,127 | - |
| South African Rand | - | 108 | - |
| South Korean Won | - | 509 | - |
| Swedish Krona | 6 | 1,517 | - |
| Swiss Franc | 10 | 3,864 | - |
| Thailand Baht | (4) | 73 | - |
| Total | \$ 235 | \$ 25,545 | \$ 5,057 |

FIDUCIARY FUND FOREIGN CURRENCY AT JUNE 30, 2016

| Currency | RT TERM STMENTS | EQUITY SECURITIES | DEBT SECURITIES |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Currency | | | |
| Australian Dollar | \$ (62) | \$ 11,202 | \$ 4,826 |
| Brazilian Real | 41 | 4,154 | 437 |
| Canadian Dollar | (56) | 31,239 | 7,375 |
| Columbian Peso | - | - | 1,682 |
| Czech Koruna | - | 669 | 272 |
| Danish Krone | - | 12,579 | 1,196 |
| Euro Currency | 4,614 | 302,955 | 77,209 |
| Hong Kong Dollar | 287 | 20,304 | - |
| Indian Rupee | - | - | 2,447 |
| Indonesian Rupiah | 28 | 2,543 | - |
| Japanese Yen | 415 | 153,502 | 58,603 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 29 | 6,649 | 944 |
| Mexican Peso | 597 | 4,267 | 5,333 |
| New Israeli Sheqel | - | 223 | 267 |
| New Zealand Dollar | 2 | 79 | 2,343 |
| Norwegian Krone | 61 | 1,527 | 223 |
| Philippine Peso | 3 | - | - |
| Polish Zloty | 83 | 1,421 | 1,159 |
| Pound Sterling | 433 | 94,660 | 21,468 |
| Singapore Dollar | 97 | 28,441 | 1,231 |
| South African Rand | 3 | 3,467 | 424 |
| South Korean Won | - | 14,812 | 3,532 |
| Swedish Krona | - | 37,790 | 887 |
| Swiss Franc | - | 103,981 | 2,357 |
| Thailand Baht | - | 2,336 | - |
| Turkish Lira | - | 2,735 | 243 |
| Total | \$ 6,575 | \$ 841,535 | \$ 194,458 |

Derivative Financial Instruments. Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose underlying values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates or financial indices. These instruments are used primarily to enhance performance and reduce the volatility of the portfolio, in accordance with the Investment Council-approved Derivatives Policy. The State invests in futures contracts, options and swaps. Futures represent commitments to purchase or sell securities or money market instruments at a future date and at a specific price. Options represent the right, but not the obligation, to purchase or sell securities at a future date and at a specific price. The State invests in these contracts related to securities of the U.S. Government or Government Agency obligations based on reference notes, which are traded on organized exchanges, thereby minimizing the State's credit risk. The net change in futures and options contract values is settled daily in cash with the exchanges. Swaps represent an exchange of streams of payments over time according to specified terms. All changes in fair value of derivatives are reflected in Investment Income and the fair value of derivatives at June 30, 2016 is reflected in Investments. The fair value balances and notional amounts of investment derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2016, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended are as follows:

DERIVATIVE INVESTMENTS AT JUNE 30, 2016 GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

| | | | Change in | |
|--------------------------|----|-----------|------------|--------------|
| Derivative | F | air Value | Fair Value | Notional |
| Credit Default Swap | \$ | (226) | \$ 169 | \$ 28,312 |
| Fixed Income Futures | | - | 977 | 20,334 |
| Fixed Income Options | | 7 | 65 | 45,800 |
| Foreign Currency Options | | (37) | 223 | (6,059) |
| Futures Options | | (4) | 93 | (16) |
| FX Forwards | | (7) | (147) | 43,061 |
| Interest Rate Swap | | (4,163) | (5,328) | 101,805 |
| Warrants | | _ | - | 1 |

DERIVATIVE INVESTMENTS AT JUNE 30, 2016 FIDUCIARY FUND

| Derivative | Fair Value | Change in Fair Value | Notional |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Credit Default Swap | \$ (554) | \$ 567 | \$ 100,382 |
| Fixed Income Futures | - | 4,013 | 41,148 |
| Fixed Income Options | 42 | 366 | 262,900 |
| Foreign Currency Options | (225) | 1,355 | (35,051) |
| Futures Options | (25) | 523 | (97) |
| FX Forwards | 607 | 2,403 | 303,025 |
| Interest Rate Swap | (23,366) | (28,330) | 452,685 |
| Rights | - | (1) | - |
| Warrants | - | - | 6 |

The change in fair value denotes the net realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized during the period. The fair value of the derivative instruments at June 30, 2016, denotes the market value, with the exception of FX Forwards, which denotes the net realized and unrealized gains and losses recognized during the period. Furthermore, the notional amount for Futures and Options was calculated as contract size times the number of contracts. The State is exposed to credit risk on derivative instruments that are in asset positions. To minimize its exposure to loss related to credit risk, it is the Nebraska Investment Council's policy to require counterparty collateral posting provisions in its non-exchange-traded derivative instruments. These terms require full collateralization of the fair value of derivative instruments in asset positions. Collateral posted is to be in the form of U.S. Treasury securities held by a third-party custodian. The Plans have never failed to access collateral when required.

The aggregate fair value of derivative instruments in asset positions at June 30, 2016, was \$650 for Governmental and Business-Type Activities and \$4,853 for the Fiduciary Fund. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. There is no collateral held or liabilities included in netting arrangements with those counterparties; therefore, the net exposure to credit risk is \$5,503. Although the State executes derivative instruments with various counterparties, there is net exposure to credit risk of approximately 60 percent for the Governmental and Business-Type Activities and 53 percent for the Fiduciary Fund, held with three counterparties. The counterparties are rated A or BBB.

The State is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swaps. Interest rate swaps are agreements between two counterparties to exchange future cash flows. These are generally fixed versus variable flows, and can be either received or paid. These swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposure and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions (receive fixed) increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short positions (pay fixed) decrease exposure. Counterparty risk is limited to monthly exchanged or netted cash flows. All of the State's interest rate swaps were fixed with a LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) or SIFMA (Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association) reference rate. Foreign currency risk for derivative instruments at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

DERIVATIVES FOREIGN CURRENCY AT JUNE 30, 2016 GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

| Currency | Swaps | Forward Contracts | Fixed Income Options | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Australian Dollar | \$ - | \$ (21) | \$ (2) | |
| Canadian Dollar | (112) | - | - | |
| Yuan Renminbi | - | 65 | - | |
| Euro Currency | (17) | 11 | (4) | |
| Pound Sterling | - | 85 | (2) | |
| Japanese Yen | - | (121) | - | |
| South Korean Won | - | (21) | - | |
| Mexican Peso | (14) | 3 | - | |
| Malaysian Ringgit | - | (4) | - | |
| Russian Ruble | - | (3) | - | |
| New Taiwan Dollar | - | (1) | | |
| Total | \$ (143) | \$ (7) | \$ (8) | |

DERIVATIVES FOREIGN CURRENCY AT JUNE 30, 2016 FIDUCIARY FUND

| Currency | Swaps | | Forward Contracts | d Income otions |
|--------------------|-------------|----|----------------------|------------------------|
| Australian Dollar | \$ - | \$ | (86) | \$ (18) |
| Canadian Dollar | (706) | | (16) | - |
| Swiss Franc | - | | 17 | - |
| Yuan Renminbi | - | | 419 | - |
| Danish Krone | - | | 7 | - |
| Euro Currency | 202 | | 469 | (24) |
| Pound Sterling | - | | 576 | (9) |
| Hong Kong Dollar | - | | (5) | - |
| Japanese Yen | - | | (700) | - |
| South Korean Won | - | | (137) | - |
| Mexican Peso | (3) | | 109 | - |
| Malaysian Ringgit | - | | (27) | - |
| Norwegian Krone | - | | 9 | - |
| New Zealand Dollar | - | | (4) | - |
| Polish Zloty | - | | (21) | - |
| New Russian Ruble | - | | (18) | - |
| Swedish Krona | - | | 16 | - |
| Singapore Dollar | - | | (2) | - |
| Thailand Baht | - | | 1 | - |
| Turkish Lira | - | | 3 | - |
| New Taiwan Dollar | - | | (4) | - |
| South African Rand | | _ | 1 | - |
| Total | \$ (507) | \$ | 607 | \$ (51) |

A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the State to the basic financial statements at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

| Disclosure Regarding Deposits and Investments: | |
|--|------------------|
| Total Investments | \$ 22,005,461 |
| Carrying amount of Deposits | 42,538 |
| Total | \$ 22,047,999 |
| Statement of Net Position: | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 737,191 |
| Investments | 3,801,817 |
| Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents | 8,563 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 94,525 |
| Statement of Fiduciary Net Position: | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 136,883 |
| Investments | 17,006,067 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 262,953 |
| Total | \$ 22,047,999 |

3. Receivables

Receivables are reflected net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The following are such related allowances listed by major fund at June 30, 2016:

| Governmental Activities: | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| General Fund | \$ 102,507 |
| Federal Fund | 15,677 |
| Health and Social Services Fund | 7,583 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 125,767 |
| Business-type Activities: | |
| Unemployment Insurance | \$ 4,943 |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ 4,943 |

Of the taxes and other receivables, \$39,689 and \$18,766, respectively, is not expected to be collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end. These amounts have been offset by deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund and the Health and Social Services Fund. The majority of the loans receivable balance is not expected to be collected in the next year.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

| | BEGINNING BALANCE | INCREASES | DECREASES | ENDING BALANCE |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------|
| Governmental activities: | ' <u>'</u> | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 579,205 | \$ 5,572 | \$ - | \$ 584,777 |
| Infrastructure | 7,329,963 | 128,561 | | 7,458,524 |
| Construction in progress | 321,610 | 94,356 | 150,195 | 265,771 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 8,230,778 | 228,489 | 150,195 | 8,309,072 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 644,887 | 27,201 | 1,423 | 670,665 |
| Equipment | 499,967 | 49,491 | 18,306 | 531,152 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 1,144,854 | 76,692 | 19,729 | 1,201,817 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 297,182 | 14,409 | 33 | 311,558 |
| Equipment | 389,059 | 35,142 | 17,182 | 407,019 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 686,241 | 49,551 | 17,215 | 718,577 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 458,613 | 27,141 | 2,514 | 483,240 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | <u>\$ 8,689,391</u> | \$ 255,630 | \$ 152,709 | \$ 8,792,312 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Unemployment Insurance | | | | |
| Equipment, being depreciated | \$ 324 | \$ - | \$ 78 | \$ 246 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 324 | - | 78 | 246 |
| Total Unemployment Insurance, net | - | - | | |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | 0.1- | | | |
| Land | 315 | <u> </u> | | 315 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 315 | | | 315 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 8,442 | - | - | 8,442 |
| Equipment | 5,516 | 348 | 137 | 5,727 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 13,958 | 348 | 137 | 14,169 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | 0.1.1 | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 2,689 | 211 | - | 2,900 |
| Equipment | 4,554 | <u>291</u> | 131 | 4,714 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 7,243 | 502 | 131 | 7,614 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 6,715 | (154) | 6 | 6,555 |
| Total Nonmajor Enterprise, net | 7,030 | (154) | 6 | 6,870 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ 7,030 | <u>\$ (154)</u> | \$ 6 | \$ 6,870 |

Current period depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--|--------------|
| General Government | \$ 18,160 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 1,727 |
| Culture – Recreation | 1,915 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 197 |
| Education | 1,518 |
| Health and Social Services | 1,726 |
| Public Safety | 9,886 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 532 |
| Transportation | 13,890 |
| Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities | \$ 49,551 |

Construction Commitments. At June 30, 2016, the State had contractual commitments of approximately \$760,879 for various highway and building projects. Funding of these future expenditures is expected to be provided as follows:

| Federal funds | \$ 262,707 |
|---------------|---------------|
| State funds | 492,038 |
| Local funds | 6,134 |
| | \$ 760,879 |
| | |

Most of these commitments will not be reflected as capital asset increases when they are paid because the State is using the modified approach to account for infrastructure. Under this method, capital asset additions are only reflected when improvements expand the capacity or efficiency of an asset.

5. Interfund Balances

Due To/From Other Funds at June 30, 2016 consists of the following:

| | • | | | | | | DL | JE T | o | | | | | |
|------------------|----|---------|--------|------------|---------|----|------------|------|------------|-------------|----|----------|--------------|---------------|
| | - | | | | | | Health | | Nonmajor | Nonmajor | | Internal | | |
| | | General | Highwa | y | Federal | | and Social | Go | vernmental | Enterprise | | Service | Pension | |
| DUE FROM | | Fund | Fund | | Fund | | Services | | Funds | Funds | | Funds | Trust | TOTALS |
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ 4 | 13 | \$ 34 | \$ | 2 | \$ | 336 | \$ 223 | \$ | 15,464 | \$ 47,303 | \$ 63,405 |
| Highway Fund | | - | | - | 152 | | 2 | | 204 | 567 | | 3,252 | - | 4,177 |
| Federal Fund | | 60,044 | | 3 | - | | 2,713 | | 1,332 | 81 | | 5,837 | - | 70,010 |
| Health and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Social Services | | - | | 2 | - | | - | | - | 25 | | 328 | - | 355 |
| Permanent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Fund | | 14 | | - | - | | - | | - | - | | 4 | - | 18 |
| Nonmajor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Funds | | 1 | 19 | 93 | 11 | | 103 | | 64 | 40 | | 13,935 | - | 14,347 |
| Nonmajor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise Funds | | - | | 9 | - | | - | | 1 | - | | 94 | - | 104 |
| Internal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service Funds | | 1 | 2 | 25 | - | | - | | 49 | 77 | | 778 | - | 930 |
| Pension Trust | | - | | - | - | | - | | - | - | | 104 | - | 104 |
| Private Purpose | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trust | | | | - | | _ | | | <u> </u> | | _ | 7 | <u> </u> | 7 |
| TOTALS | \$ | 60,060 | \$ 27 | ' 5 | \$ 197 | \$ | 2,820 | \$ | 1,986 | \$ 1,013 | \$ | 39,803 | \$ 47,303 | \$ 153,457 |

Interfund receivables and payables are recorded for: (1) short term borrowings, (2) billing for services provided between agencies, (3) pension liabilities, and (4) risk management liabilities. All interfund receivables and payables are considered short term in nature.

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

| | | | | Health | Nonmajor | | |
|-------------------------------|----|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|-------------|---------------|
| | | General | Federal | and Social | Go | overnmental | |
| | | Fund | Fund | Services | Funds | | TOTALS |
| TRANSFERRED FROM: | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 104,826 | \$ 104,826 |
| Highway Fund | | 26 | - | - | | 10,779 | 10,805 |
| Federal Fund | | - | - | - | | 13,436 | 13,436 |
| Health & Social Services Fund | | 1,000 | - | - | | 344 | 1,344 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 66,202 | 45 | 90 | | 3,599 | 69,936 |
| Unemployment Fund | | - | 660 | - | | 5,971 | 6,631 |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | _ | <u> </u> | | 923 | | 41,860 | 42,783 |
| TOTALS | \$ | 67,228 | \$ 705 | \$ 1,013 | \$ | 180,815 | \$ 249,761 |

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statutes require to collect them to the fund that statutes require to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) move profits from the State Lottery Fund as required by law.

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as presented in the financial statements at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

| | General Fund | Highway Fund | Federal Fund | Health and Social Services | Permanent School Fund | Nonmajor Governmenta Funds | I | Other Funds | Unemploymer Insurance | nt | Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | TOTALS |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----|----------------|--------------------------|----|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Payroll and Withholdings Payables to | \$ 19,886 \$ | 6,542 | \$ 7,034 | \$ 751 | \$ - | \$ 4,374 | \$ | 1,926 | \$ - | \$ | 298 \$ | 40,811 |
| Vendors Payables to | 71,951 | 75,089 | 49,429 | 9,435 | 117,239 | 34,876 | | 11,507 | 2,952 | | 24,978 | 397,456 |
| Governments Due to | 39,559 | 15,696 | 121,659 | 1,043 | 7,173 | 6,007 | | 234 | - | | 19 | 191,390 |
| Fiduciary Funds * Miscellaneous | - - <u>-</u> _ | <u>-</u> | - | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | 477 | | 47,303 - | 32 | _ | - 6,833 | 47,303 7,342 |
| TOTALS | \$ 131,396 | 97,327 | \$ 178,122 | \$ 11,229 | \$ 124,412 | \$ 45,734 | \$ | 60,970 | \$ 2,984 | \$ | 32,128 \$ | 684,302 |

^{*} This amount represents amounts due to fiduciary funds, which were classified as external payables on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

7. Noncurrent Liabilities

Changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

| | EGINNING BALANCE | ı | NCREASES | D | ECREASES | | ENDING BALANCE | AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | | | | |
|--|---------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Claims Payable | \$ 254,662 | \$ | 2,050,753 | \$ | 2,020,756 | \$ | 284,659 | \$ | 238,392 | | | |
| Capital Lease Obligations Obligations Under Other | 15,475 | | 25,480 | | 6,175 | | 34,780 | | 9,820 | | | |
| Financing Arrangements | - | | 1,425 | | 1,425 | | _ | | - | | | |
| Compensated Absences | 131,142 | | 18,309 | | 17,861 | | 131,590 | | 11,845 | | | |
| Net Pension Liability | 289,309 | | 48,102 | | | _ | 337,411 | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Totals | \$ 690,588 | \$ | 2,144,069 | \$ | 2,046,217 | \$ | 788,440 | \$ | 260,057 | | | |
| Business-type Activities: Unemployment Insurance: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Claims Payable | \$ 7,759 | \$ | 78,727 | \$ | 80,141 | \$ | 6,345 | \$ | 6,345 | | | |
| Compensated Absences | <u> </u> | | 7 | | 7 | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Totals for Unemployment Insurance | 7,759 | | 78,734 | | 80,148 | | 6,345 | | 6,345 | | | |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Claims Payable | 18,748 | | 8,417 | | 9,750 | | 17,415 | | 8,176 | | | |
| Compensated Absences | 910 | | 78 | | 82 | | 906 | | 81 | | | |
| Totals for Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | 19,658 | | 8,495 | | 9,832 | | 18,321 | | 8,257 | | | |
| Totals for Business-type Activities | \$ 27,417 | \$ | 87,229 | \$ | 89,980 | \$ | 24,666 | \$ | 14,602 | | | |

The amount of claims payable reported in the fund financial statements are due and payable at fiscal year end. Claims payable, compensated absences and capital lease obligations typically have been liquidated in the general, special revenue and internal service funds. Obligations under other financing arrangements have been liquidated in the special revenue funds.

8. Lease Commitments

Capital and Operating Leases. The State leases land, office facilities, equipment, and other assets under both capital and operating leases. Although the lease terms may vary, all leases are subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature.

The minimum annual lease payments (principal and interest) and the present value of future minimum payments for capital leases as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

| | | ERNMENTAL |
|------------------------|----|-----------|
| YEAR | A | CTIVITIES |
| 2017 | \$ | 10,374 |
| 2018 | | 8,443 |
| 2019 | | 6,726 |
| 2020 | | 5,954 |
| 2021 | | 3,304 |
| 2022-2026 | | 1,586 |
| Total Minimum Payments | | 36,387 |
| Less: Interest and | | |
| executory costs | | 1,607 |
| Present value of net | | |
| minimum payments | \$ | 34,780 |
| | | |

Capital leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The following is an analysis of property and equipment under capital leases as of June 30, 2016:

| | /ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Equipment Less: accumulated | \$ 48,480 |
| depreciation | (19,197) |
| Carrying value | \$ 29,283 |

The minimum annual lease payments for operating leases as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

| YEAR | ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| 2017 | \$ 9,278 |
| 2018 | 3,847 |
| 2019 | 3,767 |
| 2020 | 3,640 |
| 2021 | 3,386 |
| 2022-2026 | 6,090 |
| 2027-2031 | 4,904 |
| 2032-2036 | 3,798 |
| Total | \$ 38,710 |

Primary Government operating lease payments for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$14,546.

Lessor Transactions. The State also is a lessor of property, primarily farm land leased by the Board of Educational Lands and Funds to farmers and ranchers. At June 30, 2016, the State owned approximately 1.3 million acres of land that was under lease. Under the terms of the leases, the annual payments are subject to change based on annual market analysis. Total rents of \$54,338 were received under these and other lease agreements for the year ended June 30, 2016.

9. Obligations Under Other Financing Arrangements

The State has entered into special financing arrangements with certain public benefit corporations to fund certain grant programs. Under these arrangements, the State enters into an agreement with a public benefit corporation, the Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (NIFA), whereby NIFA issues bonds, the proceeds of which, along with federal capitalization grants, are used to provide loans to various municipalities and local units of government in Nebraska that qualify for such loans. Such loans are used for improvements to wastewater and drinking water treatment facilities. Funds to repay NIFA come from the municipalities and units of government to which the loans are given.

On June 18, 2015 the State in-substance defeased the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds, series 2010A, by depositing \$2,680 with an escrow agent in trust. The in-substance defeasance was funded by available cash. Debt is considered defeased in substance for accounting and financial reporting purposes if the debtor irrevocably places cash or other assets with an escrow agent in a trust to be used solely for satisfying scheduled payments of both interest and principal of the defeased debt. These bonds are scheduled to be redeemed on July 1, 2017.

Accordingly, trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. As of June 30, 2016, bonds totaling \$2,315 are considered defeased.

As of June 30, 2016 the State has no Obligations Under Other Financing Arrangements.

10. Governmental Fund Balances

The State's governmental fund balances represent: (1) Restricted Purposes, which include balances that are legally restricted for specific purposes due to constraints that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; (2) Committed Purposes, which include balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Legislature; (3) Assigned Purposes, which includes balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. A summary of the nature and purpose of these reserves by fund type at June 30, 2016, follows:

Governmental Fund Balances

| | | | | | Health and | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | General Fund | Highway Fund | Federal Fund | | Social Services | Permanent chool Fund | Nonmajor Funds |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | |
| Education | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 248,226 | \$ 29,289 |
| Health and Social Services | - | - | - | | 527,322 | - | 36,944 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | - | - | - | | - | - | 629,420 |
| Transportation | - | 205,110 | - | | - | - | 10,512 |
| Licensing and Regulation | - | - | - | | - | - | 109,736 |
| Economic Development | - | - | - | | - | - | 62,556 |
| Public Safety | - | - | - | | - | - | 28,710 |
| Culture – Recreation | - | - | - | | - | - | 48,153 |
| Other Purposes | | | 8,162 | | | | 39,258 |
| Total Restricted | \$ | \$ 205,110 | \$ 8,162 | \$ | 527,322 | \$ 248,226 | \$ 994,578 |
| Committed to: | | _ | | | | | |
| Economic Stabilization | 730,655 | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Other Purposes | _ | | | _ | | | 113,034 |
| Total Committed | \$ 730,655 | \$ _ | \$ _ | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 113,034 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | | |
| Education | - | - | - | | - | - | 635 |
| Health and Social Services | - | - | - | | 555 | - | 1,541 |
| Licensing and Regulation | - | - | - | | - | - | 40,211 |
| Economic Development | - | - | - | | - | - | 75 |
| Public Safety | - | - | - | | - | - | 695 |
| Culture – Recreation | - | - | - | | - | - | 91 |
| Other Purposes | | | | _ | | | 2,434 |
| Total Assigned | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 555 | \$ | \$ 45,682 |

11. Contingencies and Commitments

Grants and Contracts. The State participates in various federally assisted grant programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal audit may become a liability of the State.

All State agencies including institutions of higher education are required to comply with various federal regulations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget if such agency or institution is a recipient of federal grants, contracts, or other sponsored agreements. Certain agencies or institutions may not be in total compliance with these regulations. Failure to comply may result in questions concerning the allowability of related direct and indirect charges pursuant to such agreements. Management believes that the ultimate disallowance pertaining to these regulations, if any, will not be material to the overall financial condition of the State, except for the following event identified subsequent to June 30, 2016: On November 16, 2016 the State disclosed having received, on or before June 30, 2016, audit reports claiming payment for disallowed costs, penalties and fines for the State's failure to meet federal requirements related to various federal grant programs. The State is in the process of contesting these claims. However, there exists a reasonable possibility that they will be settled in the future at an estimated amount of \$45 million or more.

Litigation. The State is named as a party in legal proceedings that occur in the normal course of governmental operations. Such litigation includes, but is not limited to, claims asserted against the State arising from alleged torts, alleged breaches of contract, condemnation proceedings and other alleged violations of State and Federal laws. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the State for these proceedings. It is the State's opinion that the ultimate liability for these and other proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the State's financial position.

The State also has been named as a party in legal proceedings that occur outside of the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the State for all of these proceedings. The effects of this litigation, if any, will be reflected in future years, as the uncertainties regarding the litigation are determined.

12. Risk Management

Through Administrative Services, the State maintains insurance and self-insurance programs. Workers' compensation, employee health care, general liability and employee indemnification are generally self-insured. However, the State does carry surety bonds for constitutional officers. All vehicles owned by the State are covered to the maximum of \$5,000 limit and a \$300 retention per occurrence for liability (bodily injury and property damage to personal or real property) caused by a State vehicle. There is also an additional \$300 corridor retention.

Risk Management has procured excess commercial crime coverage in the amount of \$31,000 with a self-insured retention of \$25. Risk Management has procured excess property coverage in the amount of \$251,000 with a self-insured retention of \$200. Each State agency has the option of purchasing insurance coverage for its contents, i.e. personal property. This coverage is not required, but Risk Management will purchase such coverage on behalf of an agency at its direction. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years. Administrative Services provides life insurance for eligible State employees. These activities are reported in the Risk Management Internal Service Fund.

Claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The balance of claims liabilities is determined by an analysis of past, current, and future estimated loss experience. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability may not result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors, but do not include non-incremental claims adjustment expenses.

The liability for workers' compensation is recorded as a claims payable of \$45,432 at a discounted rate of 2.0 percent (\$7,534).

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities of the Risk Management Internal Service Fund during the years ended June 30, 2016, and 2015, were as follows:

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----------------------|------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | 2015 | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Balance Current Year Claims and | \$ | 78,146 | \$ | 72,693 | | | | | | | |
| Changes in Estimates Claim Payments | | (222,553) 219,755 | | (192,391) 197,844 | | | | | | | |
| Ending Balance | \$ | 75,348 | \$ | 78,146 | | | | | | | |

13. Pension Plans

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each plan and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by each plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plans Administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board

The Public Employees Retirement Board (the Board), which consists of eight members, was created in 1971 to administer the Nebraska retirement plans then in existence. Those plans were the School, State Employees', Judges' and State Patrol plans. In October of 1973, the Board assumed the administration of the Nebraska County Employee Retirement System. The plans have been created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Sections 401(a), 414(h) and 414(k). Contribution and benefit provisions are established by State law and may only be amended by the State Legislature.

The Board prepares separate reports for the defined contribution plans and for the defined benefit plans. Copies of these reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans may be obtained on the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System (NPERS) website at: npers.ne.gov. Information on NPERS may also be obtained by writing to Public Employees Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 94816, Lincoln, NE 68509-4816, or by calling 402-471-2053.

Basis of Accounting. The financial statements of the plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, and are included as pension trust funds in the accompanying financial statements. Plan member and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Plan Description and Funding Policy. By State law, there is to be an equitable allocation of all plan administration expenses among the retirement systems administered by the Board, and all such expenses shall be provided from the investment income earned by the various retirement funds.

The main benefits provided by each of these plans are retirement benefits. However, the plan also provides ancillary benefits in the event of pre-retirement death, disability, or termination of employment prior to meeting the eligibility requirements to retire.

Following is a summary of each of these plans:

State Employees' Retirement. This single-employer plan became effective by statute on January 1, 1964. Prior to January 1, 2003, the plan consisted of a defined contribution plan that covered employees of the State. Effective January 1, 2003, a cash balance benefit was added to the State Employees Retirement Act. The cash balance benefit is a type of defined benefit plan. Each member employed and participating in the retirement system prior to January 1, 2003, elected to either continue participation in the defined contribution option or begin participation in the cash balance benefit. All new members of the plan on and after January 1, 2003, become members of the cash balance benefit. For both Cash Balance and Defined Contribution plans, benefits are vested after three years of plan participation. Members can become vested in less than three years if they attain age 55 before terminating employment, die before terminating employment or qualify for disability retirement.

Under the cash balance benefit, a member upon attainment of age 55, regardless of service, receives a retirement allowance equal to the accumulated employee and employer cash balance accounts, including interest credits, annuitized for payment in the normal form. The normal form of payment is a single life annuity with five-year-certain, payable monthly. Members will have the option to convert their member cash balance account to a monthly annuity and have the option to purchase a built in cost-of-living adjustments of 2.5 percent annually. If the retiree elects an annuity with no cost-of-living adjustments, the monthly annuity amount will never change. If the retiree purchases the cost-of-living adjustment, the annuity dollar amount increases 2.5 percent each year. Also available are additional forms of payment allowed under the plan, which are actuarially equivalent to the normal form, including the option of a full or partial lump-sum.

Under the defined contribution option, a member upon attainment of age 55, regardless of service, the retirement allowance is equal to the sum of the employee and employer accounts. Members have several forms of payment available, including withdrawals, deferrals, annuities, or a combination of these.

For both the cash balance and defined contribution plans, the amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements for the State Employees' Retirement System are for the plan's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

Participation in the plan is required for all permanent full-time employees upon employment. Part-time employees may elect voluntary participation upon reaching age 18. Each member contributes 4.8 percent of their compensation. The State matches a member's contribution at a rate of 156 percent. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 84-1301 through 84-1333 (Reissue 2014) and may be amended only by the Nebraska Legislature. Pursuant to state statute, an actuarial valuation is performed each year to determine the actuarial required contribution. To the extent member

and State payroll-related contributions are insufficient to meet the full actuarial contribution; the remainder is paid by the State.

As of December 31, 2015, there were 24,986 members in the plan. Of these members, 15,663 were active, 7,887 were inactive, and 1,436 were retirees or beneficiaries receiving benefits. The accompanying financial statements include member contributions of \$34,770 and State contributions of \$54,213 for the plan year ended December 31, 2015.

School Employees' Retirement. The State is the plan sponsor for the School Retirement System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with 266 participating school districts; and, the Service Annuity Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The State is also a non-employer contributing entity for the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System.

Participation in the School plan is required for all permanent employees of a Nebraska school district (other than the Omaha Public School District), an educational service unit, the state or county (if the position with the state or county requires a teaching certificate), working at least 20 hours per week on an ongoing basis, or with a full-time contract. Once an employee meets the requirements to participate in the plan, they will remain in the plan until termination or retirement. Members' benefits are vested after five years of plan participation or when termination occurs at age 65 or later.

In this plan, the State is in a special funding situation and contributes 2 percent of estimated payroll for the plan year. The employees' contribution is 9.78 percent of their compensation. Pursuant to state statute, a fixed contribution rate is paid by the employers. Currently the school district's contribution is 101 percent of the employees' contribution. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 79-901 through 79-977.03 (Cum. Supp. 2016, Reissue 2014) and may be amended only by the Nebraska Legislature.

Normal retirement age is 65. Unreduced benefits are also available for a member who is at least age 55 and whose age plus service equals or exceed 85 (Rule of 85). The monthly benefit is equal to the greater of: 1) The sum of a savings annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent of the member's accumulated contributions and a service annuity equal to \$3.50 per year of service; or 2) the average of the three 12-month periods of service as a school employee in which such compensation was the greatest, multiplied by total years of creditable service, multiplied by a formula factor (currently 2 percent) set by statute, and an actuarial factor based on age. For an employee who became a member on or after July 1, 2013, the monthly benefit is equal to the greater of: 1) The sum of a savings annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent of the member's accumulated contributions and a service annuity equal to \$3.50 per year of service; or 2) the average of the five 12-month periods of service in which such compensation was the greatest, multiplied by the total years of creditable service, multiplied by a formula factor (currently 2 percent) set by statute, and an actuarial factor based on age. Benefit calculations vary with early retirement.

For employees who became members prior to July 1, 2013, the benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost-of-living adjustment, which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or two and one-half percent. The current benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary shall be adjusted so that the purchasing power of the benefit being paid is not less than 75 percent of the purchasing power of the initial benefit. For employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013, the benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost-of-living adjustment, which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or one percent.

The accompanying financial statements include member contributions of \$177,152, employer contributions of \$179,609, and State contributions of \$36,920 for the plan year ended June 30, 2016.

The Service Annuity Plan provides benefits for the employees of the Omaha Public School District equal to \$3.50 times years of services. In this plan, the State is in a special funding situation because the benefits provided to the employees of the Omaha Public School District are funded exclusively by the State. There are no employee or employer contributions made to the plan. The benefit and contribution provisions for this plan are established by State law and may be amended only by the Nebraska Legislature.

Retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of service. Early retirement is at age 55 with 10 years of service, five of which must be with the Omaha Public School District. The benefit vests when the member has five years of service.

As of September 1, 2015, there were 8,377 members in the plan. Of these members, 7,393 were active and 984 were inactive. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the Service Annuity received \$997 in non-employer contributions from the State.

Under state statutes, the State, as a non-employer contributing entity with a special funding situation in the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System, contributes 2% of the members' compensation. The accompanying financial statements include the State's special funding contribution of \$6,661 for the plan year ended June 30, 2016.

Judges Retirement. The Judges Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The membership includes judges and associate judges employed by the State for the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, District Courts, Workers' Compensation Court, County Courts, and Juvenile Courts. Benefits vest when the member takes office.

Retirement is at age 65 with benefits calculated using the compensation for the three 12-month periods of service as a judge in which compensation was the greatest, or the average monthly compensation, multiplied by the total years of service and the formula factor of 3.5 percent, subject to a maximum of 70 percent of the final average salary. The calculation varies with early retirement.

The benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost-of-living adjustment which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or two and one-half percent. The current benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary shall be adjusted so that the purchasing power of the benefit being paid is not less than 75 percent of the purchasing power of the initial benefit.

The plan is funded by members' contributions, a portion of court fees collected, and the State's contribution. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 24-701 through 24-714 (Reissue 2016)) and may be amended only by the Nebraska Legislature. Each member hired after July 1, 2004, contributes nine percent of their monthly salary until the maximum benefit has been earned. After earning the maximum benefit, members contribute five percent of their monthly salary for the remainder of their active service. All other members contribute seven percent of their monthly salary for the remainder of their active service. A six dollar fee for each case is collected for District and County courts, Juvenile courts, the Workers' Compensation Court, the Supreme Court, and the Court of Appeals, plus a 10 percent charge on certain fees collected in the County courts. An actuarial valuation is performed each year to determine the actuarial required contribution. To the extent member contributions and court fees are insufficient to meet the full actuarial required contribution, the remainder is paid by the State.

As of June 30, 2016, there were 335 members in the plan. Of these members, 149 were active, 2 were inactive, 5 were disabled and 179 were retirees or beneficiaries receiving benefits. The accompanying financial statements include member contributions of \$1,651, court fees of \$3,459 and State contributions of \$0 for the plan year ended June 30, 2016.

State Patrol Retirement. The State Patrol Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for officers of the Nebraska State Patrol.

Participation is required upon employment. Members are required to contribute sixteen percent of their monthly salary, and the State Patrol contributes sixteen percent. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law (Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 81-2014 through 81-2041 (Cum. Supp. 2016, Reissue 2014) and may be amended only by the Nebraska Legislature. Pursuant to this statute, an actuarial valuation is performed each year to determine the actuarial required contribution. To the extent the member and employer statutory contributions are insufficient to meet the full actuarial required contribution; the remainder is paid by the State as an additional contribution. Member benefits vest when the officer completes six years of service.

Unreduced retirement benefits are payable upon meeting the following criteria: 1) age 50 and 25 years of service, 2) age 55 and 10 years of service, or 3) age 60 regardless of service. The retirement benefit is calculated using the compensation for the three 12-month periods of service in which compensation was the greatest, multiplied by the total years of service and the formula factor of 3.0 percent, subject to a maximum of 75 percent of the final average salary. The calculation varies with early retirement which is available at age 50 and 10 years of service.

The benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost-of-living adjustment which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or two and one-half percent. The current benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary shall be adjusted so that the purchasing power of the benefit being paid is not less than 60% of the purchasing power of the initial benefit.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Neb. Rev. Stat. § 81-2041 (Cum. Supp. 2016) established the Patrol DROP effective September 1, 2008. The DROP is a voluntary deferred retirement plan that a member can enter between the ages of 50 and 60, with 25 years of service. Upon choosing to participate in DROP, the member is deemed to have retired; however, the member continues in active employment for up to a five-year period with no retirement contributions withheld from his or her paychecks. When the member enters DROP, the individual's monthly benefit is calculated and paid into an IRC § 414(k) Deferred Compensation Plan (DCP). After the member retires (60 years of age) or has been in DROP for five years, whichever occurs first, the member then has the option to receive a lump sum payment and/or rollover the funds in the DCP account to another qualified plan. Thereafter, future retirement benefit payments are made directly to the member.

As of June 30, 2016, there were 891 members in the plan. Of these members, 393 were active, 27 were inactive, 15 were disabled, 52 were participating in the DROP program, and 404 were retirees or beneficiaries receiving benefits. The accompanying financial statements include member contributions of \$4,360, and State contributions of \$7,086 for the plan year ended June 30, 2016.

Other Plan Administered

County Employees' Retirement. In 1973, the State Legislature brought the County Employees' Retirement System under the administration of the Board. This cost-sharing multiple-employer plan covers employees of 91 of the 93 counties and several county health districts. Douglas and Lancaster counties have separate retirement plans for their employees by State law. Prior to January 1, 2003, the plan consisted of a defined contribution plan. Effective January 1, 2003, a cash balance benefit was added to the County Employees Retirement Act. The cash balance benefit is a type of defined benefit plan. Each member employed and participating in the retirement system prior to January 1, 2003 elected to either continue participation in the defined contribution option or begin participation in the cash balance benefit. All new members of the Plan on and after January 1, 2003 become members of the cash balance benefit. Under the cash balance benefit, a member upon attainment of age 55, regardless of service, receives a retirement allowance equal to the accumulated employee and employer cash balance accounts, including interest credits, annuitized for payment. Members have options on how to receive the payment. For both Cash Balance and Defined Contribution plans, benefits are vested after three years of plan participation. Members can become vested in less than three years if they attain age 55 before terminating employment, die before terminating employment or qualify for disability retirement.

Participation in the plan is required of all full-time employees upon employment and of all full-time elected officials upon taking office. Part-time employees may elect voluntary participation upon reaching age 18. Part-time elected officials may exercise the option to participate. County employees and elected officials contribute four and one half percent of their total compensation. Commissioned law enforcement personnel in participating counties with less than 85,000 inhabitants contribute an extra one percent, or a total of five and one half percent of their total compensation. Commissioned law enforcement personnel in participating counties with a population in excess of 85,000 inhabitants contribute an extra two percent, or a total of six and one half percent of their total compensation. The counties match a member's contribution at a rate of 150 percent for the first four and one half percent and 100 percent for the extra one and two percent. The State does not contribute to this plan.

As of December 31, 2015, there were 11,342 members in the plan. Of these members, 7,610 were active, 3,219 were inactive, and 513 were retirees or beneficiaries receiving benefits. Members contributed \$13,391 and counties contributed \$19,643 during the year ended December 31, 2015, which was equal to required contributions.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The net pension liability/(asset) calculation for the Judges, Patrol and Service Annuity plans, and the collective net pension liability for the School plan were performed with a measurement date of June 30, 2015. The total pension asset for the Judges plan and the total pension liability for the Patrol, Service Annuity and School plans as of June 30, 2015 were determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of July 1, 2015.

The net pension asset calculation for the State Employees' Retirement plan was performed with a measurement date of December 31, 2015. The total pension asset as of December 31, 2015 was determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of January 1, 2016.

The net pension liability calculation for the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System was performed with a measurement date of August 31, 2015. The total pension liability as of August 31, 2015 was determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of September 1, 2014.

The State Employees' Retirement plan, the State Patrol Retirement plan and the Judges' Retirement plan are all single employer plans with the State as the employer. The State will report 100 percent of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of those plans.

The State is a non-employer with a special funding situation for the school retirement plans. The State reported a \$289,829 total pension liability for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for the school retirement plans. The State's share is a combination of \$188,604 from the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System's School plan, \$3,392 from the Service Annuity plan, and \$97,833 from the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System. The State's percentage of its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System's School plan is 17.32 percent, the Service Annuity plan is 100 percent, and the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System is 16.84 percent. In the School plan and the Omaha School Employees Retirement System, the determination of proportionate share is based on individual employer contribution information.

The key actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability, as of the latest valuation date, are as follows:

| | STATE CASH BALANCE | STATE PATROL RETIREMENT | JUDGES' RETIREMENT | SCHOOL RETIREMENT AND SERVICE ANNUITY | OMAHA SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Measurement Date | 12/31/2015 | 6/30/2015 | 6/30/2015 | 6/30/2015 | 8/31/2015 |
| Actuarial Valuation Date | 1/1/2016 | 7/1/2015 | 7/1/2015 | 7/1/2015 | 9/1/2014 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age | Entry Age | Entry Age | Entry Age | Entry Age |
| Amortization Method | Level dollar amount, closed | Level percent of payroll, closed | Level percent of payroll, closed | Level percent of payroll, closed | Level percent of payroll, closed |
| Single Amortization Period | 25 years | 22 years | 23 years | 21 years | 30 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 5 year smoothed market | 5 year smoothed market | 5 year smoothed market | 5 year smoothed market | market related smoothed value |
| Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return ** Projected Salary Increases ** | 7.75% 4.0% to 5.43% | 8.0% 4.0% to 9.5% | 8.0% 4.0% | 8.0% 4.0% to 9.0% | 8.0% 4.0% to 5.6% |

^{**} Includes assumed inflation of 3.25% per year for State, Judges Patrol, and School plans, 3.00% for Omaha School Employees Retirement System

Mortality Rates. The Judges, State, School, and Service Annuity plans' pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, projected to 2015 using scale AA, set back one year (sex distinct with 55 percent of male rates for males and 40 percent of female rates for females).

The Judges, State, School, and Service Annuity plans' post-retirement rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, projected to 2015 using Scale AA, set-back one year (sex distinct). The Patrol plan's post-retirement mortality rates are the same as pre-retirement rates.

The Patrol plan's pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, projected to 2015 using Scale AA, set-back one year (sex distinct).

The Omaha School Employees' Retirement System pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table, female rates set back 1 year and male rates with no set back, projected on a generational basis using Scale AA. Post-retirement mortality rates are the same as pre-retirement rates.

The Patrol, School and Service Annuity plans' disability mortality rates were based on the 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Annuitants Mortality (unisex). The Judges plan did not utilize a disability mortality rate.

The Omaha School Employees' Retirement System post-disability mortality rates were based on the same tables as the post-retirement tables, with ages set forward 10 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation for the State are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2011. The experience study report is dated August 20, 2012.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuations for the School, Judges, and Patrol plans are based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, for the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011. The experience study report is dated August 20, 2012.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 1, 2014 valuation for the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which covered the five-year period ending August 31, 2012. The experience study report is dated December 23, 2013.

Target Asset Allocation. The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was based upon the expected long-term investment returns provided by a consultant of the Nebraska Investment Council, who is responsible for investing the pension plan assets. The School, Service Annuity, State, Judges, and Patrol plans commingle their investments; thus, the target allocations are the same for each of the plans. The return assumptions were developed using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocations as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return * |
|----------------|-------------------|---|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Return * |
| US Stocks | 29.00% | 4.4% |
| Non-US Stocks | 13.50% | 5.2% |
| Global Stocks | 15.00% | 4.8% |
| Fixed Income | 30.00% | 2.1% |
| Real Estate | 7.50% | 4.4% |
| Private Equity | 5.00% | 6.7% |
| Total | 100.00% | |
| | | |

^{*}Geometric mean, net of investment expense

For the Omaha School Employees' Retirement System, the target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by the System's investment consultant for the last experience study, are summarized in the following table:

| Target Allegation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return * |
|-------------------|---|
| rarget Allocation | |
| 12.00% | 7.1% |
| 15.00% | 7.6% |
| 15.00% | 11.0% |
| 25.00% | 7.6% |
| 5.00% | 3.4% |
| 16.00% | 5.9% |
| 12.00% | 7.0% |
| 100.00% | |
| | 15.00% 15.00% 25.00% 5.00% 16.00% |

^{*}Arithmetic mean, net of investment expenses

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the State and 8 percent for Judges, Patrol and Schools. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The change in the net pension liability/(asset) is presented in the following schedules:

Judges Retirement Plan

| | | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) - (b) |
|--|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Balance at 6/30/2014 | \$ | 156,327 | \$ 158,790 | \$ (2,463) |
| Changes for the year: | _ | | | |
| Service Cost | | 4,759 | - | 4,759 |
| Interest on Total Pension Liability | | 12,171 | - | 12,171 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (2,614) | - | (2,614) |
| Court fees | | - | 2,977 | (2,977) |
| State Appropriations | | - | 94 | (94) |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | | (8,548) | (8,548) | - |
| Employee contributions | | - | 1,611 | (1,611) |
| Net investment income | | - | 5,959 | (5,959) |
| Administrative expenses | _ | - | (83) | 83 |
| Net changes | _ | 5,768 | 2,010 | 3,758 |
| Balance at 6/30/2015 | \$ | 162,095 | \$ 160,800 | \$ 1,295 |

State Retirement Plan

| | | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) - (b) |
|--|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Balance at 12/31/2014 | \$ | 1,199,842 | \$ 1,305,037 | \$ (105,195) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 57,305 | - | 57,305 |
| Interest on Total Pension Liability | | 89,967 | - | 89,967 |
| Benefit term Changes | | 35,892 | - | 35,892 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 721 | - | 721 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | | (85,278) | (85,278) | - |
| Employer contributions | | - | 43,339 | (43,339) |
| Employee contributions | | - | 27,799 | (27,799) |
| Net investment income | | - | 14,784 | (14,784) |
| Administrative expenses | | - | (1,079) | 1,079 |
| Transfers | | 5,849 | 5,849 | - |
| Net changes | | 104,456 | 5,414 | 99,042 |
| Balance at 12/31/2015 | \$ | 1,304,298 | \$ 1,310,451 | \$ (6,153) |

State Patrol Retirement Plan

| | | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) - (b) |
|--|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Balance at 6/30/2014 | \$ | 401,416 | \$ 357,317 | \$ 44,099 |
| Changes for the year: | - | | | |
| Service Cost | | 7,563 | - | 7,563 |
| Interest on Total Pension Liability | | 31,350 | - | 31,350 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | (10,659) | - | (10,659) |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | | (19,459) | (19,459) | - |
| Employer contributions | | - | 8,647 | (8,647) |
| Employee contributions | | - | 4,180 | (4,180) |
| Net investment income | | - | 13,333 | (13,333) |
| Administrative expenses | | - | (117) | 117 |
| Other changes | _ | - | 22 | (22) |
| Net changes | _ | 8,795 | 6,606 | 2,189 |
| Balance at 6/30/2015 | \$ | 410,211 | \$ 363,923 | \$ 46,288 |

Sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the plans calculated using the current discount rate of 8 percent for Judges, Patrol, and School. A current discount rate of 7.75 percent was used for the State plan. The table also shows what the plans' net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

| | 1% Decrease (7.00%) | Current Discount Rate (8.00%) | 1% Increase (9.00%) |
|--------|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| School | \$ 567,877 | \$ 289,829 | \$ 58,424 |
| Judges | 17,695 | 1,295 | (12,848) |
| Patrol | 100,789 | 46,288 | 1,664 |
| | 1% Decrease (6.75%) | Current Discount Rate (7.75%) | 1% Increase (8.75%) |
| State | \$ 104,779 | \$ (6,153) | \$ (101,272) |

Changes to Actuarial Assumptions Subsequent Event to June 30, 2016. At the October 17, 2016 Board Meeting, the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement Board voted to accept the economic and demographic assumptions recommended by the actuary outlined in the 2016 Experience study with an effective date of January 1, 2018, for the State and County Cash Balance Plans. The effective date for the School, Judges, and Patrol plans is July 1, 2017. The key changes in economic assumptions are as follows: Price Inflation, Investment Return, General Wage Growth, Wage Inflation, Cash Balance Interest Crediting Rate, and Cost of Living Adjustment. The key changes in demographic assumptions are as follows: Post Retirement Mortality, Pre-Retirement Mortality, Retirement, Termination, Disability, and Disabled Life Mortality. Details of the assumption changes effective for future years are available in the audited pension financials.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports prepared by the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement Board and the Omaha School Employee Retirement System.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As a result of its requirement to contribute to these retirement plans, the State recognized expense of \$79,670 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Of this amount, \$5,167 pension income was recognized for the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System's School plan, \$73,503 expense was recognized for the State plan, \$9,422 pension expense was recognized for the Omaha School Plan, \$224 pension expense was recognized for the State Patrol Plan, \$851 pension expense was recognized for the Judges Plan, and \$837 in pension expense was recognized for the Service Annuity. In the accompanying financial statements, presented as of June 30, 2016, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

| | D | EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
|--|----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Actuarial Calculations: | | | | | |
| Judges Retirement | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 22 \$ | 2,021 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 5,272 | 8,214 | | |
| Patrol Retirement | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | 10,486 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 11,991 | 18,280 | | |
| School Retirement | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 131 | 33,383 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 75,779 | 90,954 | | |
| Changes in proportion | | 126 | 3,095 | | |
| State Retirement | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 608 | 7,788 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 75,538 | | | |
| Total Actuarial Calculations | | 169,467 | 174,221 | | |
| Employer Contributions Paid Subsequent to Actuarial Measurement Date: | | | | | |
| Judges Retirement | | 3,459 | - | | |
| Patrol Retirement | | 7,086 | - | | |
| School Retirement | | 44,578 | | | |
| TOTAL | \$ | 224,590 \$ | 174,221 | | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ended | Judge | es | Patrol | | Scho | ol | State | | | |
|--------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|--------|--|--|
| June 30: | Outflow | Inflow | Outflow | Inflow | Outflow | Inflow | Outflow | Inflow | | |
| 2017 \$ | 4,787 \$ | 3,331 \$ | 10,084 \$ | 9,279 \$ | 63,538 \$ | 38,619 \$ | 19,557 \$ | 1,715 | | |
| 2018 | 1,328 | 3,331 | 2,998 | 9,279 | 18,960 | 38,619 | 19,557 | 1,715 | | |
| 2019 | 1,321 | 3,331 | 2,998 | 9,194 | 18,960 | 38,619 | 19,557 | 1,715 | | |
| 2020 | 1,318 | 243 | 2,998 | 1,013 | 18,960 | 6,670 | 17,312 | 1,715 | | |
| 2021 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 1,794 | 112 | 1,715 | | |
| Thereafter _ | | | - | | 55 | 15 | 51 | 927 | | |
| Total \$ _ | 8,754 \$ | 10,236 \$ | 19,078 \$ | 28,765 \$ | 120,488 \$ | 124,336 \$ | 76,146 \$ | 9,502 | | |

Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2016, the State reported a payable of \$47,303 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

14. Bonds Payable

Article XIII of the State's Constitution prohibits the State from incurring debt in excess of one hundred thousand dollars. However, there is a provision in the State's Constitution that permits the issuance of revenue bonds for: (1) construction of highways; and (2) construction of water conservation and management structures. At June 30, 2016, there was no outstanding debt for either of these purposes.

The component units issue bonds for various purposes including student housing, parking facilities and special event centers. Net revenues from student housing and dining facilities, special student fees and parking facilities fees are pledged to secure the appropriate issues.

All outstanding bond issues of the University of Nebraska Facilities Corporation and the Nebraska State College Facilities Corporation are general obligations of these corporations. They are separate legal entities that are not subject to State constitutional restrictions on the incurrence of debt, which may apply to the State itself.

| | INTEREST | BALANCE JUNE 30, |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| BONDS PAYABLE | RATES | 2016 |
| COMPONENT UNITS | | |
| University of Nebraska | 1.00%-6.00% | \$ 826,625 |
| Nebraska State Colleges | 0.30%-5.05% | 67,049 |
| Component Units Total | | \$ 893,674 |

COMPONENT UNITS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

| YEAR | PRINCIPAL | | INTEREST | TOTAL |
|-------------|------------------|----|----------|-----------------|
| 2017 | \$ 61,061 | \$ | 36,768 | \$ 97,829 |
| 2018 | 90,970 | | 33,984 | 124,954 |
| 2019 | 71,756 | | 30,778 | 102,534 |
| 2020 | 55,032 | | 28,272 | 83,304 |
| 2021 | 72,485 | | 26,301 | 98,786 |
| 2022 - 2026 | 180,900 | | 101,499 | 282,399 |
| 2027 - 2031 | 155,320 | | 64,695 | 220,015 |
| 2032 - 2036 | 102,855 | | 35,937 | 138,792 |
| 2037 - 2041 | 70,490 | | 14,442 | 84,932 |
| 2042 - 2046 | 31,745 | | 2,995 | 34,740 |
| 2047 | 1,060 | _ | 19 | 1,079 |
| Total | \$ 893,674 | \$ | 375,690 | \$ 1,269,364 |

15. Restatements

Component Units Net Position – The Nebraska State College System restated prior year net position due to overstatement of some liabilities and understatement of assets. These errors caused the fiscal year 2015 ending net position to be understated. As a result, the beginning Net Position for Component Units on the Statement of Activities increased by \$457.

University of Nebraska Foundation – As of July 1, 2015, the Board of Directors for the UNF Charitable Gift Fund (UNFCGF), a related organization, amended its articles of incorporation and bylaws to grant control of its board to the Board of Directors of the Foundation. The Foundation has accounted for the change in control as a change in reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. As such, the financial statements of the UNFCGF are consolidated with the Foundation's 2016 financial statements and its net assets as of July 1, 2015 of \$4,736, have been reflected as an addition to net assets in the accompanying statement of activities.

The Federal Fund beginning Fund Balance for fiscal year 2015 was increased by \$5,957 due to a loans receivable that had not been reported in the prior year. This resulted in an increase in the Governmental Activities Net Position – Beginning on the Statement of Activities of \$5,957.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | GENERAL FUND | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | - | ORIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | | ACTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 4,348,099 | \$ 4,294,243 | \$ | 4,182,224 | \$ (112,019) | | | | | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | | 624 | 624 | | 624 | - | | | | | | |
| Sales and Charges | | 22,219 | 22,219 | | 22,219 | - | | | | | | |
| Other | | 34,975 | 34,975 | <u> </u> | 34,975 | | | | | | | |
| Total Revenues | | 4,405,917 | 4,352,061 | | 4,240,042 | (112,019) | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 375,688 | 377,657 | | 354,255 | 23,402 | | | | | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | 47,646 | 47,566 | | 34,533 | 13,033 | | | | | | |
| Culture – Recreation | | 13,194 | 13,278 | | 10,442 | 2,836 | | | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | 25,423 | 25,671 | | 13,093 | 12,578 | | | | | | |
| Education | | 2,016,004 | 2,010,981 | | 1,967,932 | 43,049 | | | | | | |
| Health and Social Services | | 1,802,478 | 1,695,420 | | 1,524,174 | 171,246 | | | | | | |
| Public Safety | | 321,947 | 326,351 | | 287,441 | 38,910 | | | | | | |
| Regulation of Business and Professions Transportation | | 4,144 | 4,177 | | 3,780 | 397 | | | | | | |
| Capital Projects | | 8,989 | 8,989 | | | 8,989 | | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 4,615,513 | 4,510,090 | | 4,195,650 | 314,440 | | | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | - | (209,596) | (158,029 |) _ | 44,392 | 202,421 | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 152,313 | 152,313 | | 152,313 | - | | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | (391,593) | (391,593 |) | (391,593) | - | | | | | | |
| Other | | 226 | 226 | | 226 | | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (239,054) | (239,054 |) | (239,054) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (448,650) | (397,083 |) | (194,662) | 202,421 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | | 1,455,381 | 1,455,381 | | 1,455,381 | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | <u>\$</u> | 1,006,731 | \$ 1,058,298 | \$ | 1,260,719 | \$ 202,421 | | | | | | |
| A reconciliation of the budgetary basis versus GAAP fund balance General Fund as of June 30, 2016, follows: | e for the | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Actual Fund Balances, budgetary basis, June 30, 2016 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General | | | | \$ | 530,064 | | | | | | | |
| Cash Reserve | | | | | 730,655 | | | | | | | |
| Budgetary fund balances | | | | | 1,260,719 | | | | | | | |
| DIFFERENCES DUE TO BASIS OF ACCOUNTING: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Record State contributions due pension funds | | | | | (47,303) | | | | | | | |
| Record claims payable | | | | | (104,060) | | | | | | | |
| Record other net accrued receivables and liabilities | | | | | 19,055 | | | | | | | |
| GAAP fund balance, June 30, 2016 | | | | \$ | 1,128,411 | | | | | | | |
| • | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

CASH FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | CASH FUNDS | | | | | | | |
|---|----|--------------------|----|-----------------|----|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | _ | ORIGINAL BUDGET | | FINAL BUDGET | | ACTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 176,265 | \$ | 176,265 | \$ | 176,265 | \$ - | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | | 413,749 | | 413,749 | | 413,749 | - | | |
| Sales and Charges | | 635,073 | | 635,073 | | 635,073 | - | | |
| Other | _ | 193,651 | | 193,651 | _ | 193,651 | | | |
| Total Revenues | _ | 1,418,738 | _ | 1,418,738 | | 1,418,738 | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 292,795 | | 295,401 | | 279,402 | 15,999 | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | 165,959 | | 180,754 | | 78,692 | 102,062 | | |
| Culture – Recreation | | 92,661 | | 93,190 | | 29,651 | 63,539 | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | 79,393 | | 98,937 | | 33,108 | 65,829 | | |
| Education | | 660,680 | | 693,478 | | 488,567 | 204,911 | | |
| Health and Social Services | | 205,497 | | 205,597 | | 145,447 | 60,150 | | |
| Public Safety | | 60,173 | | 60,173 | | 37,926 | 22,247 | | |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | | 168,064 | | 167,407 | | 112,863 | 54,544 | | |
| Transportation | | 974,694 | | 989,694 | | 943,506 | 46,188 | | |
| Capital Projects | | | | 44,933 | | 17,699 | | | |
| · | _ | 44,933 | _ | | _ | | 27,234 | | |
| Total Expenditures | | 2,744,849 | _ | 2,829,564 | | 2,166,861 | 662,703 | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | (4.000.444) | | (4, 440, 000) | | (740,400) | 000 700 | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | _ | (1,326,111) | _ | (1,410,826) | _ | (748,123) | 662,703 | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 1,345,938 | | 1,345,938 | | 1,345,938 | - | | |
| Transfers Out | | (612,571) | | (612,571) | | (612,571) | _ | | |
| Other | | 3,203 | | 3,203 | | 3,203 | _ | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 736,570 | _ | 736,570 | | 736,570 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (589,541) | | (674,256) | | (11,553) | 662,703 | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | _ | 1,174,790 | _ | 1,174,790 | | 1,174,790 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ | 585,249 | \$ | 500,534 | \$ | 1,163,237 | \$ 662,703 | | |
| A reconciliation of the budgetary basis versus GAAP fund balance for the Major Funds as of June 30, 2016, follows : Actual Fund Balances, budgetary basis, June 30, 2016 Cash | | | | | \$ | 1,163,237 | | | |
| Construction Federal | | | | | | 85,150 57,657 | | | |
| Revolving | | | | | _ | 400,840 | | | |
| Budgetary fund balances | | | | | | 1,706,884 | | | |
| Unbudgeted fund balances | | | | | | 2,124,844 | | | |
| Non-major fund balances | | | | | | (1,599,167) | | | |
| Differences due to basis of accounting | | | | | _ | (707,413) | | | |
| GAAP fund balance, June 30, 2016 | | | | | \$ | 1,525,148 | | | |
| Actual Fund Balances of Major Funds, June 30, 2016 | | | | | | | | | |
| Highway | | | | | \$ | 207,865 | | | |
| Federal | | | | | | 8,308 | | | |
| Health and Social Services | | | | | | 527,979 | | | |
| Permanent School | | | | | | 780,996 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CONSTRUCTION FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | CONSTRUCTION FUNDS | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | _ | ORIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | ACTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | | | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Sales and Charges | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | | 1,639 | 1,639 | 1,639 | | | | | |
| Total Revenues | | 1,639 | 1,639 | 1,639 | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Culture – Recreation | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Education | | 73,397 | 73,397 | 38,767 | 34,630 | | | | |
| Health and Social Services | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public Safety | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Transportation | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Capital Projects | _ | 67,899 | 70,945 | 11,962 | 58,983 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | _ | 141,296 | 144,342 | 50,729 | 93,613 | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | _ | (139,657) | (142,703) | (49,090) | 93,613 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 60,880 | 60,880 | 60,880 | - | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | 60,880 | 60,880 | 60,880 | - | | | | |
| | | /=o ===: | (0.1.005) | | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (78,777) | (81,823) | 11,790 | 93,613 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | _ | 73,360 | 73,360 | 73,360 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ _ | (5,417) | (8,463) \$ | 85,150 | \$ 93,613 | | | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FEDERAL FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | FEDERAL FUNDS | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | _ | ORIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | ACTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | - | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - | | | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | | 2,582,763 | 2,582,763 | 2,582,763 | - | | | | |
| Sales and Charges | | 20,613 | 20,613 | 20,613 | - | | | | |
| Other | _ | 10,719 | 10,719 | 10,719 | | | | | |
| Total Revenues | _ | 2,614,095 | 2,614,095 | 2,614,095 | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 5,505 | 7,407 | 3,984 | 3,423 | | | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | 56,175 | 64,103 | 48,727 | 15,376 | | | | |
| Culture – Recreation | | 3,709 | 5,116 | 2,734 | 2,382 | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | 83,794 | 99,750 | 53,528 | 46,222 | | | | |
| Education | | 1,016,364 | 1,019,972 | 876,778 | 143,194 | | | | |
| Health and Social Services | | 2,269,802 | 2,270,165 | 1,553,906 | 716,259 | | | | |
| Public Safety | | 74,415 | 131,950 | 80,556 | 51,394 | | | | |
| Regulation of Business and Professions Transportation | | 3,325 | 3,325 | 2,064 | 1,261 | | | | |
| Capital Projects | | 74,005 | 74,005 | - | 74,005 | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | - | 3,587,094 | 3,675,793 | 2,622,277 | 1,053,516 | | | | |
| Total Experiultures | - | 3,367,094 | 3,073,793 | 2,022,211 | 1,055,510 | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | _ | (972,999) | (1,061,698) | (8,182) | 1,053,516 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 41,768 | 41,768 | 41,768 | - | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | (41,181) | (41,181) | (41,181) | - | | | | |
| Other | _ | (1,453) | (1,453) | (1,453) | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | _ | (866) | (866) | (866) | - | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (973,865) | (1,062,564) | (9,048) | 1,053,516 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | | 66,705 | 66,705 | 66,705 | - | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ _ | (907,160) \$ | | 57,657 | \$ 1,053,516 | | | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REVOLVING FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | REVOLVING FUNDS | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|---|------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | ORIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | ACTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | 20202. | 71010712 | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | _ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | • | 5,127 | 5,127 | 5,127 | - | | | | |
| Sales and Charges | | 580,224 | 580,224 | 580,224 | - | | | | |
| Other | | 238,034 | 238,034 | 238,034 | - | | | | |
| Total Revenues | _ | 823,385 | 823,385 | 823,385 | _ | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | 245,671 | 246,961 | 207,793 | 39,168 | | | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Culture – Recreation | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | 662 | 662 | 652 | 10 | | | | |
| Education | | 673,186 | 780,396 | 576,734 | 203,662 | | | | |
| Health and Social Services | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Public Safety | | 23,105 | 23,105 | 18,053 | 5,052 | | | | |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Transportation | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Capital Projects | | | | - | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | | 942,624 | 1,051,124 | 803,232 | 247,892 | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | | (119,239) | (227,739) | 20,153 | 247,892 | | | | |
| , (, p | _ | (2, 22, | , | ., | , | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 111,933 | 111,933 | 111,933 | - | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | (103,836) | (103,836) | (103,836) | - | | | | |
| Other | | 2,735 | 2,735 | 2,735 | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | 10,832 | 10,832 | 10,832 | | | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (108,407) | (216,907) | 30,985 | 247,892 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | | 369,855 | 369,855 | 369,855 | - | | | | |
| • | Φ. | | | | ф 247 000 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | <u>\$</u> | 261,448 | \$ 152,948 | \$ 400,840 | \$ 247,892 | | | | |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR BUDGETARY COMPARISONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Process

The State's biennial budget cycle ends on June 30 of the odd-numbered years. By September 15, prior to a biennium, all State agencies, including the university and colleges, must submit their budget requests for the biennium beginning the following July 1. The requests are submitted on forms that show estimated funding requirements by programs, subprograms, and activities. The Governor reviews the agency requests, establishes priorities, and presents the Legislature with one or more pieces of legislation covering the biennium. The Legislature holds hearings on the Governor's proposed budget, adopts changes and presents final legislation to the Governor. The Governor can either: a) approve the appropriation bill in its entirety, b) veto the bill, or c) line item veto certain sections of the bill. Any vetoed bill or line item can be overridden by a three-fifths majority of the Legislature.

The approved appropriations set spending limits by fund type for programs within each agency. These limits may include up to five budgetary fund types. Thus, the legal level of control is fund type within program within agency. The central accounting system maintains this control. A separate publication titled "Annual Budgetary Report" shows the detail of this legal level of control. This publication is available from the State Accounting Division of Administrative Services.

Appropriations are made for each fiscal year of the biennium; balances at the end of the first fiscal year are carried over into the second fiscal year, unless directed otherwise by the Legislature. For most appropriations, balances lapse at the end of the biennium.

The budgetary fund types used by the State differ from those presented in the basic financial statements. The budgetary funds, which are listed below, are generally segregated by revenue sources. Of these seven fund types, only the first five are subject to the spending limits set by the appropriations bills. The General Fund is the only major fund that corresponds to a budgetary fund type, so the General Fund is the only major fund that has a budget.

General Fund. To account for activities funded by general tax dollars, primarily sales and income taxes.

Cash Reserve Fund. This is part of the General Fund, and is used to account for financial resources to be used as a reserve for the General Fund if the General Fund balance should become inadequate to meet current obligations. The Cash Reserve Fund is part of the budgetary basis fund balance.

Cash Funds. To account for the financing of goods or services provided by a State agency to individuals or entities outside State government on a cost-reimbursement basis, and to account for the revenues and expenditures related to highway construction.

Construction Funds. To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Federal Funds. To account for the financial resources related to the receipt and disbursement of funds generated from the federal government as a result of grants and contracts, except for federal highway and airport development monies accounted for in the Cash Funds

Revolving Funds. To account for the financing of goods or services provided by one State agency to another State agency on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Trust Funds. To account for assets held in a trustee capacity.

Distributive Funds. To account for assets held as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments and/or other funds.

The accompanying basic financial statements were prepared by converting budgetary fund data into the fund format required by GAAP. The cash basis of accounting is used for all budgetary fund types.

All State budgetary expenditures for the general, cash, construction, federal and revolving fund types are made pursuant to appropriations that may be amended by the Legislature, upon approval by the Governor. State agencies may allocate appropriations between object of expenditure accounts, except that personal service expenditures that exceed limitations contained in the appropriations bill require Legislative amendment. Any changes in appropriations are made through an annual deficit bill or other legislation. Appropriations from the federal fund type are considered to be estimated and the Legislature has approved an administrative procedure for changing them. During fiscal year 2016, the Legislature passed deficit appropriation bills that increased the allowable expenditure level in several of the programs.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, there were no budgetary programs in which expenditures exceeded appropriations. Revenues are not budgeted for any funds except for General Fund tax revenues.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFORMATION ABOUT INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTED USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include approximately 10,000 miles of highway and bridges the State is responsible to maintain.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the State is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the State.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

Measurement Scale

The Nebraska Department of Roads uses the Nebraska Serviceability Index (NSI) to measure and monitor pavement conditions. The NSI is a numerical pavement rating scale used to monitor the condition on a scale ranging from 0 to 100 with 0 being the worst and 100 being the best. NSI represents the condition of the pavement at the time of measurement and is based on pavement's surface distresses. Surface distresses include cracking, patching, roughness, rutting, and faulting.

Established Condition Level

It is the policy of the Nebraska Department of Roads to maintain at least an overall NSI system rating of 72 or above.

Assessed Condition

The State assesses conditions on a calendar year basis. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting ratings of "Very Good", "Good", "Fair", and "Poor". This condition index is used to classify roads in very good (90-100), good (70-89), fair (50-69), and poor (0-49).

| <u>Calendar Year</u> | <u>2015 </u> | <u>2014 </u> | <u>2013 </u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2011 </u> | <u>2010</u> |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|-------------|--|-------------|
| Very Good | 37% | 38% | 39% | 36% | 33% | 31% |
| Good | 45% | 37% | 35% | 38% | 41% | 44% |
| Fair | 16% | 22% | 23% | 23% | 23% | 22% |
| Poor | 2% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| Overall System Rating | 84 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 80 | 80 |

Estimated and Actual Costs to Maintain

The following table presents the State's estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roads at, or above, the established condition level cited above, and the actual amount spent during the past fiscal years (amounts in millions). The actual cost of system preservation is greater than estimated as a result of maintaining the system at a NSI level higher than the base level established for GASB-34 purposes (72 base versus 84 actual).

| Fiscal Year | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2012</u> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Estimated | \$ 317 | \$ 306 | \$ 327 | \$ 302 | \$ 313 | \$ 288 |
| Actual | | 441 | 348 | 300 | 335 | 278 |
| Difference | | 135 | 21 | (2) | 22 | (10) |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INFORMATION ABOUT PENSION PLANS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF STATE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts in thousands)

| , | June 30, | June 30, |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| | 2015* | 2014* |
| State's proportion of the School plan collective net pension liability | 17.32% | 17.44% |
| State's net pension liability for the Service Annuity plan | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| State's proportion of the Omaha School Employees Retirement System collective net pension liability | 16.84% | 16.84% |
| State's total proportionate share of the School plan collective net pension liability | \$ 188,604 | 169,592 |
| Employer's proportionate share of the School plan collective net pension liability | \$ 900,492 | 802,660 |
| Total collective net pension liability for the School plan | \$ 1,089,096 | 972,252 |
| State's net pension liability for the Service Annuity plan | \$ 3,392 | 2,879 |
| State's proportionate share of the Omaha School Employees Retirement System collective net pension liability | \$ 97,833 | 72,739 |
| Employer's proportionate share of the Omaha School Employees Retirement System collective net pension liability | \$ 483,189 | 359,251 |
| Total collective net pension liability for the Omaha School Employees Retirement System | \$ 581,022 | 431,990 |
| State's proportionate share, as an employer, of the School plan collective net pension liability (a) | 3,149 | 2,996 |
| School plan employer's covered-employee payroll (b) | \$ 6,102 | 6,319 |
| Employer's proportionate share of the School plan collective net pension liability as a percentage of the | | |
| employer's covered-employee payroll (a) / (b) | 51.61% | 47.41% |
| School plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 89.88% | 90.66% |
| Service Annuity plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 76.90% | 80.33% |
| Omaha School Employees Retirement System Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 67.58% | 74.98% |

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

^{*}The Omaha School Employees' Retirement System has a measurement date of August 31.

SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS

School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--------------|--------|
| School plan statutorily required contribution | \$ 36,920 | 35,494 |
| Service Annuity plan statutorily required contribution | \$ 997 | 998 |
| Omaha School Employees Retirement System statutorily required contribution | \$ 6,661 | 6,453 |
| School plan contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | \$ 36,920 | 35,494 |
| Service Annuity plan contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | \$ 997 | 998 |
| Omaha School Employees Retirement System contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | \$ 6,661 | 6,453 |
| School plan annual contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | - |
| Service Annuity plan annual contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | - |
| Omaha School Employees Retirement System annual contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | - |
| State's contributions, as an employer, in relation to the statutorily required contribution (a) | \$ 623 | 603 |
| School plan employer's covered-employee payroll (b) | \$ 6,307 | 6,102 |
| Contributions recognized by the School plan in relation to the statutorily required contribution as a percentage | | |
| of the employer's covered-employee payroll (a) / (b) | 9.88% | 9.88% |

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

STATE PATROL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

(Dollars in Thousands)

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Total Pension Liability | | |
| Service Cost | \$7,563 | \$8,174 |
| Interest | 31,350 | 30,165 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (10,659) | (3,788) |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (19,459) | (20,010) |
| Net change in Total Pension Liability | \$8,795 | \$14,541 |
| Total Pension Liability - beginning | \$401,416 | \$386,875 |
| Total Pension Liability - ending (a) | \$410,211 | \$401,416 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | |
| Employer contributions | \$8,647 | \$8,753 |
| Employee contributions | 4,180 | 4,134 |
| Net investment income | 13,333 | 54,950 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (19,459) | (20,010) |
| Administrative expenses | (117) | (121) |
| Other | 22 | 21 |
| Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$6,606 | \$47,727 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning | \$357,317 | \$309,590 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b) | \$363,923 | \$357,317 |
| Net Pension Liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$46,288 | \$44,099 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 88.72% | 89.01% |
| Covered payroll | \$26,294 | \$25,624 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 176.04% | 172.10% |

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

STATE PATROL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollars in Thousands)

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Actuarially determined employer contribution | \$7,053 | \$8,074 | \$8,753 | \$9,769 | \$7,775 | \$7,563 | \$6,260 | \$5,385 | \$4,856 | \$5,059 |
| Actual employer contributions** | \$7,053 | \$8,074 | \$8,753 | \$7,516 | \$7,775 | \$5,957 | \$6,260 | \$5,385 | \$4,856 | \$5,059 |
| Annual contribution deficiency (excess) | - | - | - | \$2,253 | - | \$1,606 | - | - | - | - |
| Covered-employee payroll* | \$27,048 | \$26,294 | \$25,624 | \$26,902 | \$27,391 | \$27,988 | \$27,625 | \$28,386 | \$27,839 | \$26,204 |
| Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll* | 26.08% | 30.71% | 34.16% | 27.94% | 28.39% | 21.28% | 22.66% | 18.97% | 17.44% | 19.31% |

^{*}Covered-employee payroll is based upon the pensionable payroll reported to the Plan and excludes additional compensation amounts that may need to be reported by the employer.

Note: Information prior to 2013 was produced by the prior actuary.

^{**}Includes any additional appropriations by the State beyond the regular, payroll-related contributions. 2015 excludes \$573 in military service credits.

JUDGES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

(Dollars in thousands)

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Total Pension Liability | | |
| Service Cost | \$4,759 | \$4,257 |
| Interest | 12,171 | 11,568 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (2,614) | 42 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (8,548) | (8,122) |
| Net change in Total Pension Liability | \$5,768 | \$7,745 |
| Total Pension Liability - beginning | \$156,327 | \$148,582 |
| Total Pension Liability - ending (a) | \$162,095 | \$156,327 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | |
| Employer contributions* | \$3,071 | \$3,906 |
| Employee contributions | 1,611 | 1,519 |
| Net investment income | 5,959 | 24,543 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (8,548) | (8,122) |
| Administrative expenses | (83) | (78) |
| Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$2,010 | \$21,768 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning | \$158,790 | \$137,022 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b) | \$160,800 | \$158,790 |
| Net Pension (Asset) Liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$1,295 | (\$2,463) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 99.20% | 101.58% |
| Covered payroll | \$21,587 | \$20,100 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 6.00% | (12.26%) |

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

^{*}Employer contributions for 2015 consist of \$2,977 in Court Fees and \$94 in State Appropriations.

JUDGES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollars in thousands)

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Actuarially determined employer contribution | \$3,459 | \$3,727 | \$3,906 | \$3,180 | \$3,484 | \$3,580 | \$3,615 | \$3,491 | \$3,353 | \$3,208 |
| Actual employer contributions** | \$3,459 | \$3,071 | \$3,906 | \$3,180 | \$3,484 | \$3,580 | \$3,615 | \$3,491 | \$3,353 | \$3,208 |
| Annual contribution deficiency (excess) | - | \$656 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Covered-employee payroll* | \$22,178 | \$21,587 | \$20,100 | \$19,005 | \$18,182 | \$18,773 | \$18,373 | \$17,990 | \$17,004 | \$16,423 |
| Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll* | 15.59% | 14.23% | 19.43% | 16.73% | 19.16% | 19.07% | 19.68% | 19.41% | 19.72% | 19.53% |

^{*}Covered-employee payroll is based upon the pensionable payroll reported to the Plan and excludes additional compensation amounts that may need to be reported by the employer. For years 2014 and prior, covered-employee payroll was estimated based on the valuation.

Note: Information prior to 2013 was produced by the prior actuary.

^{**}Employer contributions include court fees and State contributions.

STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY

(Dollars in thousands)

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Total Pension Liability | | |
| Service Cost | \$57,305 | \$54,921 |
| Interest | 89,967 | 85,696 |
| Benefit term changes | 35,893 | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 721 | (11,217) |
| Transfers | 5,849 | 4,195 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (85,278) | (73,527) |
| Net change in Total Pension Liability | \$104,457 | \$60,068 |
| Total Pension Liability - beginning | \$1,199,841 | \$1,139,773 |
| Total Pension Liability - ending (a) | \$1,304,298 | \$1,199,841 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | |
| Employer contributions | \$43,340 | \$41,456 |
| Employee contributions | 27,799 | 26,603 |
| Net investment income | 14,784 | 83,524 |
| Benefit payments, including member refunds | (85,278) | (73,527) |
| Administrative expenses | (1,079) | (910) |
| Transfers | 5,849 | 4,195 |
| Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$5,415 | \$81,341 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning | \$1,305,036 | \$1,223,695 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b) | \$1,310,451 | \$1,305,036 |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - ending (a) - (b) | (\$6,153) | (\$105,195) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 100.47% | 108.77% |
| Covered payroll | \$578,789 | \$553,631 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered payroll | (1.06%) | (19.00%) |

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollars in thousands)

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|---|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Actuarially determined employer contribution | \$29,117 | \$31,986 | \$35,129 | \$32,983 | \$27,256 | \$26,361 | \$24,632 | \$19,975 | \$19,145 | \$12,565 |
| Actual employer contributions** | \$44,314 | \$42,392 | \$40,345 | \$35,794 | \$31,496 | \$30,987 | \$30,895 | \$29,213 | \$25,599 | \$20,318 |
| Annual contribution deficiency (excess) | (\$15,197) | (\$10,406) | (\$5,216) | (\$2,811) | (\$4,240) | (\$4,626) | (\$6,263) | (\$9,238) | (\$6,454) | (\$7,753) |
| Covered-employee payroll* | \$591,799 | \$566,127 | \$538,790 | \$478,020 | \$420,619 | \$413,827 | \$412,596 | \$390,129 | \$341,870 | \$286,880 |
| Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll* | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.49% | 7.08% |

^{*}Covered-employee payroll is based upon the pensionable payroll reported to the Plan and excludes additional compensation amounts that may need to be reported by the employer.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

School

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of July 1 listed below:

- 2014: As scheduled, the State contribution rate increased from 1% of covered payroll to 2%.
- 2013: Legislative Bill 553, which was passed by the 2013 Legislature, increased the State's payroll related contribution from 1% to 2% of pay, effective July 1, 2014. LB 553 also made some changes to the benefit structure for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 (Tier 2), including changing the period over which to determine final average salary to the highest 60 months rather than the current highest 36 months of service and changing the maximum cost of living adjustment from 2.5% to 1%. LB 553 also removed the scheduled reduction in the employee contribution rate in 2017. In addition, it required the use of the Entry Age Normal, level percent of payroll, method to determine the costs for the Omaha State Service Annuity and changed the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be based on payments determined as a level percent of payroll instead of a level dollar amount.
- 2011: Under Legislative Bill 382 passed during the 2011 Legislative session, the member contribution rate increased from 8.28% to 8.88% on September 1, 2011. Effective September 1, 2012, the member contribution rate was scheduled to increase to 9.78% and then decrease to 7.28% effective September 1, 2017. The employer contribution rate match remained unchanged at 101% of the member contribution rate. The current State of Nebraska contribution rate of 1% remained in effect until July 1, 2017, at which time it was scheduled to decrease to 0.7%.

^{**}Provided by Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System

- 2009: Under Legislative Bill 187, from September 1, 2009 to September 1, 2014, the member contribution rate was scheduled to increase from 7.28% to 8.28% and the State match to increase from 0.7% to 1.0% of covered pay. On September 1, 2014, the member contribution rate was scheduled to return to 7.28% and the State match to 0.7%.
- 2007: Per LB 596, passed in 2007, a one-time adjustment was made to the annuities of School members so that the current annuity was not less than 85% of the original annuity amount adjusted by the CPI-W. The statutory member contribution rate decreased to 7.28% as of September 1, 2007. Under existing statutes the rate was scheduled to drop to 7.25% on September 1, 2007.
- 2006: Per LB 1019, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was reinitialized as of July 1, 2006 and amortized over a closed 30-year period.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

7/1/2012 valuation:

- The interest rate on employee contributions was lowered to 4.25% from 5.50%.
- Salary increases were changed to rates grading down from 9.00% for less than one year of service to 4.00% at 40 years of service. Prior valuation rates graded from 7.46% for less than one year to 4.55% at 40 years of service.
- Retirement rates are based on age and retirement eligibility. 100% retirement age was extended to age 80 from age 70. Unreduced rates were decreased at age 63.
- Pre- and post-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table projected to 2010 (for pre-retirement male rates were 65% of rates and female rates were 50% of rates) to the 1994 GAM table, with a 1 year age setback, projected to 2015 (pre-retirement rates are adjusted by 55% for males and 40% for females).
- Disabled mortality was changed to the 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Annuitants Mortality setback one
 year from the 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Annuitants Mortality. The prior assumption was based on
 the same table with no setback.
- Termination rates are service based and were decreased from the prior valuation based on actual experience.
- Disability rates were decreased by 50% from the prior valuation.
- Price inflation assumption was lowered to 3.25% from 3.50%.
- Economic productivity assumption was lowered to 0.75% from 1.00%.

7/1/2007 valuation:

- Salary increase assumption was converted from age-based to service-based, grading down from 7.50% for less than one year of service to 4.50% after 40 years of service.
- Retirement rates were increased at age 55 and decreased for ages 57 through age 65.
- Withdrawal rates were converted from age-and-service-based to service-based only and grade down from 27% (males) and 32% (females) for employees with less than one year of service to 1% (males) and 3% (females) and back up to 10% (males) and 7% (females) at 34 (or more) years of service.
- Existing disability rates were reduced by 50% at each age.
- Pre- and post-retirement mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table with a two-year age setback to the 1994 GAM table, projected to 2010.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The System is funded with contribution rates that are 9.78% of monthly salary for members, contribution rates that are 101% of the members' rates (9.88% of monthly salary) for the school districts and 2.00% of monthly salary for the State of Nebraska. The actuarially determined contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported in the most recent Measurement Date, June 30, 2015 (based on the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Range from 22 to 30 years (Single Equivalent

Amortization Period is 23 years)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.25 percent

Wage growth rate 4.00 percent

Salary increase, including inflation 4.00 to 9.00 percent

Long-term investment rate of return, net of investment expense, and

including inflation

8.00 percent

Cost-of-living adjustments Service annuity – none

Formula annuity – For members hired before January 1, 2013, it is 2.5% per annum, compounded annually and 3.25% per annum, compounded annually, after reaching 75% purchasing power floor benefit. For members hired on or after January 1, 2013, it is 1.0% per annum, compounded annually, and there is no floor for the

purchasing power of the benefit.

Service Annuity

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes to the plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of July 1 listed below:

None

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

9/1/2012 valuation:

- Salary increases were changed to rates grading down from 9.00% for less than one year of service to 4.00% at 40 years of service. Prior valuation rates graded from 7.46% for less than one year to 4.55% at 40 years of service.
- Retirement rates are based on age and retirement eligibility. 100% retirement age was extended to age 80 from age 70. Unreduced rates were decreased at age 63.
- Pre-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table projected to 2010 (for pre-retirement male rates were 65% of rates and female rates were 50% of rates) to the 1994 GAM table, with a 1 year age setback, projected to 2015 (pre-retirement rates are adjusted by 55% for males and 40% for females).
- Termination rates are service based and were decreased from the prior valuation based on actual experience.
- Disability rates were decreased by 50% from the prior valuation.
- Price inflation assumption was lowered to 3.25% from 3.50%.
- Economic productivity assumption was lowered to 0.75% from 1.00%.

9/1/2007 valuation:

- Salary increase assumption was converted from age-based to service-based, grading down from 7.50% for less than one year of service to 4.50% after 40 years of service.
- Retirement rates were increased at age 55 and decreased for ages 57 through age 65.
- Withdrawal rates were converted from age-and-service-based to service-based only and grade down from 27% (males) and 32% (females) for employees with less than one year of service to 1% (males) and 3% (females) and back up to 10% (males) and 7% (females) at 34 (or more) years of service.
- Existing disability rates were reduced by 50% at each age.
- Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table with a two-year age setback to the 1994 GAM table, projected to 2010.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.

The Plan is funded with contribution amounts from the State which are actuarially determined to fund the Service Annuity benefit. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent Measurement Date, June 30, 2015.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Rage from 21 to 30 years (Single Equivalent

Amortization Period is 21 years)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price inflation 3.25 percent

Salary increases, including wage

inflation

4.00 to 9.00 percent

Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including

inflation

8.00 percent

Omaha School Employees

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes to the plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of September 1 listed below:

- 2013: The 2013 session of the Nebraska Legislature enacted Legislative Bill 553 (LB 553), which increased the Member's contribution rate from 9.30% of pay to 9.78% of pay. The School District's contribution rate is equal to 101% of the employee contribution rate so the District's contribution rate increased from 9.3930% of pay to 9.8778% of pay. The State contribution rate also increased permanently from 1.00% (plus \$973,301) to 2.00% of payroll, effective July 1, 2014. LB 553 also created a new benefit structure for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 with the same benefit structure as pre-July 1, 2013 hires except annual cost of living adjustments are the lesser of 1.00% or CPI and final average compensation is defined as 1/60 of the total compensation received during the five fiscal years of highest compensation.
- 2011: The member contribution rate was increased by the 2011 Legislature from 8.30% to 9.30%, effective September 1, 2011. Since the employer contributes 101% of the member contribution rate, the 1.00% increase in the member contribution rate resulted in an increase of 1.01% in the District's contribution rate.
- 2009: Legislation passed in 2009 increased the employee contribution rate from 7.30% to 8.30% of pay. The School District contributes 101% of the employee rate so the District's contribution increased from 7.373% to 8.383% of pay. The legislation that enacted these changes also provided for a temporary increase in the State's contribution rate from 0.70% to 1.00% of pay for July 2009 to July 2014.
- 2007: Legislation passed in 2007 increased the employee contribution rate from 6.30% to 7.30% of pay and provided for the employer contribution rate of 101% of the employee rate.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

9/1/2013 valuation:

- The one-year age set forward in mortality rates for active male employees was eliminated.
- Classified members' retirement rates were adjusted.
- Vested Certificated members' assumption to elect a refund of contributions was adjusted at certain ages.
- The assumed interest rate credited on member contribution accounts was lowered from 7.00% to 3.00%.

9/1/2010 valuation:

- The inflation assumption was changed from 3.50% to 3.00%.
- The real rate of return increased from 4.50% to 5.00%.
- The productivity portion of the general wage increase assumption increased from 0.50% to 1.00%.

9/1/2008 valuation:

- Mortality table was changed to the RP-2000 table with age adjustments (+1 male, -1 female) and generational projections of mortality improvements.
- Retirement rates were adjusted to better fit the observed experience.
- The use of a disability assumption was eliminated.
- Termination rates were modified to better fit the observed experience.
- Small adjustments based on actual experience were made to the election of a refund assumption.

9/1/2007 valuation:

- The actuarial value of assets was reset to the actual market value.
- The funding policy was set equal to the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability over a closed 30 year period, commencing September 1, 2007.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.

The System is funded by statutory contribution rates for members, the School District and the State of Nebraska. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the September 1, 2014 actuarial valuation) were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent Measurement Date, August 31, 2015 (based on the September 1, 2014 actuarial valuation).

| Actuarial cost method | Entry age |
|-----------------------|-----------|
|-----------------------|-----------|

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market related smoothed market

Price inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases, including wage

inflation

4.00 to 5.60 percent

Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including

inflation

8.00 percent

Cost-of-living adjustments 1.50 percent if hired before July 1, 2013

1.00 percent if hired on or after July 1, 2013 Medical COLA of \$10/month for each year retired

(max \$250/month)

State Patrol

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes to the plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of July 1 listed below:

2016: Legislative Bill 467 (LB 467) created a new tier of State Patrol members that are employed on or after July 1, 2016. This new tier includes changes to benefits and contributions as follows:

• Member and employer contributions are increased from 16% of pay to 17% of pay.

- Compensation no longer includes compensation for unused sick leave, unused vacation leave, unused holiday compensatory time, unused compensatory time, or any other type of unused leave, compensatory time, or similar benefits, converted to cash payments.
- Final average salary moves from the highest three 12-month periods to the highest five 12-month periods. During the five year period, the member's compensation for the preceding plan year is capped at an eight percent increase.
- The automatic COLA is capped at 1.0% instead of 2.5%. However, a 1.5% discretionary COLA may be granted in addition to the automatic COLA if certain criteria are met.
- The DROP program is eliminated.
- 2013: Legislative Bill 553 (LB 553) changed the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability from a level dollar payment to a level percent of payroll payment. As scheduled in state statute, the employee and employer contribution rate each decreased from 19% of pay to 16%.
- 2011: Under LB 382 passed during the 2011 Legislative session, both the member and employer contribution rates were increased from 16% to 19% on July 1, 2011. Effective July 1, 2013, both the member and employer contribution rates were scheduled to decrease to 16%.
- 2010: As scheduled, the member and employer contribution rates increased to 16% each.
- 2009: Under Legislative Bill 188, the member contribution rate increased from 13% to 15% on July 1, 2009. The employer contribution rate remained unchanged at 15%. Effective July 1, 2010, both the member and employer contribution rates increased to 16%.
- 2008: The DROP was first reflected with an assumption that 100% of members who are eligible for the DROP will either retire or elect to participate in DROP.
- 2007: LB 324 made the current contribution rates of 13% for members and 15% for employers permanent (the rates were scheduled to drop to 12% for members and 13% for employers on July 1, 2007). LB 324 also added a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for members who are at least 50 and have 25 years of service. The effective date of the DROP was the earlier of September 1, 2008 or the first of the month following receipt of a Favorable Determination Letter from the Internal Revenue Service so it was not reflected in the July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation.
- 2006: Per LB 1019, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was reinitialized as of July 1, 2006 and amortized over a closed 30-year period.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

7/1/2012 valuation:

- The interest rate on employee contributions was lowered to 4.25% from 5.50%.
- Salary increases were changed to rates grading down from 9.50% for less than one year of service to 4.00% at 30 years of service. Prior valuation rates graded from 9.00% for less than one year to 4.50% at 25 years of service.
- Retirement rates are based on age and retirement eligibility. The rates were increased for early retirement (reduced benefits available at 50 years of age and 10 years of service) and decreased for normal retirement (unreduced benefits available at 55 years of age and 10 years of service).
- Pre- and post-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table projected to 2010 (for pre-retirement males rates were 65% of rates and female rates were 50% of rates) to the 1994 GAM table, with a 1 year setback, projected to 2015.
- The assumption to value deferred vested members was changed to assume they elect the greater of the present value of an annuity at earliest unreduced retirement eligibility or a refund of contributions.
- Consumer price inflation was lowered from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Economic productivity was lowered from 1.00% to 0.75%.

7/1/2007 valuation:

• Salary increases were converted from age-based to service-based, grading down from 9.0% for less than one year of service to 4.5% at 25 years of service.

- Retirement rates were reduced for both reduced (50 years of age and 10 years of service) and unreduced (55 years of age and 10 years of service or 50 years of age and 25 years of service) early retirement.
- Withdrawal rates were changed from 3.0% at all ages to service-based rates grading down from 4.0% for less than one year of service to 1.5% at 6 years, reducing farther to 1.0% at 15 years and beyond.
- Pre- and post-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table to the 1994 GAM table projected to 2010.
- Disabled Mortality was changed from the 1971 GAM table to the 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Annuitants Mortality table.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.

The Plan is funded by statutory contribution rates for members and the employer (State of Nebraska). State Statutes require the State of Nebraska to make additional contributions if the regular, payroll-related contributions are insufficient to meet the actuarial required contribution for the year. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent Measurement Date, June 30, 2015 (based on the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation).

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortized method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Range from 21 to 30 years (Single Equivalent

Amortization Period is 22 years)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price inflation 3.25 percent

Wage growth rate 4.00 percent

Salary increases, including wage

inflation

4.00 to 9.50 percent

Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including

price inflation

8.00 percent

Cost-of-living adjustment 2.50% with a floor benefit equal to 60% purchasing power of original benefit

Judges

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes to the plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of July 1 listed below:

2015: LB 468, which was passed by the 2015 Nebraska Legislature, made changes to the benefit structure for judges who become members on or after July 1, 2015 including the calculation of final average salary based on the highest 5 years rather than the highest 3 years of salary and a cost-of-living-adjustment (COLA) of 1% rather than 2.5%. The bill also provided for a supplemental COLA, to be granted at the Board's discretion, up to an additional 1.5% if the System is more than 100% funded. In addition, the member contribution rate for those hired on or after July 1, 2015 was increased to 10% of pay. LB 468 also increased the amount of court fees directed to fund the Judges Retirement System with the increases phased-in over two years. Ultimately, in fiscal year 2018 the additional funding is estimated to be \$1.3 million. Due to the valuation date of July 1, 2015, the change to the benefit structure had no impact on the valuation results.

2013: Legislative Bill 553 (LB 553) changed the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability from a level dollar payment to a level percent of payroll payment. The court fee designated for the Judges Retirement System was scheduled to decrease from six to five dollars on July 1, 2014. Legislative Bill 306 (LB 306) removed the

language to decrease the court fees so the court fee in future years remains at six dollars. The passage of Legislative Bill 414 (LB 414) in 2009 increased the member contribution rate by 1 percent, but this increase was scheduled to be removed July 1, 2014. Legislative Bill 306 (LB 306) removed the sunset provision on the increase in the member contribution rate, thereby retaining the higher contribution rates.

2009: LB 414 passed during the 2009 Legislative session amended the plan provisions to increase all member contribution rates by 1% and increase the court fees from \$5 to \$6 per case.

2008: LB 1147 amended the plan provisions to provide a subsidized early retirement benefit. The monthly benefit is reduced by 3% for retirement at age 64, by 6% at age 63, and by 9% at age 62. The monthly benefit is further reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis for retirement before at age 62 to as early as age 55.

2006: Per LB 1019, Nebraska Revised Statutes Section 24-703(9) was amended such that the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is reinitialized as of July 1, 2006 and amortized over a 30-year period.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

7/1/2012 valuation:

- The interest rate on employee contributions was lowered to 4.25% from 5.50%.
- Salary increases were lowered to 4.00% from 4.50%.
- Retirement rates were decreased for ages under 65 and age 66.
- Pre- and post-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table projected to 2010 (for pre-retirement male rates were 65% of rates and female rates were 50% of rates) to the 1994 GAM table, with a 1 year setback, projected to 2015.
- Deferred vested members were changed to assume they elected the greater of the present value of an annuity at age 63 or a refund of contributions.
- Consumer price inflation was lowered to 3.25% from 3.50%.
- Economic productivity was lowered to 0.75% from 1.00%.

7/1/2008 valuation:

• Retirement rates were increased at age 62 through 64 to account for the possible increase in retirements due to the subsidized early retirement factors.

7/1/2007 valuation:

- Salary increases were lowered from an assumed 5.00% annual increase to a 4.50% annual increase at each age.
- Retirement rates were decreased at ages 55 through 61, increased at ages 62 through 64, and decreased at ages 65 through 71.
- Pre- and post-retirement mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table with a 2-year setback to the 1994 GAM table, projected to 2010.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.

The Plan is funded with contribution rates that vary by date of hire and service for members, variable court fees as well as contributions from the State of Nebraska that cover the remaining required amounts, if necessary. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent Measurement Date, June 30, 2015 (based on the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation).

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Range from 26 to 30 years (Single Equivalent

Amortization Period is 23 years)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price inflation 3.25 percent

Wage growth rate 4.00 percent

Salary increases, including inflation 4.00 percent

Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including

inflation

8.00 percent

Cost-of-living adjustments 2.50% with a floor benefit equal to 75%

purchasing power of original benefit

State Employees

Changes of benefit and funding terms: The following changes to the plan provisions were made by the Nebraska Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of January 1 listed below:

2016: The Board granted a dividend of 4.53%.

2013: The 2012 Nebraska Legislature passed LB 916, as amended by AM1739, which created an election period beginning September 1, 2012 and ending October 31, 2012 during which members in the State Defined Contribution Plan could elect to transfer their account balances to the State Employees' Retirement System Cash Balance Benefit Fund.

2009: The Board granted a dividend of 5.18%.

2008: Under Legislative Bill 328, enacted by the 2007 Legislature, members of the State Defined Contribution Plan could elect to transfer their account balance and participate in the State Employees' Retirement System Cash Balance Benefit Fund. The election period was from November 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007.

The Board granted a dividend of 2.73%.

2007: Legislative Bill 366, enacted in 2006, eliminated the 12-month waiting period for participation. Effective January 1, 2007, any State employee who had not completed 12 continuous months of employment immediately became a member of the System. Any State employee hired in 2007 or later becomes a member of the System at their date of hire.

The bill also increased the member contribution rate from 4.33% of pay up to \$19,954 and 4.86% on pay over \$19,954, to 4.8% on all pay. This increase also resulted in an increase in the employer contribution rate.

The Board granted a dividend of 13.50%.

2006: The Board granted a dividend of 2.80%.

Changes in actuarial assumptions:

1/1/2013 valuation:

- The interest crediting rate on cash balance accounts was lowered from 7.00% to 6.75% per year.
- Salary increases were changed to rates grading down from 5.43% for less than one year of service to 4.00% at 20 years of service. Prior rates graded from 5.9% for less than one year of service to 4.5% at 20 years of service.
- Retirement rates increased at age 65 to 69 and 100% probability of retirement was extended to age 80 from age 70.
- Pre- and post-retirement healthy mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table projected to 2010 (pre-retirement male rates were 65% of rates and female rates were 50% of rates) to the 1994 GAM table, with 1-year setback, projected to 2015 (pre- retirement rates are adjusted by 55% for males and 40% for females).
- The select and ultimate termination rates were increased.
- Disability rates were removed.
- Price inflation was lowered from 3.50% to 3.25% per year.

- Economic productivity was lowered from 1.00% to 0.75% per year.
- The assumption for the form of payment elected by retiring active members was changed from 100% elect an annuity to 50% elect a lump sum and 50% elect an annuity.

1/1/2008 valuation:

- Investment return and the interest rate for annuity factors to convert account balances into monthly benefits was changed from 7.60% to 7.75%.
- Salary scale was changed from an age-based assumption to a service-based assumption, grading down from 5.9% with less than one year of service to 4.5% with 20 years of service.
- Retirement rates were decreased at ages 60 through 63 and 65 through 69.
- The select period for termination of employment rates was extended to five years with a general decrease in select and ultimate rates prior to age 30 and increases after age 30.
- Pre- and post-retirement mortality assumptions were changed from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality (GAM) table with a one-year setback to the 1994 GAM table, projected to 2010.

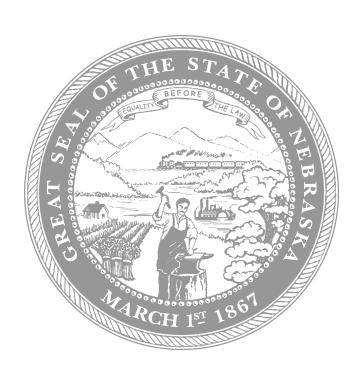
Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The Plan is funded with fixed contribution rates for members and the State of Nebraska. If such contributions are less than the Actuarially Determined Contribution, the State makes an additional contribution. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the January 1 preceding the first day of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation applies for contributions reported for July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016).

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution reported for the most recent fiscal year, June 30, 2016 (based on the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation).

| Actuarial cost method | Entry age |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Amortization method | Level dollar amount, closed |
| Remaining amortization period | 25 years |
| Asset valuation method | 5-year smoothed market |
| Price inflation | 3.25 percent |
| Wage inflation | 4.00 percent |
| Salary increases, including wage inflation | 4.00 to 5.43 percent |
| Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation | 7.75 percent |
| Interest crediting rate, including dividends | 6.75 percent |

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Licensing and Regulation. This fund accounts for all activities of agencies, boards, and commissions whose primary function is licensing individuals and regulating industry and professions. This includes a diverse group of professions such as abstracters, medical professions, barbers, engineers, architects and accountants.

Economic Development. This fund accounts for activities to develop and promote the growth of industry, agriculture, commerce and tourism, and utilization of resources within Nebraska.

Airport Development. This fund accounts for the activities relating to aircraft fuels tax, which is administered by the Department of Aeronautics for the support and maintenance of public airports.

Game and Parks. This fund accounts for the activities related to the Nebraska Game and Parks Commission, which is responsible for the development and preservation of the fish and wildlife resources of Nebraska, and operation and administration of the State park system.

Environmental Quality. This fund accounts for the activities related to the Department of Environmental Quality, which is responsible for the protection of Nebraska's air, land, and water resources.

Energy Conservation. This fund accounts for activities relating to the oil and gas severance taxes as well as energy conservation and development activities. The State Energy Office is responsible for providing technical assistance on energy conservation and development, and administering and distributing federal funds provided to the State in the area of energy efficiency.

Other Special Revenue. This fund accounts for various other revenues that must be used for specific purposes.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for construction of buildings financed with tax dollars.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Aeronautics Trust Fund. This fund receives proceeds from the sale of state-owned airfields. Investment income is used to pay for expenses of the Department of Aeronautics.

Nebraska Veterans' Aid Fund. This fund accounts for the investment activity of a General Fund contribution made in a prior year. Earnings on the investment are used to provide emergency financial assistance to eligible veterans and dependents.

Permanent Endowment Fund. This fund receives the proceeds of sales of land and investments endowed to the University by the Federal Government. This fund is under the control of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, which is a part of the primary government. Income on these funds is used for support and maintenance of the University.

Agriculture Endowment Fund. This fund receives the proceeds of sales of land and investments endowed to the University's Agriculture College by the Federal Government. This fund is under the control of the Board of Educational Lands and Funds, which is a part of the primary government. Income from this fund is used for support and maintenance of the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources.

Other Permanent Funds. Normal School Endowment and Miscellaneous Permanent Trust.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | SPECIAL REVENUE | CAPITAL PROJECTS | PERMANENT FUNDS | TOTALS |
| Assets | KLVLNOL | FROJECTO | 1 01100 | TOTALS |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 48,803 | \$ 6,930 | \$ 1,206 | \$ 56,939 |
| Cash on Deposit with Fiscal Agents | 8,563 | Ψ 0,550 | Ψ 1,200 | 8,563 |
| Investments | 642,380 | 111,920 | 61,480 | 815,780 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 15,737 | 2,740 | 1,546 | 20,023 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | 15,757 | 2,740 | 1,540 | 20,023 |
| Taxes | 799 | | _ | 799 |
| Due from Federal Government | 1,652 | - | - | 1,652 |
| Loans | 328,802 | - | - | 328,802 |
| Other | 12,876 | 575 | 5,306 | 18,757 |
| Due from Other Funds | | 575 | 5,300 | |
| | 1,986 | - | - | 1,986 |
| Inventories | 237 | - | - | 237 |
| Prepaid Items | 195 | - | - | 195 |
| Other | 3,341 | _ | <u>-</u> _ | 3,341 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 1,065,371</u> | <u>\$ 122,165</u> | \$ 69,538 | \$ 1,257,074 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ 31,594 | \$ 5,981 | \$ 8,159 | \$ 45,734 |
| Deposits | 3,729 | - | - | 3,729 |
| Due to Other Funds | 14,339 | 8 | _ | 14,347 |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | 15,737 | 2,740 | 1,546 | 20,023 |
| Total Liabilities | 65,399 | 8,729 | 9,705 | 83,833 |
| Fund Balances: | | 0,720 | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | |
| Inventories and Prepaid Items | 432 | | _ | 432 |
| Endowment Principal | +3 <u>z</u> | _ | 19,515 | 19,515 |
| Restricted for: | _ | _ | 19,515 | 19,515 |
| Education | 25,929 | | 3,360 | 29,289 |
| Health and Social Services | 731 | - | 36,213 | 36,944 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 629,420 | - | 30,213 | 629,420 |
| | | - | - 724 | 10,512 |
| Transportation | 9,788 | - | 724 | |
| Licensing and Regulation | 109,736 | - | - | 109,736 |
| Economic Development | 62,556 | - | - | 62,556 |
| Public Safety | 28,710 | - | - | 28,710 |
| Culture – Recreation | 48,153 | - | - | 48,153 |
| Other Purposes | 38,835 | 402 | 21 | 39,258 |
| Committed to: | | | | |
| Other Purposes | - | 113,034 | - | 113,034 |
| Assigned to: | | | | |
| Education | 635 | - | - | 635 |
| Health and Social Services | 1,541 | - | - | 1,541 |
| Licensing and Regulation | 40,211 | - | - | 40,211 |
| Economic Development | 75 | - | - | 75 |
| Public Safety | 695 | - | - | 695 |
| Culture – Recreation | 91 | - | - | 91 |
| Other Purposes | 2,434 | | | 2,434 |
| Total Fund Balances | 999,972 | 113,436 | 59,833 | 1,173,241 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ 1,065,371 | <u>\$ 122,165</u> | \$ 69,538 | \$ 1,257,074 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

| REVENUES REVENUES Sales and Use Taxes \$ 18,381 \$. \$. \$ 13,381 Petroleum Taxes 13,399 . 5. \$ 13,381 Excise Taxes 44,999 9,163 . 54,072 Business and Franchise Taxes 26,779 . . 26,779 Other Taxes 42,355 . . 42,355 Federal Grants and Contracts 44,565 . . . 154,281 Charges for Services 59,381 . . . 154,281 Charges for Services 59,381 . <th>(Dollars in Thousands)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| REVENUES Sales and Use Taxes \$18.381 \$ - \$ - \$ 18.381 Petroleum Taxes 13.399 - \$ 13.398 Petroleum Taxes 44.909 9.163 - \$ 13.398 Excise Taxes 42.955 - \$ 26.779 Business and Franchise Taxes 26.779 - \$ 26.779 Business and Franchise Taxes 42.955 - \$ 2.000 Clither Taxes 44.565 - \$ 2.000 Clither Taxes 44.565 - \$ 2.000 Clither Taxes 59.381 - \$ 2.000 Charges for Services 69.381 - \$ 2.000 Charges for Services 43.099 - \$ 2.000 Charges for Services 43.099 - \$ 2.000 Charges for Services 43.099 - \$ 2.000 Charges for Services 478.197 22.416 2.000 Cother | | SPECIAL | CAPITAL PRO JECTS | PERMANENT | PIATOT |
| Sales and Use Taxes \$ 18,381 \$. \$. \$ 13.381 Petroleum Taxes 13,399 | REVENUES | REVENUE | PROJECTS | FUNDS | TOTALS |
| Petroleum Taxes | | \$ 18.381 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 18.381 |
| Excise Taxes | | | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | |
| Business and Franchise Taxes | | · | 9 163 | _ | |
| Other Taxes 4,235 - - 4,235 - - 4,235 - - 4,235 - - 4,4565 - - 154,281 - - 154,281 - - 154,281 - - 154,281 - - 154,281 - - 93,381 - - - 93,381 - - - 59,381 - - - 59,381 - - - 59,381 - - - 59,381 - - - 59,381 - - - 23,03 50,981 - - - 24,03 50,981 - - - 24,01 - 24,01 - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - - 24,01 - </td <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> | | , | - | _ | |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | | • | _ | _ | , |
| Licenses, Fees and Permits | | | _ | _ | · · |
| Charges for Services Investment Income 59,381 (2,032) - 59,381 (2,032) 35,919 (35,115) Rental Income 16,680 8,425 - 25,115 Surcharge 43,099 - - - 43,099 Other 23,422 (4) - 23,418 Total Revenues 478,197 22,415 2,032 502,644 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 76,290 - 1 76,291 Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 - - 80,001 Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 18,982 - 89 19,071 Higher Education - Colleges and University - 41,440 - 41,440 Health and Social Services 17,700 - 1,753 19,525 Public Safety 45 | | | _ | _ | · · |
| Investment Income 29,056 4,831 2,032 35,919 Rental Income 16,690 8,425 - 25,115 Surcharge 43,099 43,099 Other 23,422 (4) - 23,418 Total Revenues 478,197 22,415 2,032 EXPENDITURES | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · | _ | _ | · · |
| Rental Income | | , | 4 831 | 2 032 | |
| Surcharge Other 43,099 (Other) - - 43,099 (Other) - - 23,418 (Other) - - 40,001 (Other) - - - 80,001 (Other) - - - 80,001 (Other) - | | , | | 2,032 | , |
| Other Total Revenues 23,422 (4) - 23,418 (2) 20,032 (2) 502,644 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 76,290 (2) - 1 (2) 76,291 (2) Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 (2) - - 80,001 (2) Culture - Recreation 30,948 (2) - - 30,948 (2) - - 30,948 (2) - - 30,948 (2) - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - 30,948 (2) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>0,423</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> | | , | 0,423 | _ | |
| Total Revenues | | | (4) | - | · |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General Government 76,290 - 1 76,291 Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 - - 80,001 Culture - Recreation 30,948 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - 89 19,071 Higher Education - Colleges and University - 41,440 - 41,440 | | | | 2,022 | |
| Current: General Government 76,290 - 1 76,291 | Total Revenues | 478,197 | 22,415 | 2,032 | 502,644 |
| General Government 76,290 - 1 76,291 Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 - - 80,001 Culture - Recreation 30,948 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - - 34,136 Education 18,982 - 89 19,071 Higher Education - Colleges and University - 41,440 - 41,440 Health and Social Services 17,700 - 1,753 19,453 Public Safety 45,708 - - 45,708 Regulation of Business and Professions 112,027 - - 2 31,379 Regulation of Business and Professions 112,027 - - 28,174 - 22,313,379 Capital Projects - 28,174 - - 28,174 Debt Service: - - - - 1,425 Principal 1,425 - - - 1,425 | | | | | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources 80,001 - - 80,001 Culture - Recreation 30,948 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - - 34,136 Education 18,982 - 89 19,071 Higher Education - Colleges and University - 41,440 - 41,440 Health and Social Services 17,700 - 1,753 19,453 Public Safety 45,708 - - 45,708 Regulation of Business and Professions 112,027 - - 112,027 Transportation 31,377 - 2 31,379 Capital Projects - - 28,174 - 28,174 Debt Service: - - 28,174 - 2,31,379 Capital Projects - - 2,425 - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - - - 1,425 Interest | | | | | |
| Culture – Recreation 30,948 - - 30,948 Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - - 34,136 Education 18,982 - 89 19,071 Higher Education - Colleges and University - 41,440 - 41,440 Health and Social Services 17,700 - 1,753 19,453 Public Safety 45,708 - - 45,708 Regulation of Business and Professions 112,027 - - 112,027 Transportation 31,377 - 2 31,379 Capital Projects - 28,174 - 28,174 Debt Service: - 28,174 - 28,174 Debt Service: - 28,174 - 2,25 Principal 1,425 - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - - 7 Total Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,216 <td>General Government</td> <td>76,290</td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>76,291</td> | General Government | 76,290 | - | 1 | 76,291 |
| Economic Development and Assistance 34,136 - | Conservation of Natural Resources | 80,001 | - | - | 80,001 |
| Education | Culture – Recreation | 30,948 | - | - | 30,948 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University Health and Social Services 17,700 1,753 19,453 Public Safety Regulation of Business and Professions 112,027 Transportation 31,377 - 2 1 2 31,379 Capital Projects - 28,174 - 28,174 Debt Service: Principal 1,425 Interest 7 7 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 OVER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances 81,95 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,958 1,978,350 | Economic Development and Assistance | 34,136 | - | - | 34,136 |
| Health and Social Services | Education | 18,982 | - | 89 | 19,071 |
| Health and Social Services | Higher Education - Colleges and University | · - | 41,440 | - | 41,440 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | | 17,700 | · - | 1,753 | 19,453 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | Public Safety | , | _ | , | |
| Transportation 31,377 - 2 31,379 Capital Projects - 28,174 - 28,174 Debt Service: Principal Interest 1,425 - - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - - 7 - - 7 - - 7 - - 7 - - - 7 - - - 7 - - - 7 - - - - 7 - | | • | <u>-</u> | - | , |
| Capital Projects Debt Service: - 28,174 - 28,174 Principal Interest 1,425 - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - - 7 Total Expenditures 448,601 69,614 1,845 520,060 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | • | , | <u>-</u> | 2 | , |
| Debt Service: Principal 1,425 - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - - 7 Total Expenditures 448,601 69,614 1,845 520,060 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | • | - | 28 174 | | |
| Principal Interest 1,425 - - 1,425 Interest 7 - - 7 Total Expenditures 448,601 69,614 1,845 520,060 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936) Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | • | | | | _0, |
| Interest 7 | | 1 425 | _ | _ | 1 425 |
| Total Expenditures 448,601 69,614 1,845 520,060 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | _ | _ | · |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 119,935 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,764 109,765 109,765 109,766 109,76 | | | 60.614 | 1 945 | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures 29,596 (47,199) 187 (17,416) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936) Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | Total Experiditures | 440,001 | 69,614 | 1,045_ | 520,060 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | | |
| Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | Over (Under) Expenditures | 29,596 | (47,199) | 187 | (17,416) |
| Transfers In 119,935 60,880 - 180,815 Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936 Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers Out (69,764) - (172) (69,936) Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | | 119 935 | 60 880 | _ | 180 815 |
| Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements 1,428 - - 1,428 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | | • | - | (172) | , |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 51,599 60,880 (172) 112,307 Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | | , | _ | () | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances 81,195 13,681 15 94,891 FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | | | 60.880 | (172) | |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 918,777 99,755 59,818 1,078,350 | Total Other Financing Sources (Oses) | | 00,000 | (172) | 112,307 |
| | Net Change in Fund Balances | 81,195 | 13,681 | 15 | 94,891 |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 \$ 999.972 \$ 113.436 \$ 59.833 \$ 1.173.241 | FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | 918,777 | 99,755 | 59,818 | 1,078,350 |
| | FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ 999,972 | \$ 113,436 | \$ 59,833 | \$ 1,173,241 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | LICENSING AND REGULATION | ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | AIRPORT DEVELOPMENT | |
| Assets | REGOEATION | DEVELOT MENT | DEVELOT MEINT | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 9,803 | \$ 3,389 | \$ 8,244 | |
| Cash on Deposit with Fiscal Agents | - | · - | - | |
| Investments | 142,079 | 55,268 | - | |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 3,478 | 1,353 | - | |
| Receivables, net of allowance: | · | · | | |
| Taxes | 656 | - | 135 | |
| Due from Federal Government | - | _ | 438 | |
| Loans | - | 144 | 1,716 | |
| Other | 4,382 | 1,807 | 98 | |
| Due from Other Funds | 4,302 | 7 | 17 | |
| Inventories | ľ | , | 17 | |
| Prepaid Items | 3 | - | 3 | |
| Other | 3 | 3,336 | 3 | |
| | | | | |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 160,408</u> | \$ 65,304 | <u>\$ 10,651</u> | |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances | | | | |
| Liabilities: | • | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ 8,068 | \$ 1,376 | \$ 844 | |
| Deposits | 384 | 3,336 | - | |
| Due to Other Funds | 272 | 33 | 16 | |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | 3,478 | 1,353 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 12,202 | 6,098 | 860 | |
| Fund Balances: | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | _ | | | |
| Inventories and Prepaid Items | 3 | - | 3 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Education | - | - | - | |
| Health and Social Services | - | - | - | |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | - | - | <u> </u> | |
| Transportation | - | - | 9,788 | |
| Licensing and Regulation | 107,992 | | - | |
| Economic Development | - | 59,131 | - | |
| Public Safety | - | - | - | |
| Culture – Recreation | - | - | - | |
| Other Purposes | - | - | - | |
| Assigned to: | | | | |
| Education | - | - | - | |
| Health and Social Services | - | - | - | |
| Licensing and Regulation | 40,211 | | - | |
| Economic Development | - | 75 | - | |
| Public Safety | - | - | - | |
| Culture – Recreation | - | - | - | |
| Other Purposes | | | | |
| Total Fund Balances | 148,206 | 59,206 | 9,791 | |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$160,408 | \$65,304 | \$10,651 | |

| \$ 6,926 - 107,726 2,639 | \$ 9,778 - 161,247 3,947 8 - 301,795 | \$ 715 - 11,770 288 | \$ 9,948 8,563 164,290 4,032 | \$ 48,803 8,563 642,380 15,737 |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 2,639 | 3,947 8 - | 288 | 164,290 | 642,380 |
| 2,639 | 3,947 8 - | 288 | | |
| | 8 - | | 4,032 | 15,737 |
| - | - | - | | |
| | | | - | 799 |
| 1,081 | 301 795 | - | 133 | 1,652 |
| - | | 25,092 | 55 | 328,802 |
| 1,992 | 1,097 | 82 | 3,418 | 12,876 |
| 143 | - | - | 1,812 | 1,986 |
| - | - | - | 237 | 237 |
| 56 | - | - | 133 | 195 |
| - | - | - | 5 | 3,341 |
| \$ 120,563 | \$ 477,872 | \$ 37,947 | \$ 192,626 | \$ 1,065,371 |
| | | | | |
| 9,912 | \$ 484 | \$ 1,072 | \$ 9,838 | \$ 31,594 |
| - | - | - | 9 | 3,729 |
| 458 | 44 | 3 | 13,513 | 14,339 |
| 2,639 | 3,947 | 288 | 4,032 | 15,737 |
| 13,009 | 4,475 | 1,363 | 27,392 | 65,399 |
| 56 | - | - | 370 | 432 |
| _ | _ | _ | 25,929 | 25,929 |
| _ | _ | _ | 731 | 731 |
| 69,261 | 473,397 | 36,584 | 50,178 | 629,420 |
| - | - | - | - | 9,788 |
| _ | _ | _ | 1,744 | 109,736 |
| _ | _ | _ | 3,425 | 62,556 |
| _ | <u>-</u> | _ | 28,710 | 28,710 |
| 38,237 | <u>-</u> | _ | 9,916 | 48,153 |
| - | - | - | 38,835 | 38,835 |
| - | - | - | 635 | 635 |
| - | - | - | 1,541 | 1,541 |
| - | - | - | · - | 40,211 |
| - | - | - | - | 75 |
| - | - | - | 695 | 695 |
| - | - | - | 91 | 91 |
| - | - | - | 2,434 | 2,434 |
| 107,554 | 473,397 | 36,584 | 165,234 | 999,972 |
| 120,563 | \$ 477,872 | \$ 37,947 | \$ 192,626 | \$ 1,065,371 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | LICENSING | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | AND | ECONOMIC | AIRPORT |
| REVENUES | REGULATION | DEVELOPMENT | DEVELOPMENT |
| Sales and Use Taxes | \$ - | \$ 5,315 | \$ - |
| Petroleum Taxes | 11,143 | 557 | 1,378 |
| Excise Taxes | 12,600 | 23.071 | - |
| Business and Franchise Taxes | 4,535 | 117 | _ |
| Other Taxes | - | - · · · · - | _ |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | 328 | 140 | 28,569 |
| Licenses, Fees and Permits | 74,441 | 257 | 16 |
| Charges for Services | 1,540 | 162 | 475 |
| Investment Income | 6,892 | 2,441 | 185 |
| Rental Income | - | · - | 618 |
| Surcharge | 43,099 | - | - |
| Other | 9,346 | 517 | 19 |
| Total Revenues | 163,924 | 32,577 | 31,260 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General Government | - | - | - |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | - | - | - |
| Culture – Recreation | - | - | - |
| Economic Development and Assistance | - | 33,336 | - |
| Education | - | - | - |
| Health and Social Services | - | - | - |
| Public Safety | - | - | - |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 111,197 | - | - |
| Transportation | - | - | 31,377 |
| Debt Service | | | |
| Principal | - | - | - |
| Interest | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 111,197 | 33,336 | 31,377 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | | | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 52,727_ | (759) | (117) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | |
| Transfers In | 6,888 | 7,093 | 172 |
| Transfers Out | (53,585) | (694) | - |
| Proceeds from Other Financing Arrangements | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (46,697) | 6,399 | 172 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 6,030 | 5,640 | 55 |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | 142,176 | 53,566 | 9,736 |
| • | | | |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | <u>\$ 148,206</u> | <u>\$ 59,206</u> | <u>\$ 9,791</u> |

| GAME AND PARKS | ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY | ENERGY CONSERVATION | OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE | TOTALS |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| \$ 3,755 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 9,311 | \$ 18,381 |
| - | <u>-</u> | 300 | 21 | 13,399 |
| 1,309 | 2,743 | - | 5,186 | 44,909 |
| - | 2,071 | - | 20,056 | 26,779 |
| _ | _,-,-,- | - | 4,235 | 4,235 |
| 10,481 | _ | _ | 5,047 | 44,565 |
| 28,207 | 7,395 | 9 | 43,956 | 154,281 |
| 2,734 | - | 25 | 54,445 | 59,381 |
| 4,756 | 7,263 | 543 | 6,976 | 29,056 |
| 14,265 | | - | 1,807 | 16,690 |
| - 1,200 | _ | _ | - | 43,099 |
| 1,769 | 7,050 | 484 | 4,237 | 23,422 |
| 67,276 | 26,522 | 1,361 | 155,277 | 478,197 |
| 01,210 | | | 100,211 | |
| - | - | - | 76,290 | 76,290 |
| 54,926 | 12,803 | 666 | 11,606 | 80,001 |
| 28,835 | - | - | 2,113 | 30,948 |
| | _ | _ | 800 | 34,136 |
| _ | _ | _ | 18,982 | 18,982 |
| _ | _ | _ | 17,700 | 17,700 |
| _ | _ | _ | 45,708 | 45,708 |
| _ | _ | _ | 830 | 112,027 |
| - | - | - | - | 31,377 |
| - | 1,425 | - | - | 1,425 |
| <u>-</u> | 7 | <u></u> _ | <u>-</u> _ | 7 |
| 83,761 | 14,235 | 666 | 174,029 | 448,601 |
| (16,485) | 12,287 | 695 | (18,752) | 29,596 |
| (10,100) | , | | | |
| 20,077 | 13,436 | 500 | 71,769 | 119,935 |
| 20,077 | (1,140) | (200) | (14,145) | (69,764) |
| | 1,428 | (200) | (14,143) | 1,428 |
| 20,077 | 13,724 | 300 | 57,624 | 51,599 |
| 20,077 | 13,724 | | 57,024 | 51,599 |
| 3,592 | 26,011 | 995 | 38,872 | 81,195 |
| 103,962 | 447,386 | 35,589 | 126,362 | 918,777 |
| \$ 107,554 | \$ 473,397 | \$ 36,584 | \$ 165,234 | \$ 999,972 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | N | NEBRASKA | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|--------|
| | AE | RONAUTICS | ١ | /ETERANS' | | PERMANENT | | RICULTURE | | | | |
| | | TRUST | | AID | | NDOWMENT | E | NDOWMENT | | OTHER | | TOTALS |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | 686 | \$ | 392 | \$ | 115 | \$ | 13 | \$ | 1,206 |
| Investments | | 6,881 | | 50,162 | | 1,283 | | 2,825 | | 329 | | 61,480 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | 155 | | 1,278 | | 33 | | 72 | | 8 | | 1,546 |
| Other Receivables, net of allowance | | 38 | | 4,837 | _ | 127 | | 272 | _ | 32 | | 5,306 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 7,074 | \$ | 56,963 | \$ | 1,835 | \$ | 3,284 | \$ | 382 | \$ | 69,538 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 7,472 | \$ | 199 | \$ | 437 | \$ | 51 | \$ | 8,159 |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | _ | 155 | | 1,278 | _ | 33 | | 72 | _ | 8 | | 1,546 |
| Total Liabilities | | 155 | | 8,750 | | 232 | | 509 | | 59 | | 9,705 |
| Fund Balances: | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Endowment Principal Restricted for: | | 6,195 | | 12,000 | | 503 | | 722 | | 95 | | 19,515 |
| Education | | _ | | - | | 1,100 | | 2,053 | | 207 | | 3,360 |
| Health and Social Services | | - | | 36,213 | | - | | - | | - | | 36,213 |
| Transportation | | 724 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 724 |
| Other Purposes | _ | | | _ | _ | _ | | | _ | 21 | | 21 |
| Total Fund Balances | _ | 6,919 | _ | 48,213 | _ | 1,603 | | 2,775 | _ | 323 | _ | 59,833 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$ | 7,074 | \$ | 56,963 | \$ | 1,835 | \$ | 3,284 | \$ | 382 | \$ | 69,538 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | NEBRASKA | | | | |
|---|------|---------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------|-----------|
| | AERO | NAUTICS | VETERANS' | PERMANENT | AGRICULTURE | | |
| | Т | RUST | AID | ENDOWMENT | ENDOWMENT | OTHER | TOTALS |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | \$ | 413 | \$ 1,478 | \$ 46 | \$ 85 | \$ 10 | \$ 2,032 |
| Total Revenues | | 413 | 1,478 | 46 | 85 | 10 | 2,032 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Education | | - | - | 26 | 57 | 6 | 89 |
| Health and Social Services | | - | 1,753 | - | - | - | 1,753 |
| Transportation | | 2 | | | | | 2 |
| Total Expenditures | | 2 | 1,753 | 26 | 57 | 7 | 1,845 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | | 411 | (275) | 20 | 28 | 3 | 187 |
| Over (Orider) Experiditures | | 411 | (273) | 20 | 20 | 3 | 107 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | (172) | | | | | (172) |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | | 239 | (275) | 20 | 28 | 3 | 15 |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 | | 6,680 | 48,488 | 1,583 | 2,747 | 320 | 59,818 |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ | 6,919 | \$ 48,213 | \$ 1,603 | \$ 2,775 | \$ 323 | \$ 59,833 |



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are maintained to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the costs of providing goods and services to the general public are financed primarily through user charges.

Lottery Fund. This fund accounts for all receipts and expenses from the operations of the State Lottery.

Excess Liability Fund. This fund accounts for the activity resulting from implementation of the Nebraska Hospital-Medical Liability Act. Revenues are primarily insurance premiums from certain health care providers and a surcharge levied on all participating health care providers in Nebraska. Expenses from the fund are used to pay judgments against participating health care providers, up to a limit of \$1,750,000 per occurrence on or before December 31, 2014 and \$2,250,000 for any occurrence after December 31, 2014.

Cornhusker State Industries. The activities of Cornhusker State Industries in the Department of Correctional Services are accounted for in this fund. One of the main activities is making furniture.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | =V0=00 | CO | RNHUSKER | | |
| | | OTTERY | | EXCESS LIABILITY | IN | STATE DUSTRIES | | TOTALS |
| ASSETS | - | | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 8,263 | \$ | 23,262 | \$ | 6,553 | \$ | 38,078 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | 5,406 | | 14,021 | | 1,334 | | 20,761 |
| Due from Other Funds | | _ | | - | | 1,013 | | 1,013 |
| Inventories | | - | | - | | 5,219 | | 5,219 |
| Prepaid Items | | 10 | | _ | | - | | 10 |
| Other | | 417 | | _ | | - | | 417 |
| Total Current Assets | | 14,096 | | 37,283 | | 14,119 | | 65,498 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted Long-Term Deposits | | 2,350 | | _ | | _ | | 2,350 |
| Long-Term Investments | | - | | 75,926 | | _ | | 75,926 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | _ | | 1,836 | | _ | | 1,836 |
| Capital Assets: | | | | 1,000 | | | | 1,000 |
| Land | | _ | | _ | | 315 | | 315 |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 269 | | _ | | 13,900 | | 14,169 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (182) | | _ | | (7,432) | | (7,614) |
| Total Capital Assets | - | 87 | - | | - | 6,783 | - | 6,870 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | | 2,437 | | 77,762 | | 6,783 | | 86,982 |
| | | | | | Φ. | | | |
| Total Assets | <u>\$</u> | 16,533 | <u>\$</u> | 115,045 | <u>\$</u> | 20,902 | \$ | 152,480 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 9.349 | \$ | 21.788 | \$ | 991 | \$ | 32.128 |
| Due to Other Funds | Ψ | 29 | Ψ | 21,700 | Ψ | 75 | Ψ | 104 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | | 24 | | 8,176 | | 57 | | 8,257 |
| Unearned Revenue | | | | 3,110 | | - | | 3,110 |
| Total Current Liabilities | - | 9,402 | - | 33,074 | - | 1,123 | - | 43,599 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | 3,402 | | 33,074 | | 1,125 | | 43,333 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | | 246 | | 9,239 | | 579 | | 10,064 |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | 240 | | 1,836 | | 579 | | 1,836 |
| | | | | | - | | | |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | _ | 246 | _ | 11,075 | | 579 | _ | 11,900 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 9,648 | \$ | 44,149 | \$ | 1,702 | \$ | 55,499 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | 87 | | _ | | 6,783 | | 6,870 |
| Restricted for: | | 01 | | - | | 0,703 | | 0,070 |
| Lottery Prizes | | 2,350 | | | | | | 2,350 |
| Unrestricted | | | | 70,896 | | - 12,417 | | 2,350 87,761 |
| Total Net Position | <u>r</u> | 4,448 6,885 | <u> </u> | | r | 19,200 | <u> </u> | |
| TOTAL INCL FUSILION | \$ | 0,000 | \$ | 70,896 | \$ | 19,200 | \$ | 96,981 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|---------------------|------------|
| | | EXCESS | CORNHUSKER STATE | |
| | LOTTERY | LIABILITY | INDUSTRIES | TOTALS |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$179,473_ | \$ 3,928 | <u>\$ 13,505</u> | \$ 196,906 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 179,473 | 3,928 | 13,505 | 196,906 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Personal Services | 1,434 | - | 5,233 | 6,667 |
| Services and Supplies | 29,703 | 593 | 8,132 | 38,428 |
| Lottery Prizes | 104,645 | - | - | 104,645 |
| Insurance Claims | - | 8,417 | - | 8,417 |
| Depreciation | 37_ | | 465 | 502 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 135,819 | 9,010 | 13,830 | 158,659 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 43,654 | (5,082) | (325) | 38,247 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | |
| Investment Income | 317 | 4,019 | 179 | 4,515 |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets | 14_ | <u>-</u> _ | 6 | 20 |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | 331 | 4,019 | 185 | 4,535 |
| Income (Loss) Before Transfers | 43,985 | (1,063) | (140) | 42,782 |
| Transfers Out | (42,783) | | | (42,783) |
| Change in Net Position | 1,202 | (1,063) | (140) | (1) |
| NET POSITION, JULY 1 | 5,683 | 71,959 | 19,340 | 96,982 |
| NET POSITION, JUNE 30 | \$ 6,885 | \$ 70,896 | \$ 19,200 | \$ 96,981 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Customers \$ 180,205 Cash Received from Interfund Charges - Cash Paid to Employees (1,409) Cash Paid to Suppliers (28,688) Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims - Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | LIABILITY | STATE | | |
|---|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Cash Received from Customers Cash Received from Interfund Charges Cash Paid to Employees (1,409) Cash Paid to Suppliers (28,688) Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | LIADILITI | INDUSTRIES | TOTALS | |
| Cash Received from Interfund Charges Cash Paid to Employees (1,409) Cash Paid to Suppliers (28,688) Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Cash Paid to Employees (1,409) Cash Paid to Suppliers (28,688) Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims - Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) Ret Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | \$ 4,577 | \$ 2,398 | \$ 187,180 | |
| Cash Paid to Suppliers (28,688) Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims - Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | - | 10,397 | 10,397 | |
| Cash Paid for Lottery Prizes (104,906) Cash Paid for Insurance Claims - Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | - | (5,217) | (6,626) | |
| Cash Paid for Insurance Claims Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | 21,206 | (9,734) | (17,216) | |
| Cash Paid for Interfund Services (325) Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | - | - | (104,906) | |
| Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities 44,877 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out (42,783) Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | (9,750) | - | (9,750) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | (50) | (624) | (999) | |
| Transfers Out Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | 15,983 | (2,780) | 58,080 | |
| Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities (42,783) CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | - | - | (42,783) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING: Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | (42,783) | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (74) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 14 Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | _ | (274) | (348) | |
| Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | _ | 12 | 26 | |
| Financing Activities (60) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | _ | (262) | (322) | |
| | | (202) | (022) | |
| | (219,886) | | (219,886) | |
| Purchase of Investment Securities - Proceeds from Sale of Investment Securities - | 198,167 | - | 198,167 | |
| Interest and Dividend Income 318 | 2,371 | - 186 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | | | 2,875 | |
| Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities 318 | (19,348) | 186 | (18,844) | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash | (0.00=) | (0.0=0) | (0.000) | |
| and Cash Equivalents 2,352 | (3,365) | (2,856) | (3,869) | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1 5,911 | 26,627 | 9,409 | 41,947 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 \$ 8,263 | \$ 23,262 | \$ 6,553 | \$ 38,078 | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH | | | | |
| FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) \$ 43,654 | \$ (5,082) | \$ (325) | \$ 38,247 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | | | | |
| flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation 37 | - | 465 | 502 | |
| Change in Assets and Liabilities: | | | | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Receivables 732 | - | (768) | (36) | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds | - | ` 58 [°] | `58 [°] | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Inventories | - | (2,450) | (2,450) | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items (10) | - | - | (10) | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Long-Term Deposits 70 | _ | - | 70 | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable | | | | |
| and Accrued Liabilities 397 | 21.749 | 222 | 22,368 | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds (3) | | 18 | 15 | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable | (1,333) | - | (1,333) | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue | 649 | _ | 649 | |
| Total adjustments 1,223 | 21,065 | (2,455) | 19,833 | |
| NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ 44,877 | \$ 15,983 | \$ (2,780) | \$ 58,080 | |
| | | | | |
| NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: | | | | |
| Noncash transactions are investing and financing activities that affect | | | | |
| assets and liabilities but do not result in cash receipts or payments. | | | | |
| The following noncash transactions occurred during the year: | | | | |
| Change in Fair Value of Investments | \$ 1,649 | <u> - </u> | \$ 1,649 | |

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the operations of State agencies that provide goods and services to other departments or agencies within State government on a cost-reimbursement basis. The State has the following internal service funds:

Buildings and Grounds. The activities of Administrative Services, State Building Division, for space rental, office and storage, and operating the parking areas are accounted for in this fund.

General Services. This fund accounts for the operations of central services provided by the Administrative Services, Materiel Division. These operations are the central mailroom, printing, central stores, purchasing services, surplus State property, and other miscellaneous office services.

Office of the CIO. This fund accounts for the activities of the central communications network and central data processing operations maintained by Administrative Services, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

Transportation Services Bureau. This fund accounts for the operations of the central motor pool, which is under Administrative Services, Transportation Services Bureau.

Risk Management. The activities of Administrative Services, Division of Risk Management, which include workers' compensation and general liability claims, and of the State Employees Insurance Fund, which include life and health insurance programs, are accounted for in this fund.

Accounting Services. The accounting operations maintained by Administrative Services, State Accounting Division, are accounted for in this fund.

Other Internal Service Funds. This fund accounts for the micrographics services and warehousing of records by the Records Management Division of the Secretary of State, the activities of the Investment Council, and the temporary employee pool maintained by Administrative Services, Division of State Personnel.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUILDINGS | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | AND | GENERAL | OFFICE OF |
| | GROUNDS | SERVICES | THE CIO |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 14,836 | \$ 5,349 | \$ 18,271 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | | | |
| Accounts | 26 | 26 | 727 |
| Accrued Interest | 110 | 40 | 171 |
| Due from Other Funds | 87 | 1,980 | 19,830 |
| Inventories | - | 404 | 63 |
| Prepaid Items | 1,186 | 321 | _ |
| Total Current Assets | 16,245 | 8,120 | 39,062 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | |
| Capital Assets: | | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | 837 | 8,041 | 78,731 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | (576) | (5,706) | (58,587) |
| Total Capital Assets | 261 | 2,335 | 20,144 |
| · | | | |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 16,506</u> | <u>\$ 10,455</u> | \$ 59,206 |
| Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds | \$ 2,242 687 | \$ 1,961 9 | \$ 5,262 97 |
| Capital Lease Obligations | - | - | 8,715 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | 45 | 51 | 268 |
| Unearned Revenue | | _ _ | 668 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 2,974 | 2,021 | 15,010 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | |
| Capital Lease Obligations | - | - | 23,945 |
| Claims, Judgments and Compensated Absences | 456 | 517_ | 2,709 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 456 | 517 | 26,654 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ 3,430 | \$ 2,538 | \$ 41,664 |
| NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position | 261 12,815 \$ 13,076 | 2,335 5,582 \$ 7,917 | (12,516) 30,058 \$ 17,542 |
| TOTAL FIRST CONTOUR | Ψ 10,070 | Ψ 1,511 | Ψ 17,542 |

| TRANSPORTATION SERVICES | | | | RISK MANAGEMENT | | | OUNTING RVICES | IN | OTHER FERNAL ERVICE | | TOTALS |
|-------------------------|---------|----|----------|--------------------|----------|----|-------------------|----|---------------------------|--|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 5,930 | \$ | 61,357 | \$ | 2,279 | \$ | 4,195 | \$ | 112,217 | | |
| | 21 | | 7 | | 1 | | 113 | | 921 | | |
| | 36 | | 411 | | 48 | | 31 | | 847 | | |
| | 753 | | 16,162 | | 339 | | 652 | | 39,803 | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 467 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1,507 | | |
| | 6,740 | | 77,937 | | 2,667 | | 4,991 | | 155,762 | | |
| | 19,384 | | - | | 2,296 | | 638 | | 109,927 | | |
| | (9,077) | | - | | (1,648) | | (529) | | (76,123) | | |
| | 10,307 | | - | | 648 | | 109 | | 33,804 | | |
| \$ | 17,047 | \$ | 77,937 | \$ | 3,315 | \$ | 5,100 | \$ | 189,566 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1,363 | \$ | 2,553 | \$ | 274 | \$ | 681 | \$ | 14,336 | | |
| | 30 | | 29 | | 70 | | 8 | | 930 | | |
| | 700 | | - | | 320 | | - | | 9,735 | | |
| | 8 | | 43,375 | | 26 | | 21 | | 43,794 | | |
| | | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | <u>-</u> | | 668 | | |
| | 2,101 | | 45,957 | | 690 | | 710 | | 69,463 | | |
| | - | | - | | 640 | | - | | 24,585 | | |
| | 84 | | 31,978 | - | 259 | | 212 | | 36,215 | | |
| | 84 | | 31,978 | | 899 | | 212 | | 60,800 | | |
| \$ | 2,185 | \$ | 77,935 | \$ | 1,589 | \$ | 922 | \$ | 130,263 | | |
| | 9,607 | | _ | | (312) | | 109 | | (516) | | |
| | 5,255 | | 2 | | 2,038 | | 4,069 | | 59,819 | | |
| \$ | 14,862 | \$ | 2 2 | \$ | 1,726 | \$ | 4,178 | \$ | 59,303 | | |
| Ψ | 14,002 | Ψ | | Ψ | 1,120 | Ψ | 7,170 | Ψ | 00,000 | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS | GENERAL SERVICES | OFFICE OF THE CIO |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | |
| Charges for Services Other | \$ 35,682 906 | \$ 17,871 - | \$ 95,797 - |
| Total Operating Revenues | 36,588 | 17,871 | 95,797 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| Personal Services | 4,848 | 3,827 | 18,399 |
| Services and Supplies | 30,018 | 13,735 | 81,356 |
| Insurance Claims | - | - | - |
| Depreciation | 37_ | 920 | 7,436 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 34,903 | 18,482 | 107,191 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 1,685 | (611) | (11,394) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | |
| Investment Income | 339 | 121 | 520 |
| Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets | 22 | 24 | 8 |
| Other | | | (158) |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | 361_ | 145_ | 370 |
| Change in Net Position | 2,046 | (466) | (11,024) |
| NET POSITION, JULY 1 | 11,030 | 8,383 | 28,566 |
| NET POSITION, JUNE 30 | \$ 13,076 | \$ 7,917 | \$ 17,542 |

| TRANSPORTATION SERVICES | RISK MANAGEMENT | ACCOUNTING SERVICES | OTHER INTERNAL SERVICE | TOTALS |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| \$ 7,215 13 7,228 | \$ 213,046 - 213,046 | \$ 4,378 140 4,518 | \$ 13,154 498 13,652 | \$ 387,143 1,557 388,700 |
| 625 3,794 - 2,663 7,082 | 196 1,419 212,957 - 214,572 | 2,228 1,977 - 219 4,424 | 8,008 5,822 - 36 13,866 | 38,131 138,121 212,957 11,311 400,520 |
| 146 | (1,526) | 94 | (214) | (11,820) |
| 105 318 (15) 408 | 1,515 - - - 1,515 | 145 - (4) 141 | 92 (6) - 86 | 2,837 366 (177) 3,026 |
| 554 | (11) | 235 | (128) | (8,794) |
| 14,308 \$ 14,862 | 13 \$ 2 | 1,491 \$ 1,726 | 4,306 \$ 4,178 | \$ 59,303 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | BUILDINGS | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | AND GROUNDS | GENERAL SERVICES | OFFICE OF THE CIO | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | GROUNDS | SLICVICES | THE OIL | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$ 234 | \$ 592 | \$ 4,237 | |
| Cash Received from Interfund Charges | 36,380 | 17,401 | 84,399 | |
| Cash Paid to Employees | (4,815) | (3,765) | (18,170) | |
| Cash Paid to Suppliers | (27,498) | (13,585) | (78,644) | |
| Cash Paid for Insurance Claims | (,,, | - | (,, | |
| Cash Paid for Interfund Services | (1,943) | (316) | (4,239) | |
| Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities | 2,358 | 327 | (12,417) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING | | | (12,111) | |
| ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | (137) | (640) | 7,373 | |
| Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets | 21 | 30 | 26 | |
| Principal Paid on Capital Leases | - | - | (5,400) | |
| Interest Paid on Capital Leases | _ | | (158) | |
| Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related | | | (130) | |
| | (116) | (610) | 1,841 | |
| Financing Activities | (116) | (610) | 1,041 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | 246 | 445 | 540 | |
| Investment Income | 316 | 115 | 513 | |
| Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities | 316 | 115 | 513 | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash | | | | |
| and Cash Equivalents | 2,558 | (168) | (10,063) | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1 | 12,278 | 5,517 | 28,334 | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 | <u>\$ 14,836</u> | <u>\$ 5,349</u> | \$ 18,271 | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH | | | | |
| FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ 1,685 | \$ (611) | \$ (11,394) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | |
| net cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation | 37 | 920 | 7,436 | |
| Change in Assets and Liabilities: | | | , | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Receivables | (9) | 13 | (85) | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds | 35 | 109 | (7,445) | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Inventories | - | (70) | 11 | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items | (33) | 25 | - | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable | (55) | | | |
| and Accrued Liabilities | 425 | 10 | (1,203) | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds | 218 | (69) | (106) | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable | | (33) | (100) | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue | _ | _ | 369 | |
| Total Adjustments | 673 | 938 | (1,023) | |
| NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ 2,358 | \$ 327 | \$ (12,417) | |
| | φ 2,336 | \$ 321 | φ (12,417) | |
| NONCASH TRANSACTIONS: | | | | |
| Noncash transactions are investing and financing activities that affect | | | | |
| assets and liabilities but do not result in cash receipts or payments. | | | | |
| The following noncash transactions occurred during the year: | | _ | | |
| Capital Assets acquired through Capital Leases | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 24,520 | |

| TRANSPORTATION SERVICES | RISK MANAGEMENT | ACCOUNTING SERVICES | OTHER INTERNAL SERVICE | TOTALS |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| \$ 22 | \$ 10,295 | \$ 1 | \$ 10,954 | \$ 26,335 |
| 6,791 | 200,147 | 4,177 | 2,974 | 352,269 |
| (662) | (196) | (2,204) | (7,868) | (37,680) |
| (1,903) | 1,856 | (1,305) | (5,526) | (126,605) |
| - | (219,755) | - | · · · · · · | (219,755) |
| (1,271) | (215) | (910) | (333) | (9,227) |
| 2,977 | (7,868) | (241) | 201 | (14,663) |
| (3,163) | _ | 98 | (83) | 3,448 |
| 1,060 | _ | - - | 1 | 1,138 |
| (690) | _ | | <u>.</u> | (6,090) |
| (15 <u>)</u> | | (4) | | (177) |
| (2,808) | | 94 | (82) | (1,681) |
| 102 | 1,506 | 136 | 85 | 2,773 |
| 102 | 1,506 | 136 | 85 | 2,773 |
| 271 | (6,362) | (11) | 204 | (13,571) |
| 5,659 | 67,719 | 2,290 | 3,991 | 125,788 |
| 5,930 | \$ 61,357 | \$ 2,279 | <u>\$ 4,195</u> | \$ 112,217 |
| \$ 146 | \$ (1,526) | \$ 94 | \$ (214) | \$ (11,820) |
| | | | | |
| 2,663 | - | 219 | 36 | 11,311 |
| (15) | 17 | (1) | 131 | 51 |
| (400) | (2,621) | (339) | 145 | (10,516) |
| - | (=,0= : / | - | - | (59) |
| - | - | - | - | (8) |
| 589 | 3,054 | (123) | 106 | 2,858 |
| (6) | 6 | (91) | (3) | (51) |
| - | (6,798) | - | - | (6,798) |
| <u>-</u> | | | | 369 |
| 2,831 | (6,342) | (335) | 415 | (2,843) |
| \$ 2,977 | <u>\$ (7,868)</u> | <u>\$ (241)</u> | \$ 201 | <u>\$ (14,663)</u> |
| | | | | |
| - | \$ - | \$ 960 | \$ - | \$ 25,480 |



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the State of Nebraska in a fiduciary capacity. The State has the following fiduciary funds:

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Deferred Compensation, State Employees' Retirement, County Employees' Retirement, Judges' Retirement, State Patrol Retirement, and School Retirement Systems.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Escheat Trust Fund. This fund makes payments to rightful owners for financial assets turned over to the State Treasurer because the assets were left unclaimed at corporations, business associations, banking and financial organizations, insurance companies, utilities and public authorities. If the rightful owners cannot be located, excess funds are transferred to the Permanent School Fund. However, the only funds shown in this trust are those funds determined to be paid at a future date to rightful owners of those funds.

College Savings Plan. This fund accounts for the Nebraska savings plan qualified under section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Other Private Purpose Trust Funds. Amos Trust, Agriculture and University Land Lease, Public Service Commission Trust Account, and Miscellaneous Private Purpose Trust.

AGENCY FUNDS

Local Government Fund. This fund receives money for redistribution to counties and other political subdivisions.

Other Agency Funds. Library Services, Severance Tax Fund, Court Ordered Settlement, County Court Trust Funds, Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool, the Department of Correctional Services Inmate Trust Funds, and the Health and Human Services System Trust Funds.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | 9 | STATE EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|----|----------------------------|----------|---------------------|--|--|
| | DEFERRED | | | EFINED | LOIKLIII | CASH | | |
| | | ENSATION | | TRIBUTION | | BALANCE | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 17 | \$ | 98 | \$ | 108 | | |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds | | _ | | - | | 51,055 | | |
| U.S. Treasury Bills | | _ | | - | | 67 | | |
| Government Agency Securities | | _ | | - | | 990 | | |
| Corporate Bonds | | _ | | - | | 77,314 | | |
| International Bonds | | _ | | - | | 16,820 | | |
| Equity Securities | | _ | | - | | 194,234 | | |
| Private Equity | | _ | | _ | | 88,640 | | |
| Options | | _ | | - | | (3) | | |
| Mortgages | | _ | | - | | 68,233 [°] | | |
| Private Real Estate | | _ | | _ | | 42,535 | | |
| Adr's, GDRs & Trust | | _ | | _ | | - | | |
| Asset Backed Securities | | _ | | _ | | 14.040 | | |
| Bank Loans | | _ | | _ | | 29,102 | | |
| Municipal Bonds | | _ | | _ | | 2,305 | | |
| Commingled Funds | | 204,939 | | 602,412 | | 730,153 | | |
| Short Term Investments | | 5,030 | | 9,011 | | 28,521 | | |
| Total Investments | | 209,969 | | 611,423 | | 1,344,006 | | |
| Securities Lending Collateral | | _ | | - | | 27,475 | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | , - | | |
| Contributions | | _ | | 769 | | 3,118 | | |
| Interest and Dividends | | _ | | 126 | | 1,917 | | |
| Other | | _ | | 89 | | 59,089 | | |
| Total Receivables | | | | 984 | | 64,124 | | |
| Due from Other Funds | | _ | | - | | - | | |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | | 132 | | 527 | | 461 | | |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (132) | | (527) | | (461) | | |
| Total Capital Assets | | - (.02) | | - (02.7 | | - (| | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 209,986 | \$ | 612,505 | \$ | 1,435,713 | | |
| Total Assets | Ψ | 209,900 | Ψ | 012,303 | Ψ | 1,400,710 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 3 | \$ | 57 | \$ | 97,723 | | |
| Due to Other Governments | • | - | , | - | • | - | | |
| Due to Other Funds | | 2 | | 3 | | 9 | | |
| Obligations under Securities Lending | | _ | | - | | 27,475 | | |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | | 8 | | 17 | | 55 | | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 13 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 125,262 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Net Position Restricted for Pensions | <u>\$</u> | 209,973 | \$ | 612,428 | \$ | 1,310,451 | | |

| COUNTY EMP DEFINED CONTRIBUTION | CASH | | | | | SCHOOL TIREMENT | | JUDGES ETIREMENT | RI | STATE PATROL ETIREMENT | | TOTALS |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|------------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|------------------------------|--|--------|
| 39 | \$ | 53 | \$ | 5,243 | \$ | 114 | \$ | 132 | \$ | 5,804 | | |
| _ | | 15,125 | | 431,334 | | 7,112 | | 15,656 | | 520,282 | | |
| _ | | 20 | | - | | , <u>-</u> | | - | | 87 | | |
| - | | 293 | | 14,459 | | 238 | | 525 | | 16,505 | | |
| - | | 22,903 | | 576,862 | | 9,511 | | 20,939 | | 707,529 | | |
| - | | 4,983 | | 137,271 | | 2,263 | | 4,983 | | 166,320 | | |
| - | | 57,539 | | 1,407,757 | | 23,210 | | 51,099 | | 1,733,839 | | |
| _ | | 26,259 | | 645,499 | | 10,643 | | 23,430 | | 794,471 | | |
| _ | | (1) | | (14) | | - | | (1) | | (19 | | |
| _ | | 20,213 | | 454,378 | | 7,492 | | 16,493 | | 566,809 | | |
| _ | | 12,601 | | 318,969 | | 5,259 | | 11,578 | | 390,942 | | |
| _ | | - | | 3,451 | | 57 | | 125 | | 3,633 | | |
| _ | | 4,159 | | 86,584 | | 1,428 | | 3,143 | | 109,354 | | |
| _ | | 8,621 | | 228,805 | | 3,772 | | 8,305 | | 278,605 | | |
| _ | | 683 | | 13,747 | | 227 | | 499 | | 17,461 | | |
| 184,362 | | 216,299 | | 5,426,157 | | 89,462 | | 205,096 | | 7,658,880 | | |
| 2,690 | | 11,476 | | 128,924 | | 2,126 | | 5,133 | | 192,91 | | |
| 187,052 | | 401,173 | - | 9,874,183 | | 162,800 | - | 367,003 | _ | 13,157,609 | | |
| , | | | | , , | | • | | , | | | | |
| - | | 8,139 | | 215,941 | | 3,560 | | 7,838 | | 262,953 | | |
| 353 | | 1,741 | | 22,952 | | 290 | | - | | 29,223 | | |
| 37 | | 568 | | 12,907 | | 213 | | 466 | | 16,234 | | |
| 26 | | 17,505 | | 561,718 | | 9,261 | | 20,389 | | 668,07 | | |
| 416 | | 19,814 | | 597,577 | | 9,764 | | 20,855 | | 713,534 | | |
| - | | - | | 44,578 | | - | | 2,725 | | 47,303 | | |
| 264 | | 264 | | 4,812 | | 66 | | 66 | | 6,592 | | |
| (263) | | (263) | | (4,809) | | (66) | | (66) | | (6,587 | | |
| 1 | | 1 | | 3 | | | | | | į | | |
| 187,508 | \$ | 429,180 | \$ | 10,737,525 | \$ | 176,238 | \$ | 398,553 | \$ | 14,187,208 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | \$ | 29,576 | \$ | 816,117 | \$ | 13,432 | \$ | 29,551 | \$ | 986,47 | | |
| - | * | | T | 6,671 | Ŧ | -, | * | - | T | 6,67 | | |
| 2 | | 7 | | 78 | | 1 | | 2 | | 104 | | |
| _ | | 8,139 | | 215,941 | | 3,560 | | 7,838 | | 262,953 | | |
| 9 | | 30 | | 278 | | 4 | | 6 | | 407 | | |
| 29 | \$ | 37,752 | \$ | 1,039,085 | \$ | 16,997 | \$ | 37,397 | \$ | 1,256,612 | | |
| | <u>*</u> | 5.,102 | <u>Ψ</u> | .,555,550 | <u>*</u> | . 5,561 | <u>*</u> | 2.,301 | <u>*</u> | .,_00,011 | | |
| | _ | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| 187,479 | \$ | 391,428 | \$ | 9,698,440 | \$ | 159,241 | \$ | 361,156 | \$ | 12,930 | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | _ | CTATE ENDI ON | VEC DETIDEMENT |
|--|--------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | DEFERRED | DEFINED | EES RETIREMENT CASH |
| | COMPENSATION | CONTRIBUTION | BALANCE |
| ADDITIONS | | | |
| Contributions: | | | |
| Participant Contributions | \$ 13,026 | \$ 6,971 | \$ 27,799 |
| State Contributions | - | 10,874 | 43,339 |
| Political Subdivision Contributions | - | - | - |
| Court Fees | - | - | |
| Total Contributions | 13,026 | 17,845 | 71,138 |
| Investment Income: | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in | 4.004 | (0.050) | 0.070 |
| Fair Value of Investments | 1,961 | (2,356) | 2,079 |
| Interest and Dividend Income Securities Lending Income | - | 4,759 11 | 16,817 239 |
| · · | | | |
| Total Investment Income | 1,961 | 2,414 | 19,135 |
| Investment Expenses Securities Lending Expenses | - | 673 4 | 4,304 58 |
| | _ | | |
| Total Investment Expense | - | 677 | 4,362 |
| Net Investment Income | 1,961_ | 1,737 | 14,773 |
| Other Additions | 94_ | 4 | 12 |
| Total Additions | 15,081 | 19,586 | 85,923 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | |
| Benefits | 18,918 | 39,735 | 85,278 |
| Refunds | - | - | - |
| Administrative Expenses | 202 | 285 | 1,079 |
| Other Deductions | _ | | |
| Total Deductions | 19,120_ | 40,020 | 86,357 |
| TRANSFERS | | | |
| Transfers In (Out) | | (5,849) | 5,849 |
| Change in Net Position Restricted for Pensions | (4,039) | (26,283) | 5,415 |
| NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR | 214,012 | 638,711 | 1,305,036 |
| NET POSITION-END OF YEAR | \$ 209,973 | \$ 612,428 | \$ 1,310,451 |

| | | YEES RETIREMENT | 2011001 | WD050 | STATE | |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| _ | DEFINED NTRIBUTION | CASH BALANCE | SCHOOL RETIREMENT | JUDGES RETIREMENT | PATROL RETIREMENT | TOTALS |
| <u> </u> | TRIBOTION | BALANOL | KETIKLINEN | KETIKEMENT | KETIKEMENT | TOTALO |
| \$ | 2,425 3,574 | \$ 10,966 16,069 | \$ 177,152 44,578 179,609 | \$ 1,651 - | \$ 4,360 7,086 | \$ 244,35 125,52 179,60 |
| | - | - | - | 3,459 | - | 3,45 |
| | 5,999 | 27,035 | 401,339 | 5,110 | 11,446 | 552,93 |
| | (677) | 1,119 | 53,949 | 874 | 1,814 | 58,76 |
| | 1,417 | 4,943 | 126,807 | 2,098 | 4,847 | 161,68 |
| | 3 | 71 | 2,174 | 36 | 79 | 2,61 |
| | 743 | 6,133 | 182,930 | 3,008 | 6,740 | 223,06 |
| | 194 | 1,274 | 32,910 | 543 | 1,223 | 41,12 |
| | 1 | 17_ | 737 | 12 | 27 | 85 |
| | 195_ | 1,291 | 33,647 | 555 | 1,250 | 41,97 |
| | 548 | 4,842 | 149,283 | 2,453 | 5,490 | 181,08 |
| | 1 | 4 | 42 | - | 27 | 18 |
| | 6,548 | 31,881 | 550,664 | 7,563 | 16,963 | 734,20 |
| | 10,029 | 23,081 | 512,492 | 9,052 | 17,752 | 716,33 |
| | - | - | 14,066 | - 74 | 1,824 | 15,89 |
| | 134 | 545 | 3,206 8,615 | 71 | 129 | 5,65 8,61 |
| | 10,163 | 23,626 | 538,379 | 9,123 | 19,705 | 746,49 |
| | (827) | 827 | _ _ | <u>-</u> _ | _ _ | |
| | (4,442) | 9,082 | 12,285 | (1,560) | (2,742) | (12,28 |
| | 191,921 | 382,346 | 9,686,155 | 160,801 | 363,898 | 12,942,88 |
| \$ | 187,479 | <u>\$ 391,428</u> | \$ 9,698,440 | \$ 159,241 | <u>\$ 361,156</u> | \$ 12,930,59 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | ESCHEAT | | COLLEGE SAVINGS | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------------|----|-------|-----------|---------------------|
| | | TRUST | | PLAN | | OTHER | | TOTALS |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments: | \$ | 8,452 | \$ | 5,984 | \$ | 8,045 | \$ | 22,481 |
| Commingled Funds Receivables: | | - | | 3,848,458 | | - | | 3,848,458 |
| Interest and Dividends | | 55 | | 536 | | 52 | | 643 |
| Other Assets | | 1,081 | | | | 1,091 | | 2,172 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 9,588 | \$ | 3,854,978 | \$ | 9,188 | \$ | 3,873,754 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 6 | \$ | 5,007 | \$ | 10 | \$ | 5,023 |
| Deposits | | _ | | - | | 2,389 | | 2,389 |
| Due to Other Funds | _ | 7 | _ | | _ | | _ | 7 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 13 | <u>\$</u> | 5,007 | \$ | 2,399 | <u>\$</u> | 7,419 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | • | | • | 0.040.074 | • | | • | 0.040.074 |
| College Savings Plan Other Purposes | \$ | 9,575 | \$ | 3,849,971 | \$ | 6,789 | \$ — | 3,849,971 16,364 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 9,575 | \$ | 3,849,971 | \$ | 6,789 | \$ | 3,866,335 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | E | SCHEAT | COLLEGE SAVINGS | | | |
|--|----|----------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| | | TRUST | PLAN | OTHER | TOTALS | |
| ADDITIONS | | | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | | |
| Participant Contributions | \$ | - | \$ 381,280 | \$ - | \$ 381,280 | |
| Client Contributions | | - | - | 11 | 11 | |
| Investment Income: | | | | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in | | | | | | |
| Fair Value of Investments | | - | (3,245) | - | (3,245) | |
| Interest and Dividend Income | | 227 | 3,970 | 184 | 4,381 | |
| Total Investment Income | | 227 | 725 | 184 | 1,136 | |
| Investment Expenses | | | 18,491 | | 18,491 | |
| Net Investment Income | | 227 | (17,766) | 184 | (17,355) | |
| Escheat Revenue | | 4,335 | - | - | 4,335 | |
| Other Additions | | _ | 164 | 1,079 | 1,243 | |
| Total Additions | | 4,562 | 363,678 | 1,274 | 369,514 | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | | | |
| Benefits | | - | 272,427 | - | 272,427 | |
| Amounts Distributed to Outside Parties | | 14,641 | - | 6,008 | 20,649 | |
| Administrative Expenses | | 1,096 | | 69 | 1,165 | |
| Total Deductions | | 15,737 | 272,427 | 6,077 | 294,241 | |
| Change in Net Position Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| College Savings Plan | | - | 91,251 | - | 91,251 | |
| Other Purposes | | (11,175) | - | (4,803) | (15,978) | |
| NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 20,750 | 3,758,720 | 11,592 | 3,791,062 | |
| NET POSITION-END OF YEAR | \$ | 9,575 | \$ 3,849,971 | \$ 6,789 | \$ 3,866,335 | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | GC | LOCAL VERNMENT | | |
|--|----|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | FUND | OTHER | TOTALS |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 68,835 | \$ 39,763 | \$ 108,598 |
| Receivables: | | | | |
| Interest and Dividends Receivable | | 381 | 118 | 499 |
| Other | | | 597 | 597 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 69,216 | \$ 40,478 | \$ 109,694 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 151 | \$ 19,915 | \$ 20,066 |
| Due to Other Governments | | 69,065 | - | 69,065 |
| Other Liabilities | | | 20,563 | 20,563 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 69,216 | \$ 40,478 | \$ 109,694 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | BALANCE | | | | | | BALANCE | |
|--|----|--------------|----|-----------|----------|------------|---------------|---------|--|
| | | July 1, 2015 | | ADDITIONS | F | REDUCTIONS | June 30, 2016 | | |
| LOCAL GOVERNMENT FUND | | , , | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 67,765 | \$ | 669,027 | \$ | 667,957 | \$ | 68,835 | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and Dividends Receivable | | 366 | | 962 | | 947 | - | 381 | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 68,131 | \$ | 669,989 | \$ | 668,904 | \$ | 69,216 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 176 | \$ | 308,096 | \$ | 308,121 | \$ | 151 | |
| Due to Other Governments | | 67,955 | | 361,893 | | 360,783 | | 69,065 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 68,131 | \$ | 669,989 | \$ | 668,904 | \$ | 69,216 | |
| OTHER | | | - | | - | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 41,084 | \$ | 469,049 | \$ | 470,370 | \$ | 39,763 | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and Dividends Receivable | | 63 | | 656 | | 601 | | 118 | |
| Other | | 550 | | 13,547 | | 13,500 | | 597 | |
| Other Assets | | 1,179 | | <u>-</u> | | 1,179 | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 42,876 | \$ | 483,252 | \$ | 485,650 | \$ | 40,478 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 19,861 | | 60,927 | | 60,873 | | 19,915 | |
| Other Liabilities | | 23,015 | | 422,325 | | 424,777 | | 20,563 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 42,876 | \$ | 483,252 | \$ | 485,650 | \$ | 40,478 | |
| TOTALS | | _ | | _ | | <u> </u> | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 108,849 | \$ | 1,138,076 | \$ | 1,138,327 | \$ | 108,598 | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest and Dividends Receivable | | 429 | | 1,618 | | 1,548 | | 499 | |
| Other | | 550 | | 13,547 | | 13,500 | | 597 | |
| Other Assets | | 1,179 | | | | 1,179 | | | |
| Total Assets | \$ | 111,007 | \$ | 1,153,241 | \$ | 1,154,554 | \$ | 109,694 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities | \$ | 20,037 | \$ | 369,023 | \$ | 368,994 | \$ | 20,066 | |
| Due to Other Governments | | 67,955 | | 361,893 | | 360,783 | | 69,065 | |
| Other Liabilities | | 23,015 | | 422,325 | | 424,777 | | 20,563 | |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 111,007 | \$ | 1,153,241 | \$ | 1,154,554 | \$ | 109,694 | |





STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

This part of the State of Nebraska's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATION

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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| Net Position by Component | 137 |
| Changes in Net Position. | |
| Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | |
| Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | 144 |
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REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION

These schedules present revenue capacity information for the two largest own-source revenues – individual income tax and sales and use tax. Individual income tax and sales and use tax are the primary sources of general fund revenue.

| Individual Income Tax Rates | 146 |
|---|-----|
| Individual Income Tax Liability by Income Level | 147 |
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DEBT CAPACITY INFORMATION

The State has no debt because the Nebraska State Constitution prohibits the State's debt from exceeding, in the aggregate, one hundred thousand dollars. However, the State does have leasing arrangements; such information is provided in this section.

| Ratios of Outstanding Debt149 |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

| Comparative Unemployment, Nebraska and United States | 150 |
|--|-----|
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OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain information about the State's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the State's financial information relates to the activities it performs.

| Full Time Equivalent Permanent Employees by Function | 153 |
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| Operating Indicators by Function | |
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| | |
| MISCELLANEOUS DATA | 156 |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--|----------|--|-------|--|----------|--|----------|--|
| | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 7,428,729 | \$ | 7,587,729 | \$ | 7,718,610 | \$ | 7,820,246 | \$ | 7,982,821 |
| Restricted | | 1,762,849 | | 1,789,943 | | 1,631,962 | | 1,754,186 | | 2,006,750 |
| Unrestricted | | 966,918 | | 1,078,546 | | 1,015,196 | | 850,757 | | 806,676 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 10,158,496 | \$ | 10,456,218 | \$ | 10,365,768 | \$ | 10,425,189 | \$ | 10,796,247 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 5,763 | \$ | 6,426 | \$ | 6,283 | \$ | 5,848 | \$ | 6,809 |
| Restricted | | 321,396 | | 344,186 | | 270,394 | | 240,878 | | 345,731 |
| Unrestricted | | 31,019 | | 47,777 | | 47,082 | | 72,173 | | 65,690 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ | 358,178 | \$ | 398,389 | \$ | 323,759 | \$ | 318,899 | \$ | 418,230 |
| Primary government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 7,434,492 | \$ | 7,594,155 | \$ | 7,724,893 | \$ | 7,826,094 | \$ | 7,989,630 |
| Restricted | · | 2,084,245 | • | 2,134,129 | • | 1,902,356 | • | 1,995,064 | · | 2,352,481 |
| Unrestricted | | 997,937 | | 1,126,323 | | 1,062,278 | | 922,930 | | 872,366 |
| Total primary government net position | \$ | 10,516,674 | \$ | 10,854,607 | \$ | 10,689,527 | \$ | 10,744,088 | \$ | 11,214,477 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Dollars in Thousands) | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 |
| Governmental activities | \$ | - | <u> </u> | | \$ | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | \$ | 8,041,150 | \$ | 8,468,618 | \$ | 8,571,554 | \$ | 8,673,916 | \$ | 8,757,532 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position | _ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 | | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 | _ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 | _ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 | _ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets | _ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 | | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 | _ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 | _ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 | _ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 77,262 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 80,149 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 87,763 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 87,538 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 87,761 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government | \$ \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 77,262 488,776 | \$ \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 80,149 528,360 | \$ \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 87,763 557,082 | \$ \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 87,538 561,303 | \$ \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 87,761 585,039 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 77,262 488,776 | \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 80,149 528,360 | \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 87,763 557,082 8,578,809 | \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 87,538 561,303 | \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 87,761 585,039 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government | \$ \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 77,262 488,776 8,047,529 2,488,957 | \$ \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 80,149 528,360 8,475,980 2,658,221 | \$ \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 87,763 557,082 8,578,809 2,893,121 | \$ \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 87,538 561,303 | \$ \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 87,761 585,039 8,764,402 3,044,857 |
| Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted | \$ \$ | 8,041,150 2,083,822 905,503 11,030,475 6,379 405,135 77,262 488,776 | \$ \$ | 8,468,618 2,217,372 1,193,571 11,879,561 7,362 440,849 80,149 528,360 | \$ \$ | 8,571,554 2,431,057 1,401,782 12,404,393 7,255 462,064 87,763 557,082 8,578,809 | \$ \$ | 8,673,916 2,495,373 1,156,733 12,326,022 7,030 466,735 87,538 561,303 | \$ \$ | 8,757,532 2,554,449 968,515 12,280,496 6,870 490,408 87,761 585,039 |

 ${\bf NOTE:}\ \ Prior\ year\ amounts\ have\ not\ been\ adjusted\ for\ the\ 2016\ restatement\ of\ unreported\ loans\ receivable.$

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 354,737 | \$ 437,830 | \$ 468,433 | \$ 471,614 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 119,286 | 112,936 | 127,677 | 148,452 |
| Culture - Recreation | 27,031 | 26,073 | 29,272 | 24,228 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 89,310 | 84,852 | 88,520 | 95,228 |
| Education | 1,369,110 | 1,450,085 | 1,562,662 | 1,712,705 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University | 528,861 | 558,282 | 571,268 | 571,288 |
| Health and Social Services | 2,649,535 | 2,744,217 | 2,912,708 | 3,010,299 |
| Public Safety | 359,755 | 372,677 | 351,673 | 372,813 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 155,692 | 130,603 | 123,579 | 132,094 |
| Transportation | 614,919 | 714,032 | 797,462 | 736,449 |
| Interest on Long-term Debt | 2,337 | 2,241 | 1,828 | 1,400 |
| Net Pension Expense | | - | | - |
| Total expenses | 6,270,573 | 6,633,828 | 7,035,082 | 7,276,570 |
| Program Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for Services: | | | | |
| General Government | 86,746 | 86,869 | 87,575 | 100,501 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 34,578 | 34,439 | 35,324 | 35,483 |
| Culture - Recreation | 16,823 | 17,072 | 18,153 | 18,550 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 5,043 | 4,808 | 2,259 | 2,171 |
| Education | 26,180 | 25,807 | 30,402 | 34,166 |
| Health and Social Services | 115,036 | 126,075 | 148,971 | 109,333 |
| Public Safety | 24,348 | 25,118 | 25,363 | 25,320 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 118,119 | 122,667 | 132,771 | 131,814 |
| Transportation | 89,358 | 105,748 | 112,493 | 95,950 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 2,217,531 | 2,235,104 | 2,490,255 | 2,841,557 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 8,137 | 21,258 | 25,252 | 24,680 |
| Total program revenues | 2,741,899 | 2,804,965 | 3,108,818 | 3,419,525 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Net Program Expense | (3,528,674) | (3,828,863) | (3,926,264) | (3,857,045) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | |
| Income taxes | 1,859,467 | 1,956,656 | 1,787,950 | 1,676,829 |
| Sales and use taxes | 1,441,743 | 1,481,067 | 1,476,995 | 1,447,865 |
| Petroleum taxes | 326,795 | 290,721 | 305,793 | 303,865 |
| Excise taxes | 137,525 | 141,012 | 134,877 | 132,779 |
| Business and franchise taxes | 68,771 | 80,925 | 70,270 | 79,115 |
| Other taxes | 36,832 | 15,269 | 10,863 | 13,436 |
| Total taxes | 3,871,133 | 3,965,650 | 3,786,748 | 3,653,889 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 250,175 | 114,252 | 14,582 | 216,190 |
| Miscellaneous | 730 | 3,374 | 401 | (1,927) |
| Contributions to permanent fund principal | 18,800 | 12,301 | 3,838 | 16,314 |
| Transfers | 29,266 | 31,008 | 30,245 | 32,000 |
| Total general revenues and other | | | | |
| changes in net position | 4,170,104 | 4,126,585 | 3,835,814 | 3,916,466 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 641,430 | \$ 297,722 | \$ (90,450) | \$ 59,421 |
| | | | | |

NOTE: Prior year amounts have not been adjusted for the 2016 restatement of unreported loans receivable.

| 2011 | 2012 | | 2013 | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 |
|---|---|----|--|--|----|---|----|--|
| \$ 476,622 155,692 28,837 111,096 1,807,170 561,090 3,069,195 361,921 121,616 696,727 | \$ 460,612 151,318 24,752 102,839 1,570,235 557,162 3,139,786 366,084 122,211 905,498 | \$ | 458,483 143,437 31,114 96,433 1,645,097 572,341 3,195,733 384,081 134,172 859,289 | \$ 507,065 143,324 30,532 89,109 1,712,015 618,033 3,241,947 376,449 123,879 919,679 | \$ | 548,000 149,492 31,410 109,318 1,723,893 651,138 3,350,345 408,096 125,207 981,999 | \$ | 631,739 144,326 37,118 99,611 1,799,893 676,456 3,477,627 409,403 118,005 1,096,243 |
| 1,153 | 1,204 | | 784 | 627 | | 1,289 29,409 | | 192 79,670 |
| 7,391,119 | 7,401,701 | | 7,520,964 | 7,762,659 | | 8,109,596 | | 8,570,283 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 88,550 | 95,899 | | 82,247 | 90,336 | | 90,319 | | 95,871 |
| 36,263 | 32,804 | | 37,019 | 34,550 | | 33,624 | | 39,476 |
| 18,657 1,007 | 22,984 4,126 | | 20,513 1,245 | 20,225 2,529 | | 22,752 1,758 | | 25,725 1,065 |
| 36,545 | 36,831 | | 47,751 | 46,522 | | 49,350 | | 51,790 |
| 112,145 | 120,745 | | 128,012 | 125,285 | | 130,645 | | 124,134 |
| 26,973 | 26,322 | | 33,012 | 33,265 | | 34,918 | | 37,731 |
| 135,820 | 131,312 | | 140,910 | 131,969 | | 139,275 | | 129,750 |
| 98,151 | 110,842 | | 107,008 | 112,175 | | 109,427 | | 110,984 |
| 2,939,166 | 2,646,825 | | 2,704,464 | 2,622,119 | | 2,648,173 | | 2,719,366 |
| 29,234 | 15,789 | | 20,040 | 18,657 | | 3,320 | | 946 |
| 3,522,511 | 3,244,479 | - | 3,322,221 | 3,237,632 | - | 3,263,561 | - | 3,336,838 |
| (3,868,608) | (4,157,222) | | (4,198,743) | (4,525,027) | | (4,846,035) | | (5,233,445) |
| (0,000,000) | (4,107,222) | | (4,130,743) | (4,020,021) | | (4,040,000) | | (0,200,440) |
| 1,889,796 | 2,064,233 | | 2,362,511 | 2,387,039 | | 2,578,226 | | 2,520,240 |
| 1,545,494 | 1,638,610 | | 1,661,208 | 1,792,176 | | 1,829,956 | | 1,827,206 |
| 321,919 | 322,284 | | 323,519 | 344,335 | | 345,357 | | 363,824 |
| 135,250 | 136,825 | | 130,725 | 128,281 | | 129,390 | | 133,620 |
| 65,630 | 73,849 | | 78,204 | 104,366 | | 85,959 | | 109,649 |
| 9,243 | 9,818 | | 7,849 | 7,579 | | 7,117 | | 6,404 |
| 3,967,332 | 4,245,619 | | 4,564,016 | 4,763,776 | | 4,976,005 | | 4,960,943 |
| 214,054 | 92,037 | | 96,522 | 223,246 | | 88,736 | | 144,734 |
| 2,590 | | | 1,518 | 3,322 | | 1,548 | | 2,159 |
| 23,635 | 17,719 | | 26,453 | 21,241 | | 19,331 | | 24,712 |
| 32,055 | 36,075 | | 40,014 | 38,274 | | 56,299 | | 49,414 |
| 4,239,666 | 4,391,450 | | 4,728,523 | 5,049,859 | | 5,141,919 | | 5,181,962 |
| 371,058 | \$ 234,228 | \$ | 529,780 | \$ 524,832 | \$ | 295,884 | \$ | |

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|------|----------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Unemployment Insurance | \$ 93,939 | \$ 98,365 | \$ 242,201 | \$ | 431,836 |
| Lottery | 85,895 | 91,653 | 94,676 | | 98,948 |
| Excess Liability | 13,731 | (2,707) | 12,430 | | 7,220 |
| Cornhusker State Industries | 11,690 | 10,435 | 10,221 | | 11,847 |
| Total expenses | 205,255 | 197,746 | 359,528 | | 549,851 |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Unemployment Insurance | 127,340 | 102,881 | 149,937 | | 391,067 |
| Lottery | 114,489 | 121,910 | 123,251 | | 130,580 |
| Excess Liability | 12,474 | 10,947 | 9,267 | | 21,475 |
| Cornhusker State Industries | 9,341 | 9,880 | 9,412 | | 13,549 |
| Total revenues | 263,644 | 245,618 | 291,867 | | 556,671 |
| Total Business-type Activities | | | | | |
| Net Program Expense | 58,389 | 47,872 | (67,661) | | 6,820 |
| Other Changes in Net Position | | | | | |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 18,308 | 23,347 | 23,276 | | 20,293 |
| Miscellaneous | - | - | - | | 27 |
| Transfers | (29,266) | (31,008) | (30,245) | | (32,000) |
| Total other changes in net position | (10,958) | (7,661) | (6,969) | | (11,680) |
| Total Business-type Activities | | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 47,431 | \$ 40,211 | \$ (74,630) | \$ | (4,860) |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 688,861 | \$ 337,933 | \$ (165,080) | \$ | 54,561 |

NOTE: The increases in taxes and change in net position from 2006 to 2008 for governmental activities were primarily due to a strengthening economy. The decreases in taxes in 2009 and 2010 and change in net position in 2009 were primarily due to the economic recession.

| 2011 | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | | |
|---|------|--|------|---|--|---|------|---|--|
| \$ 329,576 101,625 19,623 13,451 464,275 | \$ | 261,750 113,935 672 11,621 387,978 | \$ | 167,957 120,515 3,850 9,271 301,593 | \$ 122,351 121,046 1,174 11,582 256,153 | \$ 93,612 123,278 5,755 13,066 235,711 | \$ | 78,747 135,819 9,010 13,830 237,406 | |
| 422,977 131,919 8,943 15,568 | | 310,188 150,612 5,509 12,053 | | 194,996 160,753 4,946 10,299 | 133,665 157,896 5,478 11,336 | 107,613 159,968 4,519 12,099 | | 97,748 179,473 3,928 13,505 | |
| 579,407 | | 478,362 | | 370,994 | 308,375 | 284,199 | | 294,654 | |
| 115,132 | | 90,384 | | 69,401 | 52,222 | 48,488 | | 57,248 | |
| 16,254 - (32,055) (15,801) | | 16,237 - (36,075) (19,838) | | 10,197 - (40,014) (29,817) | 14,772 2 (38,274) (23,500) | 12,018 14 (56,299) (44,267) | | 15,882 20 (49,414) (33,512) | |
| \$ 99,331 | \$ | 70,546 | \$ | 39,584 | \$ 28,722 | \$ 4,221 | \$ | 23,736 | |
| \$ 470,389 | \$ | 304,774 | \$ | 569,364 | \$ 553,554 | \$ 300,105 | \$ | (27,747) | |



FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| General Fund | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ 438 | \$ 1,368 | \$ 1,062 | \$ 894 | \$ - |
| Unreserved | 971,205 | 972,307 | 855,542 | 715,530 | - |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | 785 |
| Committed | - | - | - | - | 313,202 |
| Unassigned | - | - | - | - | 419,460 |
| Total general fund | \$ 971,643 | \$ 973,675 | \$ 856,604 | \$ 716,424 | \$ 733,447 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | |
| Reserved | \$ 659,349 | \$ 687,095 | \$ 694,503 | \$ 729,377 | \$ - |
| Unreserved | | | | | |
| Special revenue funds | 1,014,579 | 1,065,392 | 997,377 | 1,062,679 | - |
| Permanent funds | 115,901 | 91,759 | 23,073 | 67,754 | - |
| Other funds | 51,784 | 121,686 | 118,933 | 82,371 | - |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | 468,363 |
| Restricted | - | - | - | - | 1,543,263 |
| Committed | - | - | - | - | 69,619 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | - | 32,439 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 1,841,613 | \$ 1,965,932 | \$ 1,833,886 | \$ 1,942,181 | \$ 2,113,684 |

| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| General Fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 953 | 1,114 | 1,802 | 1,580 | 1,087 |
| Committed | 383,379 | 384,121 | 719,065 | 727,835 | 730,655 |
| Unassigned | 430,466 | 648,092 | 540,891 | 614,763 | 396,669 |
| Total general fund | \$ 814,798 | \$ 1,033,327 | \$ 1,261,758 | \$ 1,344,178 | \$ 1,128,411 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 490,928 | 514,985 | 536,087 | 550,082 | 555,720 |
| Restricted | 1,601,306 | 1,697,151 | 1,889,186 | 1,931,112 | 1,983,398 |
| Committed | 73,327 | 135,605 | 124,154 | 99,358 | 113,034 |
| Assigned | 37,032 | 45,708 | 46,813 | 50,094 | 46,237 |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ 2,202,593 | \$ 2,393,449 | \$ 2,596,240 | \$ 2,630,646 | \$ 2,698,389 |

NOTE: The classification of fund balances changed in 2011 with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in Thousands) | 2007 | 2008 | | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| Income | \$ 1,860,712 | \$ 1,950,363 | \$ | 1,790,025 | \$ 1,675,922 |
| Sales and Use | 1,437,994 | 1,474,251 | | 1,475,234 | 1,452,362 |
| Petroleum | 329,490 | 295,321 | | 309,626 | 307,005 |
| Excise | 135,449 | 138,799 | | 134,877 | 132,779 |
| Business and Franchise | 68,771 | 80,925 | | 70,270 | 79,115 |
| Other | 36,832 | 15,269 | | 10,863 | 13,436 |
| Total Taxes | 3,869,248 | 3,954,928 | | 3,790,895 | 3,660,619 |
| Federal Grants and Contracts | 2,225,668 | 2,256,362 | | 2,514,288 | 2,865,989 |
| Licenses, Fees and Permits | 211,167 | 259,000 | | 268,817 | 266,899 |
| Charges for Services | 92,370 | 108,301 | | 137,234 | 96,165 |
| Investment Income | 246,753 | 110,716 | | 10,508 | 212,353 |
| Rental Income | 49,968 | 51,809 | | 54,549 | 49,286 |
| Other | 173,948 | 129,861 | | 123,953 | 146,216 |
| Total Revenues | 6,869,122 | 6,870,977 | | 6,900,244 | 7,297,527 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Current: General Government | 244 224 | 420 240 | | 420 644 | 420 220 |
| | 311,324 | 430,310 | | 439,614 | 439,330 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources Culture – Recreation | 119,533 | 112,333 | | 127,562 | 149,556 |
| | 26,250 | 26,226 | | 28,305 | 30,183 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 89,440 | 85,807 | | 88,824 | 96,584 |
| Education | 1,366,330 528.861 | 1,448,170 | | 1,565,692 571.268 | 1,710,935 571,288 |
| Higher Education - Colleges and University | , | 558,282 | | - , | , |
| Health and Social Services | 2,659,210 | 2,715,383 | | 2,920,472 370.605 | 3,004,678 |
| Public Safety | 359,514 | 383,156 | | , | 351,084 |
| Regulation of Business and Professions | 155,195 | 130,330 | | 123,476 | 131,884 842,583 |
| Transportation | 763,907 | 853,521 | | 915,980 | , |
| Capital Projects | 27,494 | 27,289 | | 25,333 | 30,584 |
| Debt Service | 6 575 | 6.015 | | 7 605 | 6 105 |
| Principal Interest | 6,575 1,666 | 6,215 | | 7,625 1,256 | 6,105 976 |
| Total Expenditures | 6,415,299 | 1,459 6,778,481 | - | 7,186,012 | 7,365,770 |
| · | 0,110,000 | 2,112,121 | | ,,,,,,,,, | .,, |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | 452 000 | 02.406 | | (20E 760) | (60.242) |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 453,823 | 92,496 | | (285,768) | (68,243) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | |
| Transfers In | 155,268 | 253,986 | | 171,202 | 226,156 |
| Transfers Out | (126,002) | (222,978) | | (140,957) | (194,156) |
| Other | 234 | 2,847 | | 6,406 | 4,358 |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | 483,323 | 126,351 | | (249,117) | (31,885) |
| Restatements | - | - | | - | - |
| BEGINNING FUND BALANCE (as restated) | 2,329,933 | 2,813,256 | | 2,939,607 | 2,690,490 |
| ENDING FUND BALANCE | \$ 2,813,256 | \$ 2,939,607 | \$ | 2,690,490 | \$ 2,658,605 |
| DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES | <1% | <1% | | <1% | <1% |

NOTE: The increases in taxes and fund balances from 2006 to 2008 were primarily due to a strengthening economy. The decreases in taxes and fund balances in 2009 and 2010 were primarily due to the economic recession.

| 2011 | | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | | 2016 |
|--|----|--|--|---|--|----|---|
| \$ 1,889,223 1,544,303 326,016 135,250 65,630 9,243 3,969,665 | \$ | 2,063,322 1,634,346 327,295 136,825 73,849 9,818 4,245,455 | \$ 2,362,392 1,659,029 328,253 130,725 78,204 7,849 4,566,452 | \$ 2,387,255 1,784,367 350,648 128,281 104,366 7,579 4,762,496 | \$ 2,576,621 1,833,701 349,721 129,390 85,959 7,117 4,982,509 | \$ | 2,517,537 1,828,465 365,695 133,620 109,649 6,404 4,961,370 |
| 2,967,939 282,078 96,779 209,509 55,158 123,754 7,704,882 | _ | 2,662,605 295,286 102,633 87,948 57,838 124,973 7,576,738 | 2,724,454 333,431 85,517 93,086 67,487 122,788 7,993,215 | 2,639,975 312,889 94,454 220,595 65,471 110,879 8,206,759 | 2,651,355 318,198 109,207 86,211 70,910 116,072 8,334,462 | _ | 2,720,258 322,736 112,984 141,897 74,941 111,279 8,445,465 |
| 450,474 156,268 30,290 113,506 1,810,806 | | 420,143 150,970 28,434 102,902 1,581,956 | 422,689 144,284 30,550 96,759 1,641,158 | 465,818 144,628 31,014 89,382 1,708,712 | 551,297 151,308 38,653 109,976 1,774,095 | | 623,393 145,218 44,313 100,007 1,842,774 |
| 561,090 3,079,889 375,334 122,852 832,394 16,676 | | 557,162 3,139,042 378,982 122,025 932,445 28,123 | 572,341 3,194,565 395,095 134,223 974,324 21,070 | 618,033 3,217,372 377,086 123,349 1,025,623 12,164 | 651,138 3,355,065 414,235 125,099 1,076,805 19,824 | | 676,456 3,477,074 417,785 117,894 1,175,832 28,174 |
| 3,380 647 7,553,606 | | 2,865 684 7,445,733 | 4,755 344 7,632,157 | 2,110 260 7,815,551 | 6,995 1,090 8,275,580 | | 1,425 7 8,650,352 |
| 151,276 | | 131,005 | 361,058 | 391,208 | 58,882 | | (204,887) |
| 175,684 (143,629) 5,195 | | 170,673 (134,598) 1,505 | 204,413 (164,399) 1,440 | 127,212 (88,938) 1,740 | 249,057 (192,758) 1,645 | | 249,761 (200,347) 1,492 |
| 188,526 | | 168,585 | 402,512 | 431,222 | 116,826 | | (153,981) |
| 2,658,605 | | 2,847,131 | 6,873 3,015,716 | 1,675 3,425,101 | 3,857,998 | | 5,957 3,974,824 |
| \$ 2,847,131 | \$ | 3,015,716 | \$ 3,425,101 | \$ 3,857,998 | \$ 3,974,824 | \$ | 3,826,800 |
| <1% | | <1% | <1% | <1% | <1% | | <1% |

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES

2007 - 2016

| | | Tax Brac | kets | |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Bracket 1 | Bracket 2 | Bracket 3 | Bracket 4 |
| Single | | | | |
| 2007 - 2013 Income Range | \$0-2,400 | \$2,400-17,500 | \$17,500-27,000 | Over \$27,000 |
| 2014 Income Range | \$0-3,000 | \$3,000-18,000 | \$18,000-29,000 | Over \$29,000 |
| 2015 Income Range | \$0-3,050 | \$3,050-18,280 | \$18,280-29,460 | Over \$29,460 |
| 2016 Income Range | \$0-3,060 | \$3,060-18,370 | \$18,370-29,590 | Over \$29,590 |
| 2007 - 2012 Rates | 2.56% | 3.57% | 5.12% | 6.84% |
| 2013 - 2016 Rates | 2.46% | 3.51% | 5.01% | 6.84% |
| Heads of Household | | | | |
| 2007 - 2013 Income Range | \$0-4,500 | \$4,500-28,000 | \$28,000-40,000 | Over \$40,000 |
| 2014 Income Range | \$0-5,600 | \$5,600-28,800 | \$28,800-43,000 | Over \$43,000 |
| 2015 Income Range | \$0-5,690 | \$5,690-29,260 | \$29,260-43,680 | Over \$43,680 |
| 2016 Income Range | \$0-5,710 | \$5,710-29,390 | \$29,390-43,880 | Over \$43,880 |
| 2007 - 2012 Rates | 2.56% | 3.57% | 5.12% | 6.84% |
| 2013 - 2016 Rates | 2.46% | 3.51% | 5.01% | 6.84% |
| Married Filing Joint | | | | |
| 2007 - 2013 Income Range | \$0-4,800 | \$4,800-35,000 | \$35,000-54,000 | Over \$54,000 |
| 2014 Income Range | \$0-6,000 | \$6,000-36,000 | \$36,000-58,000 | Over \$58,000 |
| 2015 Income Range | \$0-6,090 | \$6,090-36,570 | \$36,570-58,920 | Over \$58,920 |
| 2016 Income Range | \$0-6,120 | \$6,120-36,730 | \$36,730-59,180 | Over \$59,180 |
| 2007 - 2012 Rates | 2.56% | 3.57% | 5.12% | 6.84% |
| 2013 - 2016 Rates | 2.46% | 3.51% | 5.01% | 6.84% |
| Married Filing Separate | | | | |
| 2007 - 2013 Income Range | \$0-2,400 | \$2,400-17,500 | \$17,500-27,000 | Over \$27,000 |
| 2014 Income Range | \$0-3,000 | \$3,000-18,000 | \$18,000-29,000 | Over \$29,000 |
| 2015 Income Range | \$0-3,050 | \$3,050-18,280 | \$18,280-29,460 | Over \$29,460 |
| 2016 Income Range | \$0-3,060 | \$3,060-18,370 | \$18,370-29,590 | Over \$29,590 |
| 2007 - 2012 Rates | 2.56% | 3.57% | 5.12% | 6.84% |
| 2013 - 2016 Rates | 2.46% | 3.51% | 5.01% | 6.84% |

SOURCE: Nebraska Department of Revenue

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY BY INCOME LEVEL

Tax Years 2004 and 2013

| | | 200 | 4 | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-----|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Federal Adjusted | | | Net Liability After | Number of | |
| Gross Income | Number of | | Nonrefundable | Returns With | Net Liability |
| Level | Returns | | Credits | Liability | Percent |
| Less Than \$10,000 | 119,187 | \$ | 4,739,697 | 47,833 | 0.36% |
| \$10,000 - 24,999 | 190,678 | \$ | 42,346,154 | 164,829 | 3.23% |
| \$25,000 - 49,999 | 218,793 | \$ | 180,788,973 | 215,150 | 13.77% |
| \$50,000 - 99,999 | 192,974 | \$ | 437,276,413 | 191,287 | 33.31% |
| \$100,000 and Over | 72,968 | \$ | 647,594,584 | 70,841 | 49.33% |
| State Total | 794,600 | \$ | 1,312,745,821 | 689,940 | 100.00% |

| 2013 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|----|---------------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Federal Adjusted | | | Net Liability After | Number of | | | | | | | |
| Gross Income Number of | | | Nonrefundable | Returns With | Net Liability | | | | | | |
| Level | Returns | | Credits | Liability | Percent | | | | | | |
| Less Than \$10,000 | 140,550 | \$ | 5,362,477 | 45,234 | 0.27% | | | | | | |
| \$10,000 - 24,999 | 192,646 | \$ | 27,881,407 | 177,752 | 1.41% | | | | | | |
| \$25,000 - 49,999 | 231,292 | \$ | 166,740,039 | 226,330 | 8.43% | | | | | | |
| \$50,000 - 99,999 | 232,367 | \$ | 494,399,577 | 228,977 | 24.98% | | | | | | |
| \$100,000 and Over | 157,602 | \$ | 1,284,544,484 | 152,503 | 64.91% | | | | | | |
| State Total | 954,457 | \$ | 1,978,927,984 | 830,796 | 100.00% | | | | | | |

SOURCE: Department of Revenue 2004 and 2013 Annual Reports; www.revenue.nebraska.gov

NOTE: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the state's revenue. Tax year 2013 is the most recent year for which data is available.

TAXABLE SALES BY INDUSTRY

Calendar Years 2006 and 2015

| | | 2006 | 2015 |
|--|----|------------------|----------------------|
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | \$ | 66,658,538 | \$ 74,441,744 |
| Mining | | 44,552,539 | 48,311,677 |
| Utilities | | 1,806,935,192 | 2,327,582,496 |
| Construction | | 877,523,045 | 610,556,735 |
| Manufacturing | | 575,251,378 | 517,057,354 |
| Wholesale Trade | | 1,332,807,057 | 1,511,404,995 |
| Retail Trade | | 8,791,236,842 | 10,736,510,168 |
| Transportation | | 81,111,283 | 95,564,503 |
| Warehousing Services | | 22,195,783 | 34,104,081 |
| Information | | 889,872,472 | 874,154,609 |
| Finance & Insurance | | 65,701,919 | 22,501,707 |
| Real Estate, Rental & Leasing Services | | 215,219,634 | 270,038,435 |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | | 278,166,467 | 349,954,111 |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises Services | | 4,375,857 | 4,310,996 |
| Administration, Support, Waste Management, Remedial Services | | 522,880,801 | 517,250,273 |
| Educational Services | | 62,426,209 | 25,361,875 |
| Health Care & Social Assistance Services | | 35,405,971 | 40,580,975 |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation Services | | 277,203,748 | 370,918,922 |
| Accommodation & Food Services | | 2,326,051,680 | 3,483,277,520 |
| Other Services | | 730,540,516 | 953,267,622 |
| Public Administration | | 122,659,844 | 263,225,310 |
| Unclassified | | 39,390,058 | 1,693,689 |
| Nebraska Total | | 19,168,166,833 | 23,132,069,797 |
| Non-Nebraska (1) | _ | 3,149,224,588 | 5,318,127,040 |
| Nebraska - Total Sales | \$ | 22,317,391,421 | \$ 28,450,196,837 |
| Direct sales tax rate | | | |
| Direct sailes tax rate | | Jan. 1 - Dec. 31 | Jan. 1 - Dec. 31 |
| | | 5.5% | 5.5% |

SOURCE: Nebraska Department of Revenue - Annual Report Sales Tax Statistics by Nebraska Business Classification

NOTES: (1) Sales made by non-Nebraska vendors, goods delivered to Nebraska, sales tax remitted to Nebraska.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT

2007 - 2016

| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| | | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lease rental bonds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (blended component units) | \$ | 15,240 \$ | 10,835 \$ | 4,850 \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - |
| Capital leases under | | | | | | | | | | | |
| certificates of participation | | 22,072 | 19,509 | 22,182 | 23,181 | 27,308 | 25,358 | 22,716 | 18,175 | 15,475 | 34,780 |
| Obligations under other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| financing arrangements | _ | 13,805 | 14,785 | 15,660 | 14,405 | 16,220 | 14,860 | 6,315 | 5,565 | | _ |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 51,117 \$ | 45,129 \$ | 42,692 \$ | 37,586 \$ | 43,528 \$ | 40,218 \$ | 29,031 \$ | 23,740 \$ | 15,475 \$ | 34,780 |
| Debt as a Percentage of | = | | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal Income | | 0.08% | 0.07% | 0.06% | 0.05% | 0.06% | 0.05% | 0.03% | 0.03% | 0.02% | 0.04% |
| | | / - | /- | | / - | | / - | | | | ,- |
| Amount of Debt per Capita | \$ | 29 \$ | 25 \$ | 24 \$ | 21 \$ | 24 \$ | 22 \$ | 16 \$ | 13 \$ | 8\$ | 18 |

NOTE: Details regarding Lease Commitments, Obligations Under Other Financing Arrangements, and Bonds Payable can be found in CAFR Notes 8, 9 & 14 of the financial statements.

Population figures from the Population, Personal and Per Capita Income schedule.

COMPARATIVE UNEMPLOYMENT NEBRASKA AND UNITED STATES

2006 - 2015

| | | NEBRASKA | | NEBRASKA UNEMPLOYMENT | UNITED STATES UNEMPLOYMENT |
|------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | TOTAL | TOTAL | | AS PERCENT OF | AS PERCENT OF |
| YEAR | LABOR FORCE | EMPLOYMENT | UNEMPLOYMENT | LABOR FORCE | LABOR FORCE |
| 2006 | 974,476 | 945,270 | 29,206 | 3.0 % | 4.6 % |
| 2007 | 983,438 | 953,769 | 29,669 | 3.0 | 4.6 |
| 2008 | 995,635 | 962,418 | 33,217 | 3.3 | 5.8 |
| 2009 | 983,517 | 938,080 | 45,437 | 4.6 | 9.3 |
| 2010 | 976,859 | 931,414 | 45,445 | 4.7 | 9.6 |
| 2011 | 1,005,455 | 960,830 | 44,625 | 4.4 | 8.9 |
| 2012 | 1,020,913 | 980,668 | 40,245 | 3.9 | 8.1 |
| 2013 | 1,030,977 | 991,039 | 39,938 | 3.9 | 7.4 |
| 2014 | 1,022,152 | 988,249 | 33,903 | 3.3 | 6.2 |
| 2015 | 1,012,096 | 983,856 | 28,241 | 2.8 | 5.3 |

SOURCE: Nebraska Statistics - Nebraska Department of Labor, Labor Market Information United States Unemployment – U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

POPULATION, PERSONAL AND PER CAPITA INCOME NEBRASKA AND UNITED STATES

Calendar Years 2006 - 2015

| | | NEBRASKA | | | UNITED STATES | | | | | | |
|------|------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | POPULATION | PERSONAL INCOME | PER CAPITA | POPULATION | PERSONAL INCOME | PER CAPITA | | | | | |
| YEAR | | (IN MILLIONS) | INCOME | | (IN MILLIONS) | INCOME | | | | | |
| 2006 | 1,768,331 | 60,826 | 34,397 | 299,398,484 | 10,860,917 | 36,276 | | | | | |
| 2007 | 1,774,571 | 64,220 | 36,189 | 301,621,157 | 11,631,571 | 38,564 | | | | | |
| 2008 | 1,783,432 | 69,820 | 39,150 | 304,059,724 | 12,225,589 | 40,208 | | | | | |
| 2009 | 1,796,619 | 70,565 | 39,277 | 307,006,550 | 12,165,474 | 39,626 | | | | | |
| 2010 | 1,830,429 | 72,620 | 39,674 | 309,349,689 | 12,357,113 | 39,945 | | | | | |
| 2011 | 1,842,641 | 78,220 | 42,450 | 311,591,917 | 12,949,905 | 41,560 | | | | | |
| 2012 | 1,855,525 | 83,521 | 45,012 | 313,914,040 | 13,729,063 | 43,735 | | | | | |
| 2013 | 1,868,516 | 86,013 | 46,033 | 316,128,839 | 14,081,242 | 44,543 | | | | | |
| 2014 | 1,881,503 | 88,569 | 47,073 | 318,857,056 | 14,708,582 | 46,129 | | | | | |
| 2015 | 1,896,190 | 92,048 | 48,544 | 321,418,820 | 15,463,981 | 48,112 | | | | | |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

State of Nebraska

TEN LARGEST EMPLOYERS

2015 and 2006

| | | December 2 | 015 | · | December 2006 | | | | |
|--|------|------------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | Tot | al Employment | 983,856 | Tot | al Employment | 945,270 | | | |
| NAME OF COMPANY | RANK | NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES | % OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT | RANK | NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES | | | | |
| University of Nebraska * | 1 | 16,563 | 1.683 | 3 | 14,164 | 1.498 | | | |
| State of Nebraska (excluding University) | 2 | 16,445 | 1.671 | 1 | 16,721 | 1.769 | | | |
| Alegent Health | 3 | 11,512 | 1.170 | 6 | 6,000 | 0.635 | | | |
| Tyson Foods, Inc. | 4 | 10,760 | 1.094 | 4 | 11,000 | 1.164 | | | |
| Walmart | 5 | 9,605 | 0.976 | 5 | 9,755 | 1.032 | | | |
| Omaha Public Schools | 6 | 7,351 | 0.747 | 7 | 5,832 | 0.617 | | | |
| Hy-Vee Food Stores | 7 | 6,210 | 0.631 | 10 | 4,843 | 0.512 | | | |
| Crete Carrier | 8 | 6,000 | 0.610 | 16 | 3,040 | 0.322 | | | |
| Lincoln Public Schools | 9 | 5,839 | 0.593 | 8 | 5,501 | 0.582 | | | |
| First National Bank | 10 | 4,440 | 0.451 | 11 | 4,651 | 0.492 | | | |
| US Government (excluding Department of Defense) ** | | | | 2 | 15,403 | 1.629 | | | |
| First Data Corp. | | | | 9 | 5,470 | 0.579 | | | |

SOURCE: The Nebraska Department of Economic Development,

Hoovers, a Dun and Bradstreet data base, and Employers

NOTES:

^{*} University of Nebraska - Medical Center, University of Nebraska - Lincoln, University of Nebraska at Omaha, University of Nebraska at Kearney

^{**} Sources did not track US Government employment in Nebraska

PUBLIC AND STATE OPERATED SCHOOL ENROLLMENT PREKINDERGARTEN – GRADE 12

2006/07 - 2015/16

| ACADEMIC | PRE KDG. GRADES | | GRADES | GRADES | GRADES | TOTAL |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|------------|
| YEAR | AND KDG. | 1 – 3 | 4 – 6 | 7 – 9 | 10 – 12 | ALL GRADES |
| 2006 – 2007 | 29,013 | 62,781 | 61,358 | 67,008 | 66,975 | 287,135 |
| 2007 – 2008 | 32,666 | 63,964 | 61,471 | 65,729 | 67,281 | 291,111 |
| 2008 – 2009 | 33,835 | 65,227 | 62,079 | 64,839 | 66,517 | 292,497 |
| 2009 – 2010 | 35,525 | 66,401 | 63,340 | 64,349 | 65,737 | 295,352 |
| 2010 – 2011 | 36,171 | 67,702 | 64,688 | 64,429 | 65,560 | 298,550 |
| 2011 – 2012 | 36,682 | 68,470 | 65,974 | 64,341 | 65,850 | 301,317 |
| 2012 – 2013 | 35,926 | 69,224 | 66,951 | 65,127 | 66,277 | 303,505 |
| 2013 – 2014 | 38,482 | 68,140 | 68,182 | 66,369 | 66,504 | 307,677 |
| 2014 - 2015 | 39,204 | 69,398 | 68,988 | 67,843 | 67,202 | 312,635 |
| 2015 - 2016 | 39,039 | 69,979 | 69,688 | 68,560 | 68,749 | 316,015 |

SOURCE: Statistics and Facts About Nebraska Schools, Nebraska Department of Education.

State of Nebraska

PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS TOTAL FALL HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENT

2006 - 2015

| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chadron State College | 2,577 | 2,660 | 2,649 | 2,712 | 2,759 | 2,851 | 2,994 | 3,056 | 3,033 | 2,993 |
| Peru State College | 2,124 | 2,307 | 2,328 | 2,492 | 2,518 | 2,358 | 2,390 | 2,422 | 2,499 | 2,506 |
| Wayne State College | 3,407 | 3,527 | 3,566 | 3,631 | 3,569 | 3,517 | 3,555 | 3,506 | 3,470 | 3,431 |
| University of Nebraska | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lincoln (1) | 22,378 | 22,877 | 23,862 | 24,525 | 24,993 | 24,926 | 24,538 | 24,745 | 25,390 | 25,772 |
| Omaha | 13,906 | 14,156 | 14,213 | 14,620 | 14,665 | 14,712 | 14,786 | 15,227 | 15,227 | 15,526 |
| Kearney | 6,468 | 6,478 | 6,543 | 6,650 | 6,753 | 7,100 | 7,199 | 7,052 | 6,902 | 6,747 |
| Medical Center | 3,067 | 2,206 | 3,194 | 3,237 | 3,494 | 3,625 | 3,655 | 3,681 | 3,696 | 3,790 |
| TOTAL COLLEGES AND | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNIVERSITIES | 53,927 | 54,211 | 56,355 | 57,867 | 58,751 | 59,089 | 59,117 | 59,689 | 60,217 | 60,765 |
| COMMUNITY COLLEGES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Central CC | 6,543 | 6,531 | 6,885 | 7,320 | 7,527 | 7,521 | 7,283 | 6,906 | 6,377 | 6,227 |
| Metropolitan CC | 14,098 | 14,804 | 15,055 | 17,003 | 18,523 | 18,518 | 17,376 | 15,752 | 14,675 | 14,812 |
| Mid-Plains CC | 3,030 | 2,715 | 2,708 | 2,765 | 2,988 | 2,623 | 2,591 | 2,491 | 2,143 | 2,235 |
| Northeast CC | 5,261 | 5,149 | 5,140 | 5,205 | 5,377 | 5,161 | 5,251 | 5,145 | 5,061 | 5,051 |
| Southeast CC | 9,594 | 9,603 | 10,419 | 11,556 | 12,242 | 11,479 | 10,168 | 9,751 | 9,392 | 9,248 |
| Western CC | 1,918 | 2,233 | 2,939 | 2,304 | 2,395 | 2,240 | 2,230 | 1,960 | 1,836 | 1,534 |
| TOTAL COMMUNITY | | | | | | | | | | |
| COLLEGES | 40,444 | 41,035 | 43,146 | 46,153 | 49,052 | 47,542 | 44,899 | 42,005 | 39,484 | 39,107 |
| TOTAL ALL INSTITUTIONS | 94,371 | 95,246 | 99,501 | 104,020 | 107,803 | 106,631 | 104,016 | 101,694 | 99,701 | 99,872 |

NOTE: (1) University of Nebraska-Lincoln count includes Nebraska College of Technical Agriculture - Curtis for all years.

SOURCE: Nebraska Coordinating Commission for Postsecondary Education

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT PERMANENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

2006 - 2015

| FUNCTION | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Conservation | 313 | 318 | 309 | 318 | 329 | 323 | 328 | 321 | 316 | 313 |
| Regulation | 372 | 362 | 364 | 358 | 357 | 350 | 355 | 358 | 353 | 360 |
| Economic Development | 532 | 525 | 452 | 478 | 441 | 459 | 430 | 426 | 439 | 440 |
| Culture and Recreation | 579 | 564 | 556 | 542 | 519 | 495 | 503 | 512 | 510 | 504 |
| Education | 601 | 590 | 593 | 606 | 598 | 586 | 578 | 579 | 603 | 608 |
| Transportation | 2,163 | 2,137 | 2,153 | 2,175 | 2,147 | 2,118 | 2,102 | 2,118 | 2,103 | 2,113 |
| General Government | 2,769 | 2,765 | 2,723 | 2,777 | 2,692 | 2,706 | 2,687 | 2,840 | 2,919 | 2,975 |
| Public Safety | 3,349 | 3,380 | 3,414 | 3,457 | 3,409 | 3,369 | 3,333 | 3,381 | 3,436 | 3,406 |
| Health & Social Services | 6,044 | 5,802 | 5,665 | 5,738 | 5,524 | 5,433 | 5,586 | 5,748 | 5,700 | 5,726 |
| | 16,722 | 16,443 | 16,229 | 16,449 | 16,016 | 15,839 | 15,902 | 16,283 | 16,379 | 16,445 |

SOURCE: Nebraska State Government - State Personnel Division - 2016 Almanac

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

2007 - 2016

| 62.5% 54.5% 79% 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 75.0% 81% 129 1,158 137 | 70.0% 77.0% 79% 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 35.6 | 72.0% 75% 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 85.0% 71.0% 74% 148 1,502 146 | 88.0% 80.5% 74% 139 1,591 153 | 88.5% 77.3% 74% 90 1,801 172 | 78.9% | 90.8% 77.8% 82% 216 1,396 135 | 90.8% 78.2% 80% 184 1,552 130 |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| 54.5% 79% 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 75.0% 81% 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 77.0% 79% 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 72.0% 75% 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 71.0% 74% 148 1,502 146 | 80.5% 74% 139 1,591 153 | 77.3% 74% 90 1,801 | 78.9% 75% 82 1,113 | 77.8% 82% 216 1,396 | 78.2% 80% 184 1,552 |
| 54.5% 79% 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 75.0% 81% 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 77.0% 79% 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 72.0% 75% 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 71.0% 74% 148 1,502 146 | 80.5% 74% 139 1,591 153 | 77.3% 74% 90 1,801 | 78.9% 75% 82 1,113 | 77.8% 82% 216 1,396 | 78.2% 80% 184 1,552 |
| 79% 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 79% 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 75% 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 74% 148 1,502 146 | 74% 139 1,591 153 | 74% 90 1,801 | 75% 82 1,113 | 82% 216 1,396 | 80% 184 1,552 |
| 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 148 1,502 146 | 139 1,591 153 | 90 1,801 | 82 1,113 | 216 1,396 | 184 1,552 |
| 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 148 1,502 146 | 139 1,591 153 | 90 1,801 | 82 1,113 | 216 1,396 | 184 1,552 |
| 186 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 129 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 129 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 133 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 148 1,502 146 | 139 1,591 153 | 90 1,801 | 82 1,113 | 216 1,396 | 184 1,552 |
| 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 1,502 146 | 1,591 153 | 1,801 | 1,113 | 1,396 | 1,552 |
| 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 1,502 146 | 1,591 153 | 1,801 | 1,113 | 1,396 | 1,552 |
| 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 1,502 146 | 1,591 153 | 1,801 | 1,113 | 1,396 | 1,552 |
| 999 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 1,158 137 9,910,097 | 1,147 140 8,780,619 | 1,384 141 10,441,504 | 1,502 146 | 1,591 153 | 1,801 | 1,113 | 1,396 | 1,552 |
| 179 ,193,030 25.6 | 9,910,097 | 140 8,780,619 | 141 | 146 | 153 | | , - | | |
| ,193,030 25.6 | 9,910,097 | 8,780,619 | 10,441,504 | | | 172 | 145 | 135 | 120 |
| 25.6 | | | | 0 703 332 | | | | | 130 |
| 25.6 | | | | 0 703 332 | | | | | |
| 25.6 | | | | 0 703 332 | | | | | |
| | 22.8 | 35.6 | | 3,703,332 | 10,597,549 | 11,684,965 | 12,426,891 | 11,654,110 | N/A |
| 291,111 | | | 46.4 | 35.5 | 40.4 | 39.4 | 48.6 | 49.7 | N/A |
| 291,111 | | | | | | | | | |
| 291,111 | | | | | | | | | |
| 291,111 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 292,497 | 295,352 | 298,550 | 301,317 | 303,505 | 307,677 | 312,635 | 316,015 | N/A |
| 54,211 | 56,355 | 57,867 | 58,751 | 59,089 | 59,117 | 59,689 | 60,217 | 60,765 | N/A |
| 41,035 | 43,146 | 46,153 | 49,052 | 47,542 | 44,899 | 42,005 | 39,484 | 39,107 | N/A |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| ,383,619 | 1,444,202 | 1,471,974 | 1,483,868 | 1,486,397 | 1,517,767 | 1,505,288 | 1,381,831 | 1,513,974 | 1,537,522 |
| ,202,635 | 1,156,102 | 1,312,748 | 1,332,638 | 1,362,598 | 1,387,684 | 1,379,810 | 1,400,860 | 1,414,213 | 1,415,392 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 201,009 | 203,513 | 208,696 | 224,459 | 235,353 | 237,543 | 240,639 | 235,496 | 235,355 | 232,795 |
| 11.3% | 11.4% | 11.6% | 12.3% | 12.8% | 12.8% | 12.9% | 12.5% | 12.4% | N/A |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 51,915 | 52,162 | 55,178 | 68,098 | 75,460 | 76,776 | 78,743 | 78,051 | 76,989 | 78,370 |
| 7.3% | 7.3% | 7.7% | 9.3% | 10.2% | 9.6% | 9.8% | 9.6% | 9.4% | N/A |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 5,222 | 5,289 | 5,395 | 5,469 | 5,602 | 5,975 | 6,224 | 6,544 | 6,659 | N/A |
| 0.29% | 0.30% | 0.30% | 0.30% | 0.30% | 0.32% | 0.33% | 0.35% | 0.35% | N/A |
| 2,902 | | 2,709 | 2,648 | 2,956 | | 3,351 | 3,242 | 2,608 | N/A |
| 3,092 | 2,789 | 2,598 | 2,544 | 2,861 | | 3,113 | 2,985 | 2,555 | N/A |
| , | ŕ | | , | , | , | , | , | , | |
| ,348,580 | 10,489,515 | 10,161,183 | 10,119,800 | 9,360,000 | 10,116,896 | 10,166,005 | 9,862,217 | 9,858,966 | N/A |
| | | | | | | | | | N/A |
| , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| .122.877 | 1.140.386 | 1.147.354 | 1.148.305 | 1.158.374 | 1.161.629 | 1.174.669 | 1.188.368 | 1.205.595 | N/A |
| , | .,, | .,,501 | .,, | .,, | .,, | .,, | .,, | .,_00,000 | |
| 157.282 | 160 264 | 162 778 | 165 760 | 171 458 | 173 649 | 176 910 | 177 796 | 180 150 | N/A |
| , | | , | , | , | -, | , | , | | N/A |
| | | 50,322 | , | 53,773 | 55,461 | 55,833 | 55,475 | 5,0 : / | N/A |
| ,, | ,202,635 201,009 11.3% 51,915 7.3% 5,222 0.29% 2,902 3,092 0,348,580 2,392 ,122,877 157,282 388,098 | 201,009 203,513 11.3% 11.4% 51,915 52,162 7.3% 7.3% 5,222 5,289 0.29% 0.30% 2,902 2,801 3,092 2,789 0,348,580 10,489,515 2,392 1,963 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 201,009 203,513 208,696 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 3,092 2,789 2,598 2,544 2,348,580 10,489,515 10,161,183 10,119,800 2,392 1,963 2,331 2,430 ,122,877 1,140,386 1,147,354 1,148,305 157,282 160,264 162,778 165,760 388,098 389,686 392,120 396,004 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 1,362,598 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 235,353 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 12.8% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 75,460 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 10.2% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 5,602 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 2,956 3,092 2,789 2,598 2,544 2,861 0,348,580 10,489,515 10,161,183 10,119,800 9,360,000 2,392 1,963 2,331 2,430 2,293 ,122,877 1,140,386 1,147,354 1,148,305 1,158,374 157,282 160,264 162,778 165,760 171,458 388,098 389,686 392,120 396,004 400,746 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 1,362,598 1,387,684 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 235,353 237,543 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 12.8% 12.8% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 75,460 76,776 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 10.2% 9.6% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 5,602 5,975 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.32% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 2,956 3,258 3,348,580 10,489,515 10,161,183 10,119,800 9,360,000 10,116,896 2,392 1,963 2,331 2,430 2,293 1,978 ,122,877 1,140,386 1,147,354 1,148,305 1,158,374 1,161,629 157,282 160,264 162,778 165,760 171,458 173,649 38,098 389,686 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 1,362,598 1,387,684 1,379,810 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 235,353 237,543 240,639 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 12.8% 12.8% 12.9% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 75,460 76,776 78,743 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 10.2% 9.6% 9.8% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 5,602 5,975 6,224 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.32% 0.33% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 2,956 3,258 3,351 3,348,580 10,489,515 10,161,183 10,119,800 9,360,000 10,116,896 10,166,005 2,392 1,963 2,331 2,430 2,293 1,978 2,117 ,122,877 1,140,386 1,147,354 1,148,305 1,158,374 1,161,629 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 1,362,598 1,387,684 1,379,810 1,400,860 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 235,353 237,543 240,639 235,496 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 12.8% 12.8% 12.9% 12.5% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 75,460 76,776 78,743 78,051 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 10.2% 9.6% 9.8% 9.6% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 5,602 5,975 6,224 6,544 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.32% 0.33% 0.35% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 2,956 3,258 3,351 3,242 3,348,580 10,489,515 10,161,183 10,119,800 9,360,000 10,116,896 10,166,005 9,862,217 2,392 1,963 2,331 2,430 2,293 1,978 | ,202,635 1,156,102 1,312,748 1,332,638 1,362,598 1,387,684 1,379,810 1,400,860 1,414,213 201,009 203,513 208,696 224,459 235,353 237,543 240,639 235,496 235,355 11.3% 11.4% 11.6% 12.3% 12.8% 12.8% 12.9% 12.5% 12.4% 51,915 52,162 55,178 68,098 75,460 76,776 78,743 78,051 76,989 7.3% 7.3% 7.7% 9.3% 10.2% 9.6% 9.8% 9.6% 9.4% 5,222 5,289 5,395 5,469 5,602 5,975 6,224 6,544 6,659 0.29% 0.30% 0.30% 0.30% 0.32% 0.33% 0.35% 2,902 2,801 2,709 2,648 2,956 3,258 3,351 3,242 2,608 3,092 2,789 2,598 2,544 2,861 3,251 3,113 2,985 2,555 |

NOTES: (1) Data is provided on a calendar basis.

(2) Park visitation is counted in daily visits.

N/A - Not Available

SOURCE: State Agencies: Department of Revenue, Department of Roads, Department of Environmental Quality, Game and Parks

Commission, Department of Education, Health and Human Services, Department of Correctional Services, Nebraska

State Patrol, Department of Motor Vehicles

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

2007 - 2016

| • | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| General Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Administrative Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 283 | 291 | 288 | 283 | 278 | 277 | 271 | 266 | 267 | 263 |
| Vehicles | 1,371 | 1,093 | 1,134 | 1,075 | 1,077 | 1,083 | 1,007 | 1,050 | 1,058 | 1,046 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Game and Parks Commission | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acres of state park and wildlife | | | | | | | | | | |
| land (in thousands) | 149 | 149 | 149 | 150 | 150 | 151 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 154 |
| Culture - Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Game and Parks Commission | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Parks | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Historical Parks | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Recreation and wildlife areas | 322 | 325 | 327 | 328 | 323 | 321 | 322 | 322 | 347 | 350 |
| Fish hatcheries | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Education | | | | | | | | | | |
| NETV Commission | | | | | | | | | | |
| Towers, antennas and transmitters | 60 | 60 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 45 |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| State Patrol | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pursuit Vehicles | 351 | 474 | 474 | 432 | 384 | 436 | 486 | 486 | 526 | 339 |
| Department of Corrections | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 126 | 143 | 135 | 131 | 134 | 135 | 134 | 130 | 150 | 149 |
| <u>Transportation</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Roads | | | | | | | | | | |
| Highway miles (calendar year) | 9,949 | 9,949 | 9,949 | 9,950 | 9,945 | 9,946 | 9,946 | 9,945 | 9,942 | N/A |
| Heavy trucks, plows and graders | 1,072 | 1,053 | 1,120 | 1,095 | 1,109 | 1,063 | 1,054 | 1,052 | 1,022 | 1,025 |

NOTE: Other agencies, including those in the Economic Development, Health and Social Services and Regulation functional areas are not capital asset intensive.

SOURCE: State Agencies: Department of Administrative Services, Game and Parks Commission, NETV Commission, Nebraska State Patrol, Department of Correctional Services, and Department of Roads

MISCELLANEOUS DATA

June 30, 2016

Date Entered Union Form of Government

Land Area
Elevation
Capital
Largest City
Origin of Name
Nickname

SOURCE: Nebraska Blue Book, 2014-2015.

March 1, 1867 (37th State) Legislative – Executive – Judicial 77,358 square miles (16th largest in U.S.) 840 to 5,424 feet above sea level

Lincoln Omaha

From Oto Indian word "Nebrathka" meaning "flat water"

Cornhusker State (from method of harvesting or "husking" corn by hand)

Acknowledgments

The State Accounting Division of Administrative Services prepared the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The following State Accounting Division staff were key members in the preparation of the report:

Sheryl Hesseltine Jennifer Mai Shannon Muffly Kevin Le

Special acknowledgment goes to:

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Report produced by:

State Accounting Division 1526 K Street, Suite 240 Lincoln, NE 68508

Report located on our website: www.das.nebraska.gov/accounting/